The New-York Times.

VOL. XVI....NO. 4847. NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1867. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Advices by Ocean Telegraph and by Steamship.

Serious War Panic Prevailing in Europe.

Fears that Napoleon May Adopt a Warlike Policy.

The King of Prussia in Consultation with Bismarck.

A British Fleet Sent to Cadiz to Frighten Spain.

Organization of the New Italian Ministry.

Sailing of the Great Eastern from Liverpool.

THE WAR PANIC.

General Distrust and Alarm Throughout Europe.

LONDON, Monday, April 8—2 P. M.

The feeling of distrust in financial and political circles has increased to a war panic.

LONDON, Monday, April 8—Evening.

The uncertainty in regard to the future action of the Emperor NAPOLEON, and the fears that he will adopt a warlike policy, creates widespread distrust among business men, and great depression in consequence exists in commercial and financial circles, both in this city and in Paris.

Alarming News Received in Berlin from Paris.

LONDON, Monday, April 8.

In the House of Commons this evening Mr. LOWE stated that alarming news had been received in Berlin from Paris; and that the King of Prussia sent for Count BISMARCK at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Enforcement of the Tornado Claims Against Spain.

LONDON, Monday, April 8—2 P. M.

The Government has sent several ships-of-war to Cadiz, Spain, to enforce the British claims arising out of the question of the seizure of the *Tornado*.

ITALY.

Organization of the New Ministry.

FLORENCE, Monday, April 8.

The organization of the new Italian Ministry has been completed by Baron RATAZZI. The Cabinet has been composed in a spirit of compromise of prominent members of both the political parties of the country.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

LONDON, Monday, April 8—Noon.

Consols for money, 90¼.

Erie Railway shares	37
Illinois Central Railway shares	77¼
United States Five-twenty Bonds	74¼

LONDON, Monday, April 8—2 P. M.

Since the noon report United States Five-Twenty Bonds have advanced ¼, and are now quoted at 74½.

Consols have declined ⅛, and are now quoted at 90⅛ for money.

Illinois Central Shares have declined ¼, and are now quoted at 77.

LONDON, Monday, April 8—Evening.

Consols have declined ⅛ ⅌ cent. since 2 P. M., and closed at 90 for money.

There has been a general decline in American Securities. The following are the closing quotations:

United States Five-twenties	73¾
Illinois Central Shares	76¾
Erie Shares	36½

FRANKFORT, Monday, April 8—Evening.

United States Bonds closed this evening at 76⅞.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Noon.

The Cotton market is easier, and prices have still further declined. The sales to-day will foot up 7,000 bales. Middling Uplands 12⅜d.; Middling Orleans 13d.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—2 P. M.

Since the noon report the Cotton market has been extremely heavy, and prices have fallen ⅛d.@¼d. Middling Uplands are now quoted at 12¼d.@12⅛d.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Evening.

COTTON—The Cotton market continued heavy throughout the day, and closed with a declining tendency. The following are the authorized quotations:

Middling Uplands, 12¼d.

Middling Orleans, 12¾d.

The sales of the day amounted to 8,000 bales.

Breadstuffs.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Noon.

The Breadstuffs market is quiet. Wheat 13s. 6d. for No. 1 Red and California White. Flour, 28s. 9d. Corn, 41s. 3d. Barley, 4s. 6d. Oats, 3s. 4d. Peas, 43s.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Evening.

WHEAT—No. 1 Red, 13s. 6d.; California White, 13s. 6d. ⅌ cental. Flour, 28s. 9d., for Western Canal ⅌ bbl. Corn is 3d. higher; Mixed Western, 41s. 6d. ⅌ quarter. Barley, 4s. 6d. ⅌ 60 lbs. Oats, 3s. 4d. ⅌ 45 lbs.

BREADSTUFFS—LATER—The closing quotations of Wheat show an advance of 2d. ⅌ cental; No. 1 Milwaukee Red was last quoted at 13s. 8d. The market for Corn was very active at the close of the day.

Provisions.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Noon.

The Provision market is generally unchanged. Pork, 77s. 6d. Beef, 127s. 6d. Bacon, 42s. Cheese, 60s. Lard, 49s.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Evening.

Pork, 77s. 6d. ⅌ 200 lbs. for Prime Eastern Mess. Beef—Extra Prime Mess, 125s. ⅌ 304 lbs. Lard, 49s. ⅌ cwt. for American. Bacon, 42s. ⅌ cwt.

Produce.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8.

The market is without quotable change. Petroleum, 11d. for Spirits and 1s. 5d. for refined. Rosin, 8s. 6d. for Common Wilmington, and 16s. 6d. for fine. Turpentine, 37s. for Spirits. Clover Seed, 54s. Linseed, 65s. for Calcutta. Ashes, 33s. for Pots. Iron, 51s. 6d. for Scotch Pig. Tallow, 55s. 6d. Oils—Sperm, £131; Whale, £44; Linseed, £39; Linseed Cakes, £10.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—Evening.

Ashes—Pots, 33s. ⅌ cwt. Spirits Turpentine, 37s. ⅌ cwt. Tallow, 44s. 6d. for American. Rosin—Common, 8s. 6d.; fine, 16s. ⅌ cwt. Petroleum—Spirits, 12d., and refined, 1s. 3d. ⅌ gallon. Oils—Sperm, £131; Whale, £41; Linseed, £39.

Iron.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8.

Scotch Pigs, 51s. 6d. ⅌ ton, mixed numbers.

MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, Monday, April 8—2 P. M.

The steamship *Africa*, Capt. ANDERSON, which left Boston on the 27th of March, arrived here to-day on the way to Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Monday, April 8—3 P. M.

The steamship *Malta*, Capt. MCMICKAN, which left New-York on the 27th of March, arrived here yesterday.

SOUTHAMPTON, Monday, April 8—2 P. M.

The steamship *Union*, Capt. VON SAUTEN, which left New-York on the 29th of March, arrived here to-day, on the way to Bremen.

BY STEAMSHIP.

The steamship *Hansa*, which sailed from Southampton on Wednesday, March 27, arrived at this port at a late hour last night.

The London *Standard* says: "It is currently reported in St. Petersburgh that an offensive and defensive alliance has been concluded between Prussia and Russia, and that Roumania is a party to the arrangement."

The Prince Imperial of France has quite recovered.

The *France* declares that no negotiations are pending relative to Luxemburg. The rumors, it adds, which have recently been current on this subject in the correspondence of certain journals are due to the imagination of newsmongers.

The *Times* Paris correspondent says:

"The Legislative Assembly has examined the bill for the organization of the army, and named the members of the Committee charged with reporting upon it. Six out of the eighteen members are supposed to be hostile.

It is remarked as singular that in the Committee which has to report upon a project of law on the organization of the army there is not a single military man. This exclusion, which can hardly be accidental, does not arise from any feeling of hostility of those who represent the army or to the army itself."

A telegram from Paris says:

"The Emperor has commissioned Lieut. VARAIMES, one of his Majesty's naval staff officers to proceed to Saigon, in order to examine the condition of the colony, and report upon the progress made, and the means of extending the trade of Cochin-China, with the neighboring countries."

A telegram from Berlin says:

"It is announced that the illumination over the Austrian Embassy on the King of Prussia's birthday, consisting of the words 'Heil dir im Siegeskranz,' was displayed by the proprietor of the house, Baron ROMBERG, and not by the Austrian Ambassador, who was not even aware of the intended illumination."

The new Prussian (Cross) *Gazette* publishes intelligence from Paris which states that Gen. FROSSARD, one of the Emperor's Aides-de-Camp, is about to proceed on a secret mission to Luxemburg, and adds: "The rumors current in Paris of the intended purchase of Luxemburg by France continue to gain credence."

It is stated that the resolution of France, Austria and Russia to recommend collectively to the Porte the cession of Candia to Greece, has not been carried out, on account of the refusal of England to join in the representation of those Powers.

The Ambassadors of the above Powers have only been instructed to recommend separately to the Porte the cession of Crete, without exercising any pressure upon Turkey.

A rumor that France had made overtures to Austria to protest collectively against the treaties of Prussia with Baden, Wurtemberg and Bavaria, and that Austria had refused, is without any foundation.

A dispatch from Constantinople says:

"The semi-official journal, *La Turquie*, announces that it is authorized to declare that neither the French nor any other Government have ever proposed to the Porte the cession of Candia to Greece. Turkey, adds the paper, will never cede an inch of her territory which has been formally guaranteed by the Paris treaty of 1856."

GREAT BRITAIN.

Debate on the Second Reading of the Reform Bill.

On Monday, March 25, in the House of Commons, various questions were asked and notices given relative to the Reform Bill. The most important of these was a notice given by Lord ELCHO, on behalf of Lord GROSVENOR, of an amendment in committee fixing the borough suffrage at £5 rating.

Sir E. [illegible] gave notice of his intention to move the reduction of the county franchise to twelve pounds rating; and Mr. ROEBUCK promised to move to reduce the term of rating to six months, and to introduce a lodger franchise. On the second reading, the bill being moved, Mr. GLADSTONE rose and commenced by assuming that if this were the third reading it would probably be rejected by a large majority, and were it a motion for going into committee, if the House had no greater insight into the views of the Government than it at present possessed, probably a majority would be of opinion that it were waste of time to proceed further with the bill; and the proper use, therefore, to be made of this occasion was to ascertain with greater precision what the Government intended to do with the bill. There was a general agreement, Mr. GLADSTONE said, that a measure should be passed this year, that it should embrace a liberal enfranchisement of the laboring classes, and that it should carry with it some promise of fixedness; and this last, he added, must be attended by two conditions—that there should be no arbitrary or unintelligible exclusions, and that within the pale of the franchise there should be no needless or vexatious distinctions between individuals. But while the £6 rating scheme—the untimely disappearance of which he regretted—did seem to afford a basis for a settlement, the prospect offered by this was very discouraging, and he summed up thus the alterations it would require: A Lodger franchise must be inserted; means must be provided to prevent traffic in the votes of the lowest classes of householders; the distinction between the different classes of ratepaying householders must be abolished; the taxing franchise and the Dual Vote must be abandoned; the redistribution part of the scheme must be enlarged, the county franchise reduced, and voting papers must be dropped. Having intimated that he should confine his remarks to the borough franchise, as that must be the touchstone of all bills, Mr. GLADSTONE commented on the enfranchising clauses, which he said were devised to bear the appearance of giving household suffrage, while by subsequent restrictions this apparent concession would be entirely nullified; and he showed that, by the operations of the Small Tenements Act and local acts, it would be left to the local authorities and registration agents to decide how far these restrictions should operate. He examined next at length the facilities to be given by clause 34 to compound householders, arguing that by requiring the personal action of the householder and the personal payment of rates, calculated on the full ratable value, the would-be voter would be fined from 25 to 50 per cent., and in some cases would have to pay his rates twice over. It was not payment of rates, he insisted, but a man's condition in life, his presumable character and independence, which ought to be the *criteria* of his fitness for the franchise; but even assuming personal payment to be a good basis, the Government had committed an error in applying it to our actual system of law. Mr. GLADSTONE next shadowed out a plan on which a certain figure of rateable value should be fixed for all the country, below which no man should be liable to pay rates or should have a vote, while all over the line should be rated and enjoy the franchise; and on Mr. HENLEY asking whether payment of rates was to be essential, Mr. GLADSTONE replied that he did not look upon this as a matter of much consequence. This would be erecting personal rating into something like a principle, and would be giving the franchise to those judged fit for it in the simplest manner. To define those who were fit for the franchise it was necessary to draw a line between two classes, whereas the bill endeavored to set up a Darwinian process of "natural selection" through the operation of legislative difficulties which would be under the direction of local authorities or registration agents; and while it would be possible to retain fixedness of settlement by drawing a line between classes—if it were a reasonable line—he asserted that it never could be attained by an arbitrary selection of individuals of the same class. Mr. GLADSTONE next discussed in great detail the last published returns as illustrating the effect of the bill in open towns and in towns under the operation, and the partial operation, of the Small Tenements Act, and showed by numerous quotations from them that it would work very diversely, not only in different towns, but in different parishes of the same town—on one side of a street setting up manhood suffrage, and on the other a mere £8 rental; in one town flooding a constituency with thousands, while in another it admitted new voters by tens only. He condemned the bill unreservedly as admitting a principle with needless breadth, but limiting its application by restrictions which would exclude at least two-thirds of those who appeared to be admitted. (At the most, he asserted, not more than 120,000 would be admitted to the borough franchise.) The quality of its additions was as unsatisfactory as the quantity was insufficient. It created artificial and needless inequalities, and, containing the certain elements of a new agitation, it could not be called a settlement; and he concluded by pressing the Government to give an explicit answer to these questions: Would they consent to introduce a lodger suffrage? Would they shape the bill in such a form that Parliament, and not the vestries, should decide what class of voters and how many should be admitted? And would they consent to remove from the bill all the artificial inequalities it established between different classes of voters?

Mr. HARDY reminded Mr. GLADSTONE that he occupied a very different position now from the one he filled when last year he introduced a Reform Bill as the organ of a Government and the leader of the Liberal Party. At this moment he did not understand that the right honorable gentleman was entitled to speak in the name of the whole Opposition; and he declined to give him, on the second reading of the bill, any answer with regard to the course Ministers might think it their duty to pursue in committee. In fact, he did not see any pleasure in being dictated to by an Opposition, however strong it might be, or receiving a lecture from the other side as to the principles on which the Government were bound to act. If it were true, as the right honorable gentleman had observed, that every leading provision of the bill must undergo alteration, he would distinctly say that the division ought to be taken on the present stage. The right honorable gentleman then replied to the various objections by Mr. GLADSTONE, and said, before the Government consented to abandon any portion of the bill let them hear what were the objections entertained to it by the house. As reasonable men they would then be prepared to consider the objections.

A long discussion followed and ultimately the debate was adjourned till the following day, when Mr. BRIGHT contrasted the varying descriptions given of the bill by Mr. DISRAELI and Mr. HARDY, which made a complete puzzle of it, and lamented the misfortune and the extreme difficulty of having this question in the hands of a Government which, pledged against reform, could not deal with it in a straightforward manner. The question of the franchise was that which most immediately demanded settlement; but this bill, full of tests and restrictions, using the machinery of the Compound Householders' Act for the purposes of disfranchisement, and which would only admit 118,000 men, would never settle the question. The real object of the scheme, he insisted, was to admit about as many as would be admitted by an £8 rental, and he compared the conduct of the Government to that of a tribe described by Dr. LIVINGSTONE, who were stingy to the last degree, but exceedingly ostentatious, declaring with strong emphasis (provoking loud denials and counter cheers) that the bill would reënact the virtual exclusion of the working classes. Referring to Sir WILLIAM CLAY's act, he repeated Sir R. PALMER's argument that the £10 compounder had only to pay the composition rate when they went on the register, and he pressed Mr. DISRAELI to declare explicitly whether this advantage would be denied to the new classes of voters. Admitting that the majority of the House was not prepared for household suffrage pure and simple, and that in all constituencies there was a residuum of hopeless poverty, which ought not to be trusted with the franchise, Mr. BRIGHT intimated his willingness to accept a franchise on a household basis, with a limitation corresponding as nearly as possible with the ancient limitation of non-payment of rates. That he would hold to be a real and generous extension of the franchise, and, coupled with a lodger franchise for London, it would be accepted by the working classes, and would shut up the offices of the Reform League. On the county franchise Mr. BRIGHT insisted that it must be brought down at least to the point fixed by the bill of last year. On the redistribution scheme he pointed out that after the great increase of the large borough constituencies like Manchester, the retention of small boroughs would be viewed with more impatience. To the disfranchisement of the convicted boroughs he strongly objected, and he concluded in a glowing peroration by assuring the House that, hating the ways and scorning the objects of faction, if he gave a vote against this bill it would be because he would be no party to a measure which cheated the workingman of his fair share in the representation, and bore the marks of the enemies of Reform.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer vindicated the bill as based on a rational principle, which would apply without restriction to all men who chose to fulfill the conditions, and complained of the tone and manner of Mr. GLADSTONE's speeches both on the first and second reading. Of course, he said, the Government never deemed that they could produce a bill which would not require candid consideration in committee, and he proceeded to indicate the various points which might be discussed, adopting Mr. GLADSTONE's enumeration of them in his speech on Monday night. To the lodger franchise he intimated himself personally favorable, and he had submitted it to his colleagues—in fact, he declared himself to be the father of this suffrage, and if satisfactory arguments were urged in its favor in Committee, no doubt the House would adopt it, though he reminded them that last year Mr. GLADSTONE, who now magnified its importance, had predicted that its effect would be trifling. In the same tone he discussed Mr. GLADSTONE's other requirements—the abolition of the distinctions between the different classes of ratepayers—the taxing franchises and the voting papers—pointing out that the two first had been essential incidents of schemes to which Lord RUSSELL and Mr. GLADSTONE had been parties, that variety of franchises had always been considered desirable, deriding the idea that either of them would give facilities for the manufacture of faggot votes, and on each intimating that they were open to consideration in Committee. Touching on the residential qualification, he assured the House that in all the communications the Government had received from the working classes, the municipal term of residence was considered by them as an important condition, and that the Government would willingly consider any proposal for remedying the discrepancy in this respect between the ten-pounders and the new voters. The county franchise was likewise a matter for Committee; and, replying to Mr. GLADSTONE's objections to the redistribution scheme, he insisted that he ought to produce his own plan, so that everyone who was menaced by it might have full knowledge of his impending danger. Reviewing, next, the general effects of the borough franchise proposed by the bill, he defended with great force the principle on which it was based, contrasting its elastic and varied operation with the rigid line Mr. GLADSTONE proposed to draw at £5 rating. The Government, he asserted, had never considered the numbers to be admitted; they had merely endeavored to lay down a principle, believing that fitness and variety would always be a security against democracy, whatever might be the numbers admitted. The immediate effect might only be to introduce 120,000, but the extreme application could only admit 250,000 compound householders, and he was, therefore, not prepared to insist on the dual vote, which was originally intended to provide against the swamping of the middle-class voters. He defended the original proposal by reminding the House of the many schemes which had been devised of late years by philosophical politicians to preserve the rights of the minority, some of whom, it was understood, had their clauses ready drawn, but, though not at all clear as to what might be the ultimate decision of nations on the point, the Government, as practical men, looking to what would pass, and not having received any support or encouragement from their own side, were not prepared to insist upon it. In a loudly-cheered peroration Mr. DISRAELI impressed on the House that the Government had no desire but to coöperate with it in bringing this affair to a settlement. They were convinced that their duty was not to desert their posts until that settlement was attained, and he entreated the House cordially to coöperate with them—to pass the bill first, and to change the Ministry then if it pleased.

The bill was then read a second time, and after some remonstrances from Mr. GLADSTONE on the lateness of the date, the Committee was fixed for the 8th of April.

The Probable fate of Dr. Livingstone.

At a meeting of the British Royal Geographical Society, held on the 25th ult., dispatches from Dr. G. E. SEWARD and Dr. J. KIRK, concerning the reported death of Dr. LIVINGSTONE, were read. The fullest and most important of these was Dr. SEWARD's dispatch to the Foreign Office. It was dated Dec. 10, 1866, and the following are extracts: "If the story of some fugitives from Dr. LIVINGSTONE's party be true, he was slain during a sudden and unprovoked encounter with the very ZULUS of whom, in the last dispatch received from him (dated Ngomano, May 18,) he said that they had laid waste the country round about him. With an escort reduced to 20 by desertions, deaths and dismissals, he had traversed, as I believe, *terra incognita* between the confluence of the Loende and Rovuma Rivers at Ngomano and the eastern or northeastern shore of Lake Nyassa, had crossed the lake at some point not yet ascertained, had reached a station named Kampunda, on its western or northwestern shore, and was pushing westward or northwestward into dangerous ground, when between Marenga and Maklisoora a band of implacable savages stopped the way, a mixed herd of Zulus or Mafite and Nyassa folk. The Nyassa folk were armed with bow and arrow, the Zulus with the traditional shield, broad-bladed spears and axes. With LIVINGSTONE there were nine or ten musketeers; his Johanna men were resting with their loads far in the rear. The Mafite instantly came on to fight. There was no parley, no avoidance of the combat. They came on with a rush, with war cries, rattling their shields with their spears. As LIVINGSTONE and his party raised their pieces the onset was for a moment checked. LIVINGSTONE fired, and two Zulus were shot dead. His boys fired, but their fire was harmless. He was in the act of reloading, when three Mafites leapt upon him through the smoke. There was no resistance, there could be none; one cruel ax-cut from behind put him out of fight. He fell, and his terror-stricken escort fled. One of the fugitives escaped, and he it is who tells the tale—ALI MOOSA, chief of his escort of porters. The party had left the western shore of Nyassa about five days. They had started from Kampunda, on the lake's borders, and left there the havildar of Sepoys dying of dysentery. LIVINGSTONE had dismissed the other Sepoys at Mataka, and had rested at Marenga, where he was cautioned not to advance. The next station was Maklisoora. They were traversing a flat country, broken by small hills, and abundantly wooded. Indeed the scene of the tragedy would appear to have been an open forest glade. LIVINGSTONE, as usual, led the way, his nine or ten unpracticed musketeers at his heels. ALI MOOSA had nearly come up with them, having left his own Johanna men resting with their loads far in the rear. Suddenly he heard LIVINGSTONE warn the boys that Mafite were coming. The boys, in turn, beckoned MOOSA to press forward. MOOSA had just gained the party and sank down behind a tree to deliver his own fire when his leader fell. MOOSA fled for his life along the path he had come. His Johanna men threw down their loads and with him fled into the denser forest. If the Mafite really pursued MOOSA his escape and that of his people really verges on the marvelous. However, at sunset they in great fear left their forest refuge and got back to the place where they hoped to find their baggage. It was gone, and then, with increasing dread they crept to where their dead leader lay. Near him, in front, lay the grim Zulus who were killed under his sure aim. Here and there lay scattered some four dead members of the expedition. One blow had killed Dr. LIVINGSTONE outright. He had no other wound but this terrible gash. From their description it must have gone through the neck and spine up to the throat in front. It had nearly decapitated him. Death came mercifully in its suddenness, for DAVID LIVINGSTONE was 'ever ready.' The Mafite had respected him when dead, for he was stripped only of his outer clothing. A grave was dug with sticks and the body buried." Ten, whose names are given, stood before the Mafite with LIVINGSTONE; of these four were seen dead, and the rest, save ALI MOOSA, are missing. The Johanna men made their way back to Kampunda. The journey occupied fourteen days, for, not venturing near a village or station, they lost their way in a jungle. At Kampunda they were deprived of their weapons by the chief, who also kept those of the deceased havildar of Sepoys. The Johanna men found an Arab slave caravan, recrossed Nyassa, and, making for Keetwa, a great slave outlet on the coast, they again encountered Zulus, who scattered the caravan. The Arabs abandoned the ivory and slaves, which constituted their all, and thought only of saving their lives. The Johanna men escaped, reached Keetwa, and were sent on to Zanzibar, which they reached on the 6th of December. When their story was known the flags were lowered by the foreign vessels in the harbor, and at the English, French, American, Hanseatic, and the Sultan's Consulates. "The date of LIVINGSTONE's death," observes Mr. SEWARD, "is left to conjecture." He infers that LIVINGSTONE left Makata about the middle of July last, and that the fatal encounter took place during September. The Johanna men name six weeks as about the probable time of their journey, but their statements are vague and untrustworthy.

The President, in moving a vote of thanks to Lord STANLEY for having communicated the dispatches to the Society, said that he clung to the hope that Dr. LIVINGSTONE was still alive, and considered they were not justified in believing him to be dead until they had better evidence than that which was at present in their possession.

Sir SAMUEL BAKER said that it was with great pain that he entertained a different opinion from that which had been expressed by their distinguished President, but from the experience he had had in Africa for some five years, he felt perfectly certain of what had been Dr. LIVINGSTONE's fate. The natives were exceedingly brutal and savage, and instead of its being a matter of wonder that Dr. LIVINGSTONE should have been killed, it was only a wonder that one out of a hundred should ever return from that abominable country.

The President said there was a practicable route which was traversed by the Portuguese as far back as 1796, and which he thought it possible Dr. LIVINGSTONE had taken, and if so, that would account for no letters having as yet reached this country.

The Sailing of the Great Eastern.

From the London Times, March 27.

The *Great Eastern* left the Mersey for New-York at noon yesterday. It is to be regretted that her departure has been marked by another fatal disaster. Twelve of her crew were manning the bow capstan and raising the slack of the port anchor. They had just got the strain of the nine-ton anchor on them when the donkey-engine was put on to assist them. It had worked a few moments when one of the capstan pins snapped, and the full weight of the anchor was suddenly thrown on the men, and of course overpowered them. The capstan was whirled round, throwing the men right and left, and the bars flying out, struck and wounded five men. One of them died immediately, and another was not expected to live. The body of the deceased and the fatally injured man were taken ashore, and the others remained on board. The chief officer had a narrow escape; one of the capstan bars flew close to his head. The *Great Eastern* takes out a considerable number of passengers, among whom are Mr. CYRUS FIELD and Mr. WILLIAM BARBER, one of the directors of the Great Ship Company, who goes out in the interest of the Company.

PRUSSIA.

Celebration of King William's Birthday.

Berlin (March 23) Correspondence of the London Times.

The King having yesterday attained his seventieth year, rejoicing in good health and crowned with victory, the day was celebrated with more than usual pomp. Early in the morning the Princes and Princesses of the blood, with the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Baden, the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Dowager of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, the Grand Duke of Oldenburg, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Meiningen, the Prince, Crown Prince, and Crown Princess of Hohenzollern, the Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Anhalt, Prince WILLIAM of Baden, Prince MAURICE of Saxe-Altenburg, Prince HENRY of Hesse, and other royalties who had come here expressly for the occasion, offered their congratulations to His Majesty. The Court, the Ministers, the Generals, Lord LOFTUS, M. BENEDETTI, the President and Vice-Presidents of the Federal Parliament, and the élite of the nobility then had the honor of presenting their felicitations likewise. After this the King, Queen and Court drove through the fashionable quarters of the town to view the rich display of garlands and flags, and were loudly cheered along the whole route. In the afternoon, while a royal salute of 101 rounds was fired on the Königsplatz, the Generals, dignitaries and high functionaries of State sat down to sumptuous dinners prepared for them in the Schloss, the Home-office, and other official buildings. The King and Royal family dined at the Crown Prince's, and at a late hour entered their equipages to inspect the illuminations. To-day His Majesty attended a magnificent carrousel given in his honor by the aristocracy. Eighty ladies and gentlemen of the Court, in gorgeous fancy costumes, and mounted on choice steeds, went through the figures of several quadrilles, and performed numerous other equestrian games and feats in the presence of *la crème de la crème*. Since the marriage of the late Princess CHARLOTTE with Prince NICHOLAS of Russia, such a splendid spectacle has not been witnessed here. To mark the day in a more serious manner the King ordered that the cathedral begun and left in a very infant state by his predecessor should be completed. If the original plan is executed, it will be one of the grandest ecclesiastical structures in Germany, and a particular ornament to Berlin, a city too poor in olden, and too lukewarm in modern times, to erect fine churches. As a fresh improvement upon the prevailing system of decorations a large number of ladies who distinguished themselves in nursing and providing for the sick and wounded during the war were on the King's birthday presented with the Order of Queen Louise. This is the first time that such a mark of distinction, hitherto confined to the Court ladies, has been benignantly conferred upon the public generally.

The King has now distributed the one million and a half thalers placed at his disposal for the heroes of the war. Count BISMARCK has received 400,000 thalers; Gen. ROON, the Minister of War, 300,000 thalers, and Gen. MOLTKE, STEINMETZ, VOGEL and HERWARTH each 200,000. In the letters accompanying the gift the King is said to have requested the recipients to invest it in estates.

FRANCE.

Political Agitation in France.

Paris (March 29) Correspondence of the London Times.

Instead of seeking to effect a fusion with that not unimportant section of the Chamber—equally desirous of liberal reforms and of maintaining the Empire—known as the Tiers Parti, the Minister of State is charged with pushing on the majority's reactionary policy, and provoking, by his confidential agents, meetings of anti-Liberal Deputies with a view to the exclusion of members of that section from the Commissions on the reorganization of the army, the liberty of the Press and the right of meeting. The question whether the Emperor is or is not cognizant of these maneuvres is one which nobody can satisfactorily answer; but the Ministerial Deputies affirm, without hesitation, that both these Ministers are the exponents of His Majesty's thoughts and wishes. The result, however, is considerable anarchy in official regions and considerable discontent in the country, which watches with anxiety all the signs that would throw some light on its future condition. To this anxiety may be attributed the noise made about a dinner lately given to Prince NAPOLEON by M. LATOUR DU MOULIN. This dinner, at which it appears not only MM. EMILE OLLIVIER, BUFFET, MARTEL and other prominent members of the Tiers Parti were present, but also some members of the Cabinet, among others the Minister of Commerce and Public Works, is regarded as in some sort a political event. For my own part, I do not attach so much importance to it, nor do I believe that it had the significance which some persons, known for their hostility to Prince NAPOLEON, attribute to it.

Another fact which does not tend to calm the public anxiety is the state of the Prince Imperial's health, about which reports are also contradictory. Since the paragraph of four lines in Thursday's *Moniteur*, stating that the Prince's recovery was retarded by an attack of fever, but that his condition was improved and occasioned no disquiet, nothing official has appeared on the subject. But the fact that a second abscess has appeared, that two operations were necessary, that fever intervened, and that the *Moniteur* is silent, makes people conclude, I hope without foundation, that the Prince's illness is more serious than was supposed. A person attached to the Court declared yesterday that the Prince was much better. It is most desirable that it should be so.

The Relations of France and Germany—The Luxemburg Bargain.

Paris (March 28) Correspondence of the London Times.

It is remarked as strange that the *Moniteur* should continue to pass over in silence the treaties of alliance between Prussia and the Southern German States, the news of which produced so much effect here. The *Temps* declares, for the second or third time, that "the German Empire is made;" that M. BISMARCK holds France from Longwy to Bâle; that, as the ally of Italy and protector of Belgium, the new master of Germany is more powerful than CHARLES V. ever was, for, though he does not possess Spain, he possesses the alliance of a Power unknown in the tenth century—Russia now grown formidable; and that he has not to dread one of the allies of FRANCIS I.—Turkey. "Such is the neighbor," it says, "that the affair of the Duchies has created for us." It sees in this danger to France a danger to liberty. A few days ago an amendment which purported to reserve political liberty in the Constitution was lost in the Berlin Parliament, and it is evident that a great military and arbitrary monarchy is now installed in central Europe. The *Temps* says:

"To conjure this double danger, France is called upon to double the number of her soldiers. She is told that the influence of a nation is measured by the number of men it has under arms. But it must not be forgotten that the danger is immediate; that the King already disposes of populations more numerous than ours; and that Prussia has the advantage over us both in military organization and in armaments. Is, then, France sufficiently preserved by her projected military institution, which the Minister of State himself admits can only produce results in six or seven years? To a rival so formidable as Prussia, is it not necessary to oppose alliances or principles?"

Alliances, it adds, France has none; and as for principles, the only thing she has to do is to revert, promptly and sincerely, to those of the French Revolution.

I cannot omit alluding to a report which, though it proceeds from a quarter which should be well informed on foreign matters, I still mention without by any means vouching for its accuracy. It is to the effect that a treaty for the cession of Luxemburg to France is actually signed; that orders have already been sent to Metz for a column of troops to be in readiness to take possession of the new territory, and that the fact will be announced on an early day by the Minister of State in the Legislative Corps. I repeat that I mention the statement as it has reached me, without guaranteeing it.

RUSSIAN AMERICA.

Its Climate, Soil, Resources and Inhabitants.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 8.

The following is the substance of the information derived from Prof. BAIRD, of the Smithsonian Institute, with regard to Russian America:

Means of Information.—The professor has had two explorers in that field between one and two years, who returned last Autumn, bringing a complete collection of specimens of natural history from the entire region, extending from the British possessions to the shores of the Polar Sea.

The Climate and Temperature of the coast from Prince of Wales' Island to the entrance of Behring Straits, during the Winter months is about the same as at the City of Washington. There is little snow and much rain. During the Summer months heavy fogs prevail.

Timber.—The whole country, well up to the northern coast is heavily timbered—chiefly hard pine forests—the small trees extending down to the very shores. Some of the islands, also, are heavily timbered with pine forests and dense undergrowth. Others of them are destitute of timber but covered with grass of luxuriant growth.

The Soil.—On the west coast the soil produces excellent barley, and roots such as radishes and turnips, and esculents such as lettuce, cabbage, &c.

Animals.—Furred animals, such as sea otter, river otter, sable, furred seal, mink; black, silver and red foxes, are found in great numbers; red deer on the south, and reindeer on the north.

Fish.—Herring, salmon, halibut and codfish abound in exhaustless numbers. In Behring's Straits and to the northward great whales are very numerous.

Minerals.—Surface washings of gold have been discovered on the head-waters of streams on the east side of the coast range of mountains. The geographical developments are the same on the western slopes. Native copper has been discovered in various places on the coast and in the vicinity of Copper River. Iron ore of excellent quality (and believed to exist in inexhaustible quantity,) is now being smelted and worked by Russian artisans, in repairing ships, &c. Coal is found in large quantities, and is used by the Russians for naval purposes. In quality it is similar to New-Brunswick coal, but not equal to Cumberland coal. Recent discoveries have been made of what is believed to be a better quality of coal, though it has not yet been tested.

The Inhabitants.—The population consists of five or six thousand Russians and fifty or sixty thousand Indians and Esquimaux. The Esquimaux inhabit the coast on the Northern sea, and are industrious, peaceable and teachable. They live by hunting and fishing. The Indians inhabit the interior. They are peaceable, and live by hunting, fishing and trapping.

Letter from Mr. Collins to Secretary Seward.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, April 4.

To Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State of the United States:

The many erroneous statements in the Press of the day in regard to the country of Russian America has induced me to lay before you a number of facts not generally known to the public, and which I trust may be valuable to the Department of State. In my investigations to determine the route of the Russian-American telegraph I sought the highest sources of knowledge in regard to the physical and topographical condition of the northwestern limb of our continent. As early as 1856, when I first visited St. Petersburgh, I embraced every opportunity to become acquainted with Russian officers and parties high in authority who were competent to enlighten me on the subject, and studied all the maps and books that could be found relating to it.

Rear-Admiral FURUHELM, now Governor of the Amoor country, and who held the office of Governor of Russian-America for five years, has also given me much valuable information. I have also had frequent conferences with the Governor and Directors of the Russian American Company, from whom much has been learned. The boundaries and general outline have been so frequently and fully given that nothing need be said further as to the location of Russian America.

Commencing at 54° 40' north latitude on the Pacific, the main land is marked by a succession of islands to the Peninsula of Aliaska, so that open boats or small river steamers can navigate safely between the islands and the main land. Many of these islands are covered with splendid timber, and the waters abound in fish. The coast of the main land is densely timbered, which fact was one of the causes which induced the location of the Russian American Telegraph to be made inland east of the mountains.

The first river of any importance that enters the sea in Russian America is the Stickine or St. Francis, in about 56 degrees of north latitude. This river has been followed by our exploring parties to the cascades, where it breaks through the coast range of mountains dividing British Columbia from Russian America. This river is found navigable for boats fifty miles. After passing the cascades it again becomes navigable for some distance toward the Rocky Mountains. Game and fish are abundant, timber good, and gold mining has already been commenced by a party of Americans. Natives are quite numerous during the fishing season, but are reported friendly, and anxious to trade furs, &c., for merchandise. It is said that the prospect for gold on this river is equal to the old 1849 days of California.

There are many small rivers as you ascend along the coast, and passes over the mountains into the British possessions, and parties of natives trade with the interior tribes more in the east and north by following the course of these streams and thus arrive in the valley between the coast range and the Rocky Mountains. The next river of any importance is the Copper Mine, which enters the sea in view of Mount St. Elias, in about sixty degrees north latitude, and one hundred and forty-two degrees west longitude. This river is of importance in consequence of its location and the access it gives to the interior, as it unites by a lake the waters of the Yukon within Russian territory, giving almost uninterrupted navigation from the coast on the Pacific, by way of the Yukon and Knitchpek, to Behring's Sea, thus giving easy access through a large part of the southwest limb of this country. Next comes Cook's Inlet and a river entering into it which the Russian American Company use in connection with the Koosaquequim to reach the Knitchpek and Fort St. Michael.

After passing the peninsula of Aliaska we find a considerable sized stream entering into Bristol Bay. This stream, by a system of lakes, is said to connect with Cook's Inlet. Next in order comes the Koosaquequim, a river of considerable magnitude and of importance to the country in giving access to the interior. This section of the country gives considerable trade to the Russian-American Company, and in which they have trading stations.

The largest, most important and the chief and queen of all the rivers west of the Rocky Mountains, and north of 49 degrees north latitude, is the great Knitchpek, which enters into Behring's Sea, between 64 and 65 degrees north latitude, by several mouths, and on the parallel of 165 degrees west longitude. This great river has an easterly course for some five degrees, then bends abruptly to the north some four degrees, thence nearly east to a point not far distant from the British frontier, where it receives the Porcupine or Rat River, from the northeast, and the Yukon from the southeast; the junction of these two rivers form the Knitchpek; it is navigable to the sea, a distance of one thousand miles for steamboats. This river had never been seen by white men in its whole course previous to explorations for the construction of the Russian-American Telegraph; in fact on many maps the Yukon was traced as an affluent of an imaginary river emptying into the Arctic Ocean, but our explorations have determined a great geographical fact which places the Knitchpek at the head of all rivers on the northwest coast, and giving Russian America the largest river north of 49 degrees.

As we proceed north through Behring's Straits and enter the Arctic Ocean we find Kotzebue Sound, which is fed by a considerable river, on which is a large population; here is found, like on the coast of Arctic Siberia, extensive deposits of animal remains, where fossil ivory may become, as in Siberia, an article of valuable commerce.

Further east there are many bays and sounds, and beyond Point Barrow the Colville River enters Garrison Bay. This river has its main course to the south, and the natives report it navigable and inhabited from a point not far from the northern bend of the Knitchpek to the sea.

Fort Yukon, the head station of the Hudson Bay Company west of the Rocky Mountains, is on Russian territory. This fact has not been established by Government survey, yet it is well known now to both Russia and England. No difficulty has grown out of it between the two Governments, because the Russian-American Company and the Hudson's Bay Company, who have enjoyed exclusive trade in these regions, came to an understanding as to their mutual interests along the line of the disputed territory, in order that there should be no conflict one way or the other among the natives. They were for peace along the boundaries, and no doubt pursued a wise course.

Major KENNICOTT, chief of our exploring party, who died on the Knitchpek last year, had spent, some years previously, a Winter at Fort Yukon. He describes the country as favorable to trade and of great importance to the Hudson Bay Company. He explored a large district of the country around the fort generally on foot. He entered the country on his first voyage by the Mackenzie river pass, returning the same way, on the voyage for the exploration of the route of the telegraph. He entered by way of Fort St. Michael, near Behring's Straits. On the upper waters of the Knitchpek and upon the whole course of the Yukon timber is plentiful, the country abounds in game and the rivers and lakes afford fish. Salmon ascend the Knitchpek in great numbers, and are largely taken by the natives for food, both for themselves and for their dogs during the Winter. The natives are reported by Major KENNICOTT, and by employes of the Hudson Bay Company, as peaceable and wonderfully honest, theft being rarely known among them. They are a vigorous, enterprising people, and very fond of foreign trade and merchandise, though the difficulty and cost of transportation by way of the Mackenzie river route limits the supply to much below the demand.

Navigation by way of the Knitchpek would increase the trade and value of this country one hundred fold in a few years; in fact the Knitchpek with steam upon it would reveal a new world to enterprise and adventure. By this stream the whole of a hitherto unknown country is brought within the reach of steam communication from San Francisco, and when the Stars and Stripes shall flaunt at Fort Yukon we may look for mines of gold and silver being discovered quite as rich as those further south. The furs of this country are wonderfully plentiful, and form a valuable and extensive commerce both to the Russian and British traders. That the Hudson Bay Company can afford to transport their merchandise and supplies overland from Hudson Bay, or by way of St. Paul, and return their furs over the same route, is a startling evidence of the value of the trade, because transportation over this long route cannot cost less than $1 per pound. With the Knitchpek open to steam navigation ten cents a pound from San Francisco would pay enormously.

Upon the whole, Russian America, with its dependencies, the islands attached to it, is a valuable country in itself, viewed intrinsically. It is not such a country as Oregon or Washington in climate or soil, but it has, nevertheless, many sources of wealth.

In the southern part gold is known to exist. On Coppermine River, whence its name, there is copper, though as a matter of policy the Russian-American Company have not encouraged mining, because they feared that mining, even if successful, would soon break up their monopoly of the fur trade and open the country to the searching eyes of foreigners and the demoralizing influence of cheaper goods and more lucrative employment of the natives.

The fisheries along the coast and islands will build up a population and commerce there which at no distant day will rival Newfoundland and the coast of the Atlantic east of Cape Cod. The shoals and banks along the islands of Russian America are the resort of myriads of codfish unsurpassed for size and delicacy. Once give us a lodgment, these fishing towns will soon spring into existence, giving for our Pacific coast a nursery for first-class seamen, which, in the growing commerce of the Pacific, will be just what we want there in the future in order to give us the supremacy of that ocean. *The fisheries alone are worth more than the whole cost of the country, and will repay us in the future amply for the investment.* The immense population of Asia and the islands of the Pacific will be good customers for our surplus fish, and will readily take all we have to spare. Timber for building purposes is abundant and convenient; saw-mills will soon make the lumber trade a source of great profit, not only for domestic use, but for export to Asia and the more southern islands. Boat and ship building can be carried on profitably where good timber is so abundant and easily procured.

The acquisition is also valuable on account of several deposits of coal along the coast and islands. At Codiac the Russian-American Company have worked a coal-vein for some years past, and have used it in their forges and workshops, as well as in their steamers employed in carrying on their commerce with California and Asia.

Nor is this country to be counted as nothing in an agricultural point of view. Wheat, barley and oats can be produced as far north as 60°; gardens flourish along the coast in the Russian settlements, producing all the vegetables requisite for domestic use.

It must always be remembered that the Pacific coast is much warmer than the Atlantic coast of equal degrees. The isothermal line of Sitka (New-Archangel) is equal to Newfoundland or St. Petersburgh. That is about 40° to 45° of Fahrenheit; and the mean of the thermometer is ascertained to be 45° 4'; Winter, 24° 7'; Summer, 56° 7'.

Taking it, then, as a whole, the country of Russian America cannot be considered, as some would have it, a dreary waste of glaciers, icebergs, white bears and walrus, and only fit for the Esquimaux and drinkers of train oil.

One more article of commerce must not be lost sight of—that is, ice. On the islands there are many fresh water lakes which afford an inexhaustible supply of very pure ice. The trade in ice so far has been conducted, either by the Russian-American Company or under their permit, consequently the ice-trade has not been developed to any great extent. The trade in the hands of Americans would soon grow to wonderful proportions, for the reason that these lakes in Russian-America supply the only ice suitable for shipment on the Pacific north of the equator. I did not mention in order, when speaking of the fisheries, that all the way north from Codiac to the Arctic, whales are found in great abundance. Codiac and Bristol Bay are all whaling grounds, and many a New-England town owes its wealth to the large catch of whales in Russian-American waters. Walrus are as plentiful at and about Behring's Strait as blackberries are with us in August. With American fishing settlements along the coast, the ivory and oil of these walrus will become no small source of wealth to our enterprising fishermen.

One more fact in regard to climate and temperature. Major KENNICOTT died in the great eastern bend of the Knitchpek, five hundred miles by the course of the river from its entrance into Behring Sea. The ice in the Knitchpek broke up on the 23d day of May, and on the 28th a portion of his companions embarked in native boats, taking with them Major KENNICOTT's body, navigated the river to the sea without obstruction, and then coasted north seventy miles to Fort St. Michael, a post of the Russian-American Company. This proves a great deal as to the favorable temperature of that country, and makes the Knitchpek nearly as early as the St. Lawrence in point of navigation.

I have the honor to be, very truly, your most humble servant,

P. McD. COLLINS, U. S. C. A., Amoor River.

Shall we Reject the Russian Possessions?

To the Editor of the Hartford Courant:

For one, I very much regret the tone of many of our papers on the subject of this treaty. I believe it to be an excellently good one, which we cannot, as a people, afford to lose.

1. The climate is not what many will be likely to suppose; for there is a kind of Gulf Stream that sweeps along the front of eastern Asia, striking directly over upon this coast, and raising the temperature twenty or thirty degrees, in the same manner as our own Gulf Stream raises the temperature of western Europe. The climate, I think, is scarcely more severe than that of Scotland. Of course there will be much the same chance of production—at least in the southern portions of the territory.

2. We have a very important whale-fishery clear round the coast of the territory, and also a new, very important cod-fishery, on the southwestern coast of it, which is to be, in fact, the great fishery of the Pacific Ocean; and there is an abundance of harbors on the coast, in some one or more of which our ships can rendezvous and find protection, and also a market, finally, for the exchange of their products.

3. What is more important than all, it is likely to be found hereafter, that the shortest and best way to China and Japan is here. The British Possessions occupy a short strip of coast between us and the Territory in question, but these will naturally fall into our hands at no distant period, and if they do not our friendly relations will secure us a passage, as they have already through the Canadas. Starting then from the western point of Lake Superior, in a northwesterly direction, we strike the Saskatchawan country, which is the richest and best country of British America—having abundance of bituminous coal, a comparatively soft climate, so little impeded by snows that a railroad can be easily kept open the whole year, a surface so nearly level that it can be graded without difficulty, and a fertility of soil scarcely surpassed on the Continent. Pressing still on toward the northwest, and finding the climate soften, as we near the coast, we strike one or two rivers, certainly one, that cuts the Rocky Mountain range down to its base, and opens a gate to let us through, and then deflecting to the southwest we strike the coast south of the great promontory of Alaska; or, if that is impossible, we go down the slope of the great River Kwichpak, navigable itself for a thousand miles, and enter one of the bays south of Behring's Straits. The advantages of this route, whether we strike the coast north of Point Alaska or south of it, are, first, that we encounter no mountains, or mountain passes; second, that we have midland supplies of coal and timber; third, that we avoid the immense mountain snows that will make the Rocky Mountain roads impossible for at least six months in the year; and fourth, that having a line which is very nearly coincident with the great circle of the globe, we get the shortest passage to China and Japan that can be found. If it should turn out, as it appears quite probable, that we can reach the coast at the southernmost point of the territory in question, our line of road will be a great deal shorter than any other, and will come to its terminus in about the same latitude as Glasgow, and having about the same climate.

Considerations like these are sufficient, I think, to arrest any precipitate action. Have they not weight enough to justify a ready acceptance of the treaty? If any apology is necessary for intruding these suggestions on the part of one who is so far outside of the political domain, it must be that I read a good deal, years ago, on the prospects and possibilities of the Saskatchawan region, and have so been prepared for a particular interest in the very great question now pending. HORACE BUSHNELL.

NEW-YORK.

AFFAIRS AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Monday, April 8, 1867.

The Senate has not been in session this morning. The Assembly met as usual at 10 o'clock, and went through a good deal of routine business.

METROPOLITAN FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. SIGERSON, (Dem.,) of New-York, asked unanimous consent to order the Assembly bill, creating an additional Commissioner, and increasing the pay of the members of the force, to the Committee on Cities, to be reported complete. The bill gives to the privates, drivers, &c., of the Department, $1,000 each; to engineers of steamers, $1,200 each; to assistant foremen, $1,100; to foremen, $1,300; to each district engineer, $1,800; to the assistant engineer, $2,500, to the chief engineer, $4,500.

Reports have appeared in one or more of the New-York journals to the effect that the members of the Department had been assessed in a large sum for the purpose of carrying this bill through the Legislature, but they are not generally credited here.

Mr. KIMBALL, (Rep.,) of Franklin, objecting, the motion was lost.

CROSS-TOWN RAILROAD.

The new Cross-town Railroad Bill, ordered to a third reading in the Assembly on Saturday, was not read to-day, the small number in attendance making it hazardous to risk it.

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

A veto of the Central Railroad Bill was confidently expected in the Assembly this morning, but it was not received.

As the bill originated in the Senate the veto, if one is to be sent in, will in all probability be delivered there.

METROPOLITAN HEALTH BILL.

The bill amending the Metropolitan Health Bill was reported complete this morning in the Assembly and ordered to a third reading. The bill has undergone some change since it passed the Senate. As reported in the Assembly, the Board have not the power to remove the public markets which they may deem nuisances.

METROPOLITAN EXCISE LAW.

The amendments to the Metropolitan Excise Law are made a special order in the Assembly to-morrow (Tuesday) evening.

CITY TAX LEVY.

As heretofore announced, the fight on the City Tax Levy begins in the Assembly Committee on Cities this afternoon. It will continue for several days, occupying probably all the week. The Citizens' Association are here in strong force, and are going to contest some of the items with great vigor.

THE SUPPLY BILL

was the special order in the Assembly to-day. Very little progress was made upon it, and it will drag its slow length along for some time yet. Nearly all the session, of four hours, was spent in the consideration of the item making appropriations for the temporary Institution for the Blind at Binghamton. This item amounted to a trifle over $51,000, and was thought by those best informed to be uncalled for.

It is well known that the action of the Trustees of this temporary Institution has been regarded as so very suspicious as to warrant the appointment of an Investigating Committee by the Senate. The facts divulged were not such as to produce a favorable impression of the Institution. In the long debate which took place to-day, many statements were made and not refuted which were discreditable to the management.

Mr. VAN VALKENBURGH, Republican, of Broome, defended the Institution at length, but failed to give adequate reasons for the large expenditures which had been made upon it.

Mr. TARBOX, Republican, of Genesee, made the most damaging charges against it. He said the building which had been fitted up was purchased by the present owner of the State, a few years since, for $10,000. The Trustees appointed to fit it for the temporary lodgment of the blind until a permanent institution should be completed at Batavia, had employed an architect to superintend repairs, paying him a percentage on the amount of money expended. It was for his interest to expend all he could. Already $25,000 had been expended in repairs, and now the owner wished to sell the building back to the State for the modest sum of $95,000.

After much discussion the appropriation was stricken out by an almost unanimous vote.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Monday, April 8.

BILLS REPORTED.

To provide for the organization and regulation of telegraph companies, which was ordered to a third reading.

Incorporating the National Telegraph Company, which was ordered to a third reading.

Authorizing the Supervisors of Monroe County to raise money to pay for a site for the Rochester Armory.

The new capitol bill. It reduces the appropriation to $25,000, and provides for the appointment of two additional Commissioners.

WORKING WOMEN IN NEW-YORK.

The report of the Conference Committee on the bill for the better protection of female employes in New-York, was concurred in. It authorizes imprisonment, not exceeding five days, of persons convicted of defrauding them of $15 or less wages.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the American Safe Deposit Company of New-York.

Incorporating the Ulster County Agricultural and Stock Company.

Relative to the Troy Hydraulic Company.

Authorizing the construction of a railroad on the Schenectady turnpike and Washington-avenue.

Incorporating the Staten Island Athenæum.

The Morrisania School Bill.

Authorizing Life Insurance Companies to make special deposits of securities.

Amending the general insurance law relative to foreign insurance companies.

Authorizing supplementary proceedings for the collection of taxes.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY.

The Assembly amendments to the New-York and Brooklyn Bridge Bill were passed.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

Authorizing the Second and Third avenue Railroad Companies to extend their tracks.

Incorporating the New-York Steam Transit Company.

Authorizing the consolidation of the Meserole-avenue and Toll Bridge Company with the Williamsburgh and Newtown Railroad Company. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The Speaker presented the annual report of the Board of Excise of the Metropolitan District.

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Mr. RICE reported complete the bill more particularly defining, perfecting and regulating the powers of the Metropolitan Board of Health.

RAILROAD CONNECTIONS.

On motion of Mr. PARKER, the bill to prevent breaking connections between railroads in this State was referred to the Committee on Railroads, with power to report complete.

CHARGES AGAINST CANAL OFFICERS.

Mr. BRUCE rose to a question of privilege, and asked unanimous consent to offer the following:

Whereas, Hon. WALTER L. SESSIONS, a member of the New-York State Senate, has at sundry times and in divers ways, during the last and present sessions of the Legislature, made charges and direct insinuations seriously reflecting upon the official character and action of the past and present canal officers and legislators; and,

Whereas, He is reported by a leading journal of last Saturday to have said in his place, as a Senator, that "he did not believe there was a single sealed bid for canal work during the last five years that was not opened by somebody before the day named for opening the bid. These bids are now required to be sent to the Contracting Board, and they cannot be opened except by some member of the Board, and yet he did not hesitate to say that the secrecy thus enjoined has been repeatedly violated, and always against the interest of the State. Contracts that did not suit certain gentlemen are rejected on the mere pretence of informality, and subsequently awarded to the highest bidder;" and

Whereas, It is the bounden duty of the Legislature to investigate such accusations made by a Senator; and whereas, a Committee has been duly appointed by concurrent resolutions of the Senate and Assembly to investigate such charges of corruption and fraud; therefore,

Resolved, If the Senate concur, That said Committee be and they are hereby directed immediately to summon the said Hon. WALTER L. SESSIONS to appear before them and examine him in relation to the alleged frauds of past and present canal officers, and all such other matters as the Committee may deem proper, to the end that he may furnish the Committee with all such information as he may possess on the subject above named; and said Committee are directed to report said testimony as soon as possible.

The rules were suspended by unanimous consent, and the preamble and resolution adopted.

The House then took up the Supply Bill, which was considered until the hour of recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The Supply Bill was made the special order for to-morrow morning.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

To incorporate the Buffalo City Railway Company; creating the office of Metropolitan Fire Marshal, and prescribing its powers and duties; to incorporate the New-York Board of Fire Underwriters; to incorporate the New-York Underwriters' Guild.

Adjourned.

THE GREAT BREAK-UP.

The Close of the Rebellion in Texas and the Southwest.

II.

The efforts of Gen. E. Kirby Smith and his generals did not cease with the surrender of the armies east of the Mississippi River, the incarceration of Davis and the *finale* of slavery by the proclamation of President Johnson, and the haste to take the amnesty oath, which acknowledged its extinction. The Trans-Mississippi commander maintained his cause by flaming orders and by councils of war with his generals. Their conscript and impressment officers were unusually active, but their operations did not extend to collecting provisions and other supplies, and to digging entrenchments and garrisoning its forts. They were confined to hurrying away cotton to Mexico and across the lines toward New-Orleans, and to collecting mules and horses. I remember to have arrested the operations of one officer, with his detachment, who held an order from Smith's Headquarters to impress two thousand two year old mules, by a writ of sequestration in the hands of a sheriff. The reign of terror was, in fact, passing away. The plan of Smith and his generals was to fall back before Sheridan, and make good their retreat into Mexico, where they would offer their armies to Maximilian, to support his tottering empire. Gov. Murrah, of Texas, repaired to Houston, and, in council with Judge Devine, the Confederate Judge, Magruder, Ashbel Smith and others, he conceived the plan of maintaining the State organization by swearing all the magistrates to support the Constitution of the United States, now four years despised and rejected, and by calling a Convention to repeal the secession ordinance. Let it be owned that this plan of reconstruction was far more logical and better for the Union men than the circumlocution of the President, which accomplished the same thing. The Governor issued his proclamation to convoke the Legislature in extra session, and also a call for a Convention. Magruder issued an order in which he unblushingly announced that foreign help was at hand. Our people had swallowed very many improbabilities. I know not how near this was to the bottom of the gulf of credulity.

But there were silent influences at work which defeated the mad Quixotticism of Generals and Governors. To the Unionists of Texas whose positions were well known, and who ought to be forever grateful that a ruthless intolerance respected and spared them, it became known that the private soldiers had reasoned and resolved among themselves. I believe that their purpose was known to very few of their officers. The determination and the action of these long disheartened and unwilling soldiers presents the grandest moral spectacle in the world's history. It shows how utterly powerless is every form of government, whether republican or, as in that case, really despotic, when the rank and file, either in or out of an army, simultaneously or systematically resolve that they will obey no more.

On the 25th day of July, 1865, the forces of the Trans-Mississippi Department, which were scattered over Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and the Indian country, either by previous concert, or else acting in *rapport*, commenced the work of resistance to their officers. It is very certain that Gen. Smith had already become alarmed, for he had stealthily permitted Gens. Buckner and Price to go to New-Orleans to surrender the whole of his command. Magruder, about the same time, without any concert with Gen. Smith, had sent Col. Ashbel Smith and Wm. P. Ballinger, to the same place to surrender the forces in Texas, upon Gov. Murrah's plan of retaining the State Government. All this was unknown to the soldiers and the subalterns. They were told that fierce resistance was to be made upon the prairies of Texas. But these intelligent men comprehended that the Confederacy was dead. And, starved and unclad as they had been for years, they thought themselves of all men best entitled to administer upon the assets of the defunct corporation. At Shreveport the first demonstration was toward hanging the Quartermaster, who had the clothing in hand. A Missouri regiment, not yet totally demoralized, obeyed the orders of their Lieutenant-Colonel and released the Quartermaster; then, themselves, joined in dividing out all the Confederate stores. Alarmed at this open revolt, Gen. Smith fled in disguise toward Houston; but everywhere he met his self-discharged soldiers wandering to their homes with whatever plunder they could carry.

At Houston, as a regiment advanced toward the city, Magruder ordered cannon to be placed in the streets to resist them. Better councils prevailed, and the frantic General commenced the work of issuing discharges to the soldiers. The absurdity of this course was comprehended by the most illiterate soldiers, and the discharges were soon rejected or thrown away.

The officers were excluded from the division. But the wives and families of soldiers were allowed to participate: the public stores were entered, and without much order, each claimant helped himself to clothing, medicine, arms, ammunition, bacon, grind-stones, bale-rope, bagging, hammer, anvil, bellows, or whatever best suited the taste, or was most convenient to the parties. The scenes were truly ludicrous. Here might be seen a child or woman with a dozen bottles of quinine or calomel, offering them at a few shillings an ounce; there was a soldier with a bolt of Osnaburgs; here another with a pig of lead; there another with an armfull of clothing; yonder were little boys rolling bags of coiled rope as high as themselves; at another point could be seen women packing away sides of bacon upon their heads. Yonder were soldiers dividing out the Government wagons and trains, or loading them with Government cotton. Powder-houses were gutted, and why they were not all blown up by the powder scattered shoe deep over the floors, science can never tell. Everything branded "C. S. A.," wherever found, was seized as public property. At Austin an Italian trader from Monterey had a mule in his team bearing the fatal brand. He resisted the demand to loosen the mule, and was killed upon the spot. Few such acts of violence occurred, because few had the hardihood to resist.

I remember to have looked upon the motley crew dividing the public stores at Austin. While the greedy soldiers, the women, children and the negroes, who thought that "the good time" had come, were dividing the more portable articles, an old German was throwing the kegs of white lead, then very scarce in that country, into his wagon. The old Teuton had an eye to future gain rather than present use. A large supply of specie was seized in the San Antonio Custom-house. This was divided out, according to some notions of equity. I remember that a young soldier showed me $19, which he said was his share. He added: "Some of the boys got $60, but then they had served longer than me."

These public administrators professed to respect private property. How far they carried out their purpose may be shown from a single anecdote. Three soldiers walked into the law office of the writer, and asked for an ax to cut a sixty-pound pig of lead and divide it among them. As I was known to be a Union man, and was constantly warned that my danger would come with the disorganization of the disappointed soldiers, I thought it best to be very polite, although, truth to say, I had much less apprehension from the privates than their officers. So, the ax was furnished, and the poor fellows divided their booty, each engaging to carry twenty pounds of lead 150 miles. One of them pointed to a store which had been emptied, and said,

"Is the owner of that store able to lose the goods we took?"

"I understand they cost $20,000," said I, "and few men are able to lose so much."

"But he was a cotton speculator?" said the soldier.

"Yes, he carried cotton to Mexico."

"Well," said the soldier, "I should dislike to take any man's goods unless he was able to lose them. But if he was a cotton speculator, I suppose it is right."

A story prevailed that a large amount of coffee had been concealed. The determined men searched for it three days. They found [illegible] sacks in the barn loft of a speculator, all of which was packed away and divided.

What was enacted in one town was repeated in every place where there was public property, or that which was suspected of being public. The millions which had been impressed from the planters and shut up from the soldiery was parceled out among those who could find it.

But in Austin, the State Capital of Texas, there were some peculiar events. Gen. Shelby had been stationed in the northern part of Texas with several thousand Missourians. He had visited Shreveport, where he had been assured that fierce resistance was to be made to the very borders of Mexico. For several days there were forerunners of Shelby's army who declared that he was marching with 6,000 men to Mexico. Public meetings were held and supplies gathered with the view to appease the fierce Missourians. It was also known that there was a considerable sum of specie in the vaults of the Texas Treasury. The Governor and the Secretary of State of Texas, with Gens. Smith, Magruder, Govs. Moore, Allen, and many subalterns and privates of Texas, fled to Mexico. The greater the distance from danger the worse the alarm.

As Shelby's army, now reduced to a disorganized three hundred, reach Austin, some robbers took advantage of their presence, broke into the Treasury and rifled it of a part of the specie, which had not already disappeared in the flight. One man was shot and killed. Whether the robbers got much or little could never be known.

Magruder and Smith, before their flight, had gone on board a United States vessel off Galveston, and gone through the formality of signing the final act of capitulation, with Gen. Edmund J. Dennis, of Texas, who was sent by Gen. Canby to receive the final surrender.

And now, for several weeks and until the arrival of Gens. Granger and Merritt, and Gov. Hamilton, Texas was completely without a government.

Few Magistrates would perform any duty whatever. All remained in consternation, waiting for that fearful future which, it has been foretold, would certainly follow the success of the Federal arms. Neither whites nor blacks comprehended the reality. The latter remained with their masters until the appearance of the military among them and the proclamations of freedom. And notwithstanding the absence of the enforcement of civil law, there has been no period since the reorganization when there has been as much safety to life and as little real danger as during these weeks of actual suspense.

Some lame efforts were made by the United States officers to collect the property scattered over the country, but they are not believed to have resulted in much.

Thus ended the last days of the organized rebellion. The events certainly prove the impotency of leaders who are said to rule whenever the people are convinced of their rights and dare maintain them. For two years had the vain struggle been maintained after every intelligent man knew that it could not succeed. During all that time the people had submitted to merciless conscription of sons and the robbery of fathers, under the pretext of maintaining them in the field. And yet when the bubble burst and the affrightened leaders fled, the people, like the French during the reign of terror, wondered how they could have been tyrannized over so long.

Other reflections, connected with the subsequent history, suggest themselves, but they are not proper in this connection. G. W. P.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Nos.
104½—Lee vs. Decker.
110—Boston Carpet Co. vs. Journeay.
111—[illegible] vs. [illegible].
122—Phillips vs. [illegible].
113—Wood vs. [illegible].
17—Diven, Receiver, &c., vs. Lee et al.
60—Devlin vs. Brady.
741—Van Rensselaer vs. Dennison.
90—People ex rel. Dunn vs. Williams et al.
112—[illegible].
112—[illegible] vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
112—Tuthill vs. Bank of Havana.
119—Stewart et al. vs. Ketcltas.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Leonard, P. J., and Sutherland and Ingraham, JJ. Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Enumerated Motions.

Nos.
33—Ellis et al. vs. Lerner.
34—Jandon et al. vs. Moore.
35—Fairchild et al. vs. Liverpool and London Fire Ins. Co., &c.
36—Skillen vs. Richmond.
37—Berlin vs. Bischoff.
38—Benton vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
39—White vs. Curtis, &c.
40—Ludwig vs. The Jersey City Ins. Co.
41—Taber vs. Le Ferre, &c.
42—Baldwin vs. Gregory.
43—White, &c., vs. Williams.
44—Jones vs. Smith.
45—Withers vs. N. J. Steamboat Co.
46—Olmstead, &c., vs. Ackerman.
47—Merchants' and Traders' Bank vs. Dakin, &c.
48—Goodkind vs. [illegible].
49—Sturges vs. Hendricks et al.
50—Gray vs. Woodcock.
51—Hall vs. Hall et al.
52—Van Schaick vs. Third-av. R. R. Co.
53—Sterling vs. Jandon et al.
53—Tuxido vs. Second-av. R. R. Co.
54—Scott vs. Dunscomb.
56—Simpkins vs. Low.
57—Otter vs. Brevoort Petroleum Co.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Mason, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
937—Lyon vs. Third-avenue R. R. Co.
2757—Ricker vs. Flanagan.
951—Waring et al. vs. Hoffman Fire Ins. Co.
245—Rosenthal vs. Lynch.
1443—Kuhele vs. Leary et al.
247—Snedicker vs. Lynch, Sheriff.
763—Lawton vs. Bryant.
1171—Dafford vs. Dodd.
1106—O'Brien vs. Cerf.
1231—Pepin vs. Lochenmeyer and another.
1139—Myiert vs. Barr.
413—Taylor vs. Moore, &c.
229—Stoeff vs. Ihising.
219—Wright vs. Lynch, Sheriff.
227—Howe, &c., vs. Dentson.
1063—Crooker, &c., vs. Long Island Railroad Co.
625—Gilbride vs. Hughes.
635—Viereck, Jr., vs. Third-avenue Railroad Co.
613—Shepard vs. American Bank Note Company.
703—Pierce and another vs. Pike et al.

Part II.—Held by Davis, J., at No. 73 Duane-street.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
1050—Paton et al. vs. Butterfield et al.
1048—Leventritt et al. vs. Same.
763—Nevins et al. vs. Marston et al.
1200—Covell et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1660—Brod, &c., vs. Pacific Mutual Ins. Co.
1180—Fairchild vs. Graham.
686—The Florence Sewing Machine Co. vs. Scott et al.
1620—Taylor et al. vs. Harris.
1634—Butterworth vs. Bliss et al., survivors.
132—Barnard vs. Campbell.
1308—Osgood et al., Receivers, vs. Rich et al.
1646—Cochran vs. Dinsmore, President.
1404—Lennox vs. Quigley.
1392—Riggs vs. Meyer.
1524—Seymour vs. Van Doren, Exr.
1414—Kuster vs. Rang.
1382—Scott vs. Central Railroad and Banking Co. of Georgia.
1394—Olas vs. Leeds et al.
1506—Guckenheimer vs. Stewart et al.
1610—Block vs. Westcott et al.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barnard, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.
96½—In re. Connolly vs. Kennedy.
104—Yeamans vs. Citizens' Fire Ins. Co.
119—Peck vs. Felt.
128—Atwood vs. Hall.
138—Patterson vs. Orange and Alexandria RR. Co.
139—Patterson vs. Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Co.
201—Harmony vs. Chapman.
219—Bird et al. vs. Gilman.
236—Marks vs. Lowenthal.
240—Fowler vs. Lowenstein et al.
244—Williams vs. Brewster Iron Mining Co.
257—Stewart vs. Dan'l Drew et al.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Clerke, J., at No. 73 Duane-st., third floor.

Demurrers.

Nos.
14—— vs. ——.
7—Nelson vs. Douglas.
4—Camp vs. Norton.

Issues of Law and Fact.

144—Work vs. Ellis.
145—Same vs. Same.
120—Kinsey vs. Morange.
131—Danton vs. Pecare.
124—Peugnet vs. Phelps.
176—Palmer vs. O'Brien et al.
164—Davies, Jr., vs. Dollner.
166—Sherman vs. Parish.
167—Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Howland.
170—Shaler & Hall Quarry Co. vs. Chase.
136—Gorley vs. Froeligh.
140—Carey vs. Gaynor.
181—Goodwin vs. Ernestein.
110—Murphy vs. Gies.
130—Chittenden vs. Chittenden.
156—Bodley vs. Curtis.
165—Wray vs. Rhinelander, Executor, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Before Jones, J.

Nos.
3197—Watson vs. Wolfe.
2833—Hoffman vs. Manhattan Insurance Co.
3173—Hoffman vs. Sixth-av. Railroad.
2920—Moses vs. Banker.
3201—Corcoran vs. Bliss.
3203—Downing vs. Terhune.
3205—Bolz vs. Bolz.
3207—Prescott et al. vs. Frederick et al.
3209—Taylor vs. Richmond et al.
3213—Zerega vs. Benoist.
3215—Fowle et al. vs. Reade.
3217—Sackett vs. Gurner.
3219—Powers vs. Crosby.
3221—Priestly et al. vs. Churchill et al.
3223—Nixon vs. Moody et al.

Part II.—Before [illegible], J.

Nos.
[illegible]—Fowler vs. Burnham.
[illegible]
1174—Bierce et al. vs. Humboldt Fire Insurance Company.
[illegible] et al. vs. Fulton Fire Insurance Company.
[illegible] vs. People's Fire Insurance Company.
[illegible] vs. Home Insurance Company of New-York.
[illegible] et al. vs. Reade.
[illegible]—Goodridge et al. vs. The Nat. Fire Ins. Co.
[illegible]—Tinson vs. Welch.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Before Cardozo, J.—Court opens at 11 o'clock A. M.

Nos.
[illegible]—Kimball vs. Anthony.
[illegible]—Winston vs. Anderson.
[illegible]—Fellows vs. Garretson.
[illegible]

Part II.—Before Daly, J.

[illegible]
[illegible]—Oasden vs. Eaton.
[illegible]—Quackenbush vs. Hawkes.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Judge Shipman has sent down the following decisions in cases recently heard before him:

SEAMEN'S WAGES—CONSTRUCTION OF SHIPPING ARTICLES.

OPINION.

Henry Waite et al. vs. The Steamship R. R. Cuyler.—Shipman, J.—The libelants in this case bring their suit to recover compensation in the nature of damages on the ground that they were wrongfully discharged from service on board the ship. From the proofs it appears that on the first day of February, 1866, Waite, one of the libelants, was engaged as chief-engineer of the ship, and that he employed the other libelants, three in number, as assistant engineers. On the second day of the same month all the libelants signed the shipping articles for the voyage, which was "from the port of New-York to New-Orleans, and back to New-York, with the privilege of touching at Havana or any other ports going or returning, for three months, unless sooner discharged at New-York."

I do not think that a fair construction of this contract authorized the owners to discharge the officers or men before the voyage commenced. The clause above cited was written in the instrument, and obviously was intended to secure the right of the owner to discharge at New-York on the arrival of the ship after the voyage, although the three months named had not expired, and thus relieve the ship of useless expense. As the clause in question applied to the whole crew, any other construction would be quite too strict, and not in consonance with the liberal spirit with which Courts of Admiralty treat contracts of hire entered into by mariners.

The libelants entered upon duty on the 2d, but were relieved and left the ship on the 3d, late in the day. They assert that they were discharged without cause, and were unable to find employment for some time afterward. The proofs show that between 10 and 11 o'clock the Captain of the ship called Waite, the chief-engineer, to the reception room and introduced him to Mr. Craig, and told him the latter was to take his place. Waite was also requested to show him round the ship, and deliver everything into his charge. Craig replied that he would not take charge unless Waite was willing, whereupon Waite showed the new engineer over the ship, and how to handle her engines. He made no objection whatever to relinquishing his place, and states, himself, that Craig said he would not take the ship without he was willing, and although he did not express his willingness by words, he immediately, and without objection, proceeded to deliver the engines over to him. There had been some previous conversation between Waite and the Captain, in which the latter intimated that the former had circulated a statement that the ship was unseaworthy, which Waite denied. In that conversation the Captain stated that the owners contemplated a change of engineers. In neither of these interviews did Waite object to the proposed change. Now, if this were a controversy between the owners and an ordinary seaman, who is never held to a strict and technical compliance with his contracts, and whom Courts of Admiralty protect from the consequences of his own ignorance, and often his own improvidence, this Court might hold that there was no mutual rescinding of the contract of hire by which it would regard the parties as bound. But this chief-engineer was an intelligent man, in his home port, and perfectly competent to protect his own legal rights. He should have insisted on the performance of the contract and tendered his services therefor. Instead of that, his conduct was such as to amount to a voluntary acceptance of the proposed change, and an abandonment of the contract on his part. The contract was rescinded by both parties.

In regard to the assistant engineers, the case stands on different grounds. The dissolution of the contract by the chief-engineer and the owners as between themselves, did not dissolve it as between the owners and the assistants. Though hired by the chief-engineer, the hiring was for the ship, and when the assistants signed the articles, they became bound to the ship and the ship to them for the performance of the agreement on the part of each. They were simply discharged without adequate cause, and are entitled to some remuneration.

The chief-engineer, Waite, should receive pay for three days' services actually performed, or, at least, what was in the judgment of the Court equivalent to three days' services. The assistants should receive a sum equal to two-thirds of a month's wages and three weeks' board.

Let a decree be entered for the libelant Waite to recover $15; McLean, $37 50; McCarthy, $78 46, and Clark, $67 66, with one bill of costs.

For libelants, Mr. Lanktree; for claimants, Messrs. Beebe, Dean & Donohue.

SEAMEN'S WAGES—MASTER SAILING ON SHARES.

Artemas Sidney vs. the schooner Oscar G. Acker.—This was a libel for seamen's wages. The libelant shipped on the schooner as hand, and sailed on her for several months, from Stamford, Conn., to New-York. The master who hired him sailed the vessel on shares, and paid him from time to time; but at the end of the season, in January, 1866, when both left the vessel, there was about $38 due him. The libelant examined his account with the master, who told him he was not then able to pay him, and he never presented any claim against the owners or the vessel until the following September, when he libeled the vessel.

Judge Shipman held that the vessel was not responsible for the wages sued for, the Captain having run her during the time libelant's services were rendered, under a special agreement, by the terms of which he was to receive a per centage on the gross earnings, and pay the men himself. This was understood by the libelant, and he looked to the Captain and not the vessel for his pay, until after the services were all rendered. His attempt to charge the schooner was an afterthought.

Libel dismissed, with costs.

For libelant, Mr. Lanktree; for claimant, Messrs. Benedict, Tracy & Benedict.

CANAL-BOAT NOT LIABLE FOR WAGES.

Ira Bennet vs. the coal barge Anson G. Pratt.—In this case the libel was filed to recover wages. Process was issued and the vessel seized. No one appearing, an interlocutory decree was entered with a reference to a Commissioner to ascertain the amount. On the reference it appeared that the vessel was a canal-boat, and the Commissioner reported this fact to the Court as well as the amount of wages.

By the act of July 20, 1866, a canal-boat is not subject to be libeled in any of the United States Courts for wages.

By the Court.—By the Commissioner's report in this case it appears that the *Anson G. Pratt* is a canal-boat, without masts or steam power, and is therefore not liable to suit for seamen's wages. Let a decree be entered dismissing the libel without costs.

For libelant, Mr. Nash.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner White.

Philip Henrich was again brought before Commissioner White yesterday on an application for extradition made by the Prussian Consul. Henrich was arrested at Fond du Lac, Wis., charged with having defrauded the Rhenish Railroad of Cologne, Prussia, of several thousands of thalers. Louis Haas was called yesterday, and testified that the accused had admitted to him that he was the Henrich meant, but he had never taken money to pay anybody. Several depositions, made by persons in Prussia, were also read and submitted as testimony in the case, after which the examination was adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Henry E. Davies, Chief Judge; Judges Wright, Hunt, Porter, Scrugham, Bockes, Parker and Grover.

The case of *Seguine* vs. *Seguine*, set down for argument on this day, was, by consent, postponed until the next (June) Term.

CASES ARGUED AND SUBMITTED.

Louisa Nash vs. The People of the State of New-York.—Louisa Nash was arrested and committed by a Police Justice of the City of New-York on a charge of larceny. The City Judge of the City of New-York allowed a writ of *habeas corpus*, upon which she was discharged, upon the ground that the commitment was defective on its face. The General Term of the Supreme Court in the First District last week reversed this decision on *certiorari*, on the ground that the City Judge of the City of New-Y is not authorized to issue the writ of *habeas corpus*. In order that this question might be finally adjudicated an appeal was taken from this decision, which was thus early brought on for argument before this Court.

Mr. Gerry, of counsel for Louisa Nash, stated as his first point that, by the act creating the office of City Judge, all judicial powers vested by law in the Recorder of the City of New-York, are conferred on such City Judge, and said City Judge shall, concurrently with said Recorder, perform and discharge all judicial duties imposed on such Recorder, and the Recorder is by statute vested with the powers of a Supreme Court Commissioner, and by statute the Supreme Court Commissioners were severally authorized and required to perform all the duties, to execute every act, power and trust, which a Justice of the Supreme Court may perform and execute out of Court, according to the rules and practice of such Court, and pursuant to the provisions of any statute [illegible] all civil cases, except [illegible] cases not [illegible] the present [illegible]. Mr. Gerry then went [illegible] Judge has the power to issue the writ of *habeas corpus*. [illegible] Mr. Oakey Hall, in reply for the people, [illegible] acknowledged [illegible] that the Recorder of the City of New-York had, in 1847, lost the power to issue the writ of *habeas corpus* [illegible], and when, in 1850, the City Judge was created as his assistant, he could not of course, take any power that the Recorder himself did not possess. Mr. Hall then briefly argued from these premises, and claimed that neither the Recorder nor the City Judge had the power to issue the writ of *habeas corpus* since the new Constitution came into force.

Decision reserved.

[illegible] vs. Luther F. Norton, Appellant.—[illegible] in the hands of one McLean, which funds are claimed to have been the funds of Ely.

John H. Reynolds for appellant; Mr. Rowley for respondent.

The Fire Department of the City of Troy, Respondent, vs. Jared G. Bacon, Appellant.—The question involved in this case is the construction of the act of 1857, as amended by the act of 1849. This latter act, under which this suit is brought, repealed all the provisions of the revised statutes upon the subject, and created a fund out of the receipts of the fire departments of incorporated villages and cities for the relief of indigent firemen and their families. These funds are created by providing a tax upon the premiums of foreign and unincorporated insurance companies. Bacon was the agent in the City of Troy of the Liverpool and London Life and Fire Insurance Company; obeyed the requisitions of this statute for several years, and until the year 1860, when he failed to render his account, and thereupon this action was brought; and the question now before this Court is, whether the act of 1857, amendatory of the act of 1847, applied only to the City of New-York, or extended in its operation over the State.

Henry Johns, Appellant, vs. The Rutgers Fire Insurance Company, Respondent.—A husband insuring the property of his wife, and an alleged misnomer occurring in the policy, when the loss occurred the Rutgers Company refusing payment of its share of the loss, the appellant brought suit as the assignee of a mortgagee of the wife for the loss upon the policy, and was non-suited in the Court below, whereupon this appeal was taken. The main question, however, in the case arises from the fact that the Stuyvesant Insurance Company, which took the risk, divided it with the Rutgers Company, giving the insurer a policy in the latter company for a part of the risk, and it is claimed that the Rutgers Company stands in precisely the same legal relation to the insurer as the Stuyvesant Company.

The Niagara Falls Suspension Bridge Company and the Niagara Falls International Bridge Company, Respondents, vs. The Great Western Railroad Company, Appellant.—In October, 1855, the respondents leased the railroad floor of the Suspension Bridge to the Great Western Railroad Company for its exclusive use for railroad purposes during the continuance of its charter at an annual rent of $45,000. The lease provided, among other things, that the respondents should not use those parts of the bridge to the hindrance of the free use by the railway company of the part they had leased, and that the lessee should have the exclusive right to extend to other persons and companies the privilege of crossing the bridge with locomotives, trains and cars carrying passengers, and should have all the profits accruing therefrom—but not to allow persons to cross the bridge who have not come, or are not going at least five miles to or from the bridge; and lastly, that the directors and employés of the lessee and underlessees should have free passes over the bridge, and directors and officers of the respondents should have free passes over the railroads of the lessee and sub-lessee.

It was claimed that the Great Western Railroad Company sub-let the bridge to the New-York Central Railroad Company, and this Company issued free passes over its road to the directors of the bridge companies until June, 1858, when it discontinued the practice, whereupon this suit was brought. It was tried before a referee, who found that the bridge directors had been compelled to pay $486 61 for fares over the New-York Central Railroad, and found them entitled to recover that amount, and also awarding an injunction against the Great Western Railroad Company, restraining it and its agents from carrying or passing any person over the bridge free except its own directors and employés; and the passengers in its trains are going or have come at least five miles to or from the bridge, whereby the New-York Central Railroad was paid off in its own coin. Judgment having been given on the report of the referee, this appeal is taken by the Great Western Railroad Company to get rid of the injunction.

Henry Drew, respondent, vs. The Sixth-avenue Railroad Company, appellant.—This was an action for damages for injuries suffered by the respondent from one of the cars of the appellant, and the appeal is taken for alleged errors of the Judge in charging the jury in the Court below.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Before Judge Cardozo and a Jury.

Philip Speyer et al. vs. Jonas Strauss et al.—This was an action to recover $900, the difference between the value of a bill of exchange on London for £3,000, on the 1st and 4th days of December, 1863. Defendants are manufacturers of clothing, and received from San Francisco a bill of exchange, which on the 1st of December they offered to a broker for sale at 68½ per cent. premium. Defendants claim that the offer was made about 1 P. M., with the understanding that it was to remain open until 3 P. M., and that defendants waited until that hour, and the broker not coming to time, he sold the exchange for its market value, sixty-two per cent. Plaintiffs, on the contrary, claimed that it was an open offer, and that the broker effected a sale and informed defendants of it at a reasonable hour the same afternoon. Gold rose rapidly afterward, and plaintiffs demand damages for the amount they would have realized had defendants adhered to the contract. There was a direct conflict of evidence as to what the agreement between the broker and defendants was, which the jury disposed of by giving a verdict for the plaintiffs for the amount claimed and interest.

Beadoin, Larocque & Barlow for plaintiffs; Vose & McDaniel for defendants.

DECISIONS.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM—APRIL 8.

The following decisions in cases heard at the November term, 1866, before Justices Robertson and Garvin, were made to-day: Catharine Jenkins vs. David E. Wheeler; The judgment must be affirmed without costs, if the plaintiff consents to reduce the verdict and judgment by deducting the decedent's pay from May, 1864, to the time of his arrival in New-York; otherwise it must be reversed, and a new trial granted; (opinion by Robertson, C. J.) Jas. Brooks vs. Jackson S. Schultz et al.; orders appealed from should be affirmed with costs. Ezekiel O'Donnell vs. Same; same decision; (opinion by Robertson, C. J.)

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 8.

By Chief-Justice Robertson.

Max Maretzek vs. Wm. Cauldwell et al.: motion for new trial granted, with costs to abide event. Wm. J. O'Reilly et al. vs. James Friel; attachment dissolved, with $10 costs. George A. Wicks et al. vs. James Friel; attachment dissolved, with $10 costs.

By Judge Garvin.

Geo. Krachen vs. David Olmsted; motion granted.

By Judge McCunn.

Wm. Gregory vs. Sarah Gregory, Administratrix; case settled and cause restored to Special Term Calendar.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 6.

By Barnard, J.

Lydia A. Salisbury vs. Amzi S. Dodd, &c.; motion denied.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 8, 1867.

[illegible]	U. S. 6s, '81, C	[illegible]	[illegible]	West. U. Tel.	41
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b10	[illegible]
[illegible]	U. S. 6s [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	U. S. 5-20s [illegible]	[illegible]	100	Adams Ex. Co.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. Cen. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. 30 call	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Erie Railroad	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	U. S. 5-20s [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b30	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. 30 call b30	[illegible]
[illegible]	Tr. Notes, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
	Second Series	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do. 2d Ser.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Hudson R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Tenn. State 6s, New	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y. & N. H. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Mo. St. 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	Reading	[illegible]
[illegible]	Conn. State 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bk. of Commerce	[illegible]	[illegible]	M. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Continental Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b30	71
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	71
[illegible]	O. & M. C.	[illegible]	100	Mich. Cen.	108
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ill. Cen.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do. b30	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	B. N. Y. & E. 1st M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. 30 call	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	[illegible]	100	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Cl. & Pitts. 4th M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b10	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Imp. & Trad. B'k	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. 30 call	[illegible]
[illegible]	Park Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Cen. Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & R. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Fourth Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Merchants' Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Cum. Coal Pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Tol. W. & W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Quick. Min. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. 30 call	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pac. M. SS. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. J. Cen. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pitts. F. W. & C.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do. 30 call	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Erie R. Pf.	[illegible]
[illegible]	U. S. 5-20s C'64	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mich. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Missouri 6s	[illegible]	100	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pac. M. SS. Co.	[illegible]			

SECOND BOARD.

[illegible]	U. S. 6s 5-20s '65 C.	109	100	Bos. Water P.	[illegible]
[illegible]	U. S. 6s, 10-40 C.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mariposa Pf.	[illegible]
5,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s, 2d Ser.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mich. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Missouri 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ill. Cen. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ohio & M. C.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
100	West. U. Tel.	[illegible]	500	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
200	do. s30	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b15	33
300	Quicksilver	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b15	[illegible]
50	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	[illegible]
100	At. M. S. Co. s60	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. b30	[illegible]

[illegible]	N. Y. Cen.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & R. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Tol. W. & W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	P. F. W. & C.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Reading R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Alt. & T. H.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. & Alt. R.	[illegible]

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

[illegible]	N. Y. Cen.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Erie R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & R. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	M. S. & N. I.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]	[illegible]	P. F. W. & C.	[illegible]

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

[illegible]	Canton Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	M. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Quick. Min. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Mariposa Pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Cen. Gen. Gold	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pac. Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	West. U. Tel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
[illegible]	N. Y. Cen.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Tol. R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic., R. I. & P.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Erie Railroad	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Reading R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	P., F. W. & C.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ill. Cen. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

[illegible]	West. U. Tel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
[illegible]	N. Y. Cen.	[illegible]	[illegible]	C. & R. I. & P.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Erie R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & N. W.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Hudson R. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	C. & N. W. Pf.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Reading R.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	M. S. & N. I.	[illegible]	[illegible]	P., F. W. & C.	[illegible]

Monday, April 8—P. M.

The weekly averages of the Associated Local and National Banks in the Clearing-house of this City, for the week ending Saturday last, April 6, compare as follows with the previous week, and with the corresponding week last year; to which we add the specie and currency balances in the New-York office of the United States Treasury at these dates, respectively:

Decrease in Loans	$812,337
Decrease in Specie	383,796
Decrease in other Legal-Tenders	3,438,036
Decrease in Deposits	4,618,981
Increase in Circulation	105,975

	April 7, 1866.	April 6, 1867.	March 30, 1867.
National Cap'l..	$73,197,700	$74,457,700	$74,457,700
Local Capital..	8,878,500	9,062,500	9,062,500
Total Capital..	$81,966,200	$83,520,200	$83,520,200
Loans..	243,643,753	254,476,027	255,288,364
Gold and Gold Notes..	11,436,306	8,138,813	8,522,609
Other L. Tend'r	71,446,066	59,021,775	62,459,811
Deposits..	189,094,961	183,861,269	188,480,250
Circulation..	24,127,061	32,774,573	32,669,195
In Sub-Trea'y..	33,621,790	105,189,790	100,634,126

The National Bank circulation reported through the Clearing-house is as follows:

New-York	$353,441	Citizens'	$133,553
Merchants'	387,149	Market	532,800
Mechanics'	663,500	St. Nicholas	759,460
Union	480,967	Shoe & Leather	947,298
Phenix	291,375	Continental	570,721
Tradesmen's	743,997	Commonwealth	248,727
Mer. Exchange	453,121	Marine	353,060
Gallatin	494,130	Atlantic	99,150
Butchers & D.	249,108	Importers'	503,997
Mechanics & T.	195,720	Park	1,000,000
Leather	297,110	M. Association	309,197
Seventh Ward	179,041	Grocers'	81,550
State	155,000	East River	283,500
Am. Exchange	986,310	Fourth	2,956,136
Commerce	5,944,565	Central	1,671,654
Broadway	900,000	Second	260,000
Ocean	794,550	Ninth	947,461
Mercantile	483,097	First	447,505
Pacific	141,724	Third	792,921
Republic	853,780	N. Y. Exchange	269,626
Chatham	132,650	Tenth	898,300
N. America	328,777	Croton	180,000
Hanover	280,250	N. Currency	90,000
Irving	192,000	Bowery	225,000
Metropolitan	2,132,683		
Total 49 National Banks			$33,697,227
Total 13 other National and Local Banks			76,748
Total on Clearing-house report, April 6			$33,774,975
On previous report, March 30			33,669,195
Increase in circulation			$105,975

The Bank returns, as anticipated on Saturday evening, shows a large transfer of Deposits to the Treasury Office, of which about three and a half millions was in Greenbacks. The variations in Loans, Specie and Circulation are not important in amount. The Statement, in the loss of Deposits, taken in connection with a corresponding gain in the balances of the Treasury since last Monday, disproves the suspicion, entertained in some quarters during the pressure for Money last week, that artificial means had been resorted to by certain Stock speculators to aggravate the demand. To-day the market at Bank and among the Brokers is somewhat irregular again. The demand is by no means general, and many of the prominent Brokers had little or nothing to do either in borrowing or lending. But we hear in other directions that considerable sums were called in this morning by Bank and other lenders, inducing a demand to replace these loans at the full rate of 7 ℘ cent. At the close of the day the prevailing report is that the market is steady.

The Gold Room and Foreign Exchanges were much excited to-day by the Cable dispatches of a War fever on the Continent. The French funds had a heavy fall in Paris on Saturday afternoon, and United States 5-20s fell 1½ ℘ cent. at Frankfort on Sunday. This morning, in London, there was also considerable agitation in the English and Foreign Funds, including United States 5-20s, but the decline was less important, the latter at one time as low as 74@73¾ ℘ cent., but at 2 o'clock had recovered to 74¼ ℘ cent. The Gold Room opened at 133¾ ℘ cent., and under the foreign news rapidly advanced to 136 ℘ cent., from which there was a decline to 135¼ ℘ cent., and a subsequent return to sales at 135¾@¾ ℘ cent. There was much excitement in the Room, and the fluctuations quite frequent. The Foreign Exchanges were higher by ¼@½ ℘ cent. in the rates quoted by the standard bankers, who for a time were indisposed to name a price at which they would draw large sums. The actual sales were on the basis of 109@109½ ℘ cent. for 60 days on London. The decline in United States 5-20s of 1862 from Saturday's sales was ½@¾ ℘ cent., and ½@¾ on 1865s, May and November. The other descriptions, not dealt in on the other side, were steady at Saturday's figures. The Treasury Office bought $1,000,000 of 7.30s and Compound Notes, and the Currency balances in the Office ran down over two millions. The Customs in Gold were $321,000.

The Railway market on the Stock Exchange, after opening with some show of firmness in the morning, soon manifested a bearish turn, and this feeling continued throughout the day, with heavy sales of nearly all the New-York and Western Roads at declining prices. The business, it will be noticed from the Board lists of sales, was large, and eagerness to put out contracts for cash and on short date contracts was quite general among the operators at the Open Board and in the Long Room. The market was adversely influenced by the further fall in New-York Central a fraction below par, on the prevailing belief that Gov. Fenton has vetoed the Bill of Relief, and that it may be difficult to pass it over the Veto in one or both branches of the Legislature. Heavy sales continue to be made of Rock Island and Pittsburgh, and there is some disposition also to bear, more decidedly than last week, Fort Wayne and the Northwest Stocks, and also Philadelphia and Reading. The Steamship shares were not much lower than on Saturday; the other Miscellaneous shares participated in the general depression in prices.

At 5 o'clock P. M. the following quotations were made as compared with Saturday P. M.:

	Sat.	Mon.		Sat.	Mon.
U. S. 10-40s	[illegible]	[illegible]	Northwest	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20s	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. West Pref.	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rock Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fort Wayne	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]	Quicksilver	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	W. U. Telegraph	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mich. Southern	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Illinois Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ohio Certificates	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pittsburgh	[illegible]	[illegible]	American Gold	[illegible]	[illegible]
Toledo & W.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Bills on London	[illegible]	[illegible]

The following bids were made for the Public Funds of the United States:

[illegible]	[illegible]	5-20 reg., 1865, new issue	107¼
[illegible]	[illegible]	5-20 coup., 1865, new issue	107¼
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	102
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	102
[illegible]	[illegible]	10-40 [illegible]	97½
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	7-30 [illegible] series	105¾
[illegible]	[illegible]	7-30 [illegible] series	105¾

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	118	Metropolitan	125
Union	116	Nassau	106
America	135	Shoe and Leather	110½
Phenix	108	Corn Exchange	117
Seventh Ward	110	Continental	103
State of New-York	109	Imp'rs. & Traders	119
Commerce	113	Park	140
Ocean	102	Central National	110
American Exchange	116½	Fourth National	104½
Bank of the Repub.	114	Tenth National	102
Bank of N. America	106		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	94	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. ext.	97¼
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	91	Tol. & W. 2d M.	[illegible]
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	[illegible]	Gt. Western [illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. '76	[illegible]	Mil. & Pr. du Ch. 1st M.	[illegible]
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '75	[illegible]	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	[illegible]
Erie 1st mort. 1867	[illegible]	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	[illegible]
Erie 7s, 2d mort. 1879	[illegible]	Clev. & Tol. S. Fund	[illegible]
Erie 7s, 3d mort. [illegible]	[illegible]	Pitts. F. W. & Chi. 2d M.	[illegible]
Erie 7s, 4th mort. [illegible]	[illegible]	Pitts. F. W. & Ch. 3d M.	[illegible]
Buff., N. Y. & Erie 1st M. '77	[illegible]	Clev. & P. 2d M.	[illegible]
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M. [illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & P. 3d M. con.	[illegible]
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	[illegible]	Clev. & P. 4th M.	[illegible]
Harlem 2d M. [illegible]	[illegible]	Clev. & P. [illegible]	[illegible]
N. Ind. Goshen Line '68	[illegible]	Chic. & Alton 1st M.	[illegible]
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. [illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. & Alton Income	[illegible]
Ill. Cen. 7s [illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & R. I. [illegible]	[illegible]
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alton & T. H. 2d M. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alton & T. H. 2d M. [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	[illegible]	Chi. & Mil. 1st M.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. Int.	[illegible]	Joliet & Chi. 1st mort.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	[illegible]	Chi. & Gt. East'n 1st M.	[illegible]
Con. 7 ℘ cent. conv.	[illegible]	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	[illegible]

The *Journal of Commerce* is not satisfied with the funding operations of the Treasury. It never has been. One month they are too slow, another too rapid. The last Statement, the writer complains, shows a reduction of temporary interest-bearing Currency Debt out of proportion to the increase of Funded Gold-bearing Debt. He might have said as much of the February Statement, reserving his cause of complaint. Nevertheless, Mr. McCulloch pursues as closely as he finds practicable the line of authority marked out for his government by the funding acts of March 3, 1865, and April 12, 1866. He equalizes his funding operations as rapidly as the condition of the Treasury and the demand for 5-20s and supply of 7.30s, without loss in the exchange, will permit. The process is sufficiently rapid to remove all serious apprehension that the whole work may not be accomplished, without change of programme, (and least of all *such* change as the *Journal* writer and his friends would make to a long date 6 ℘ cent. absolute Gold-bearing Stock,) by the time, if not before, the temporary debt falls due. Let us review the results in February and March:

	7.30s retired.	5-20s issued.
February	$30,888,000	$44,809,500
March	50,467,900	34,723,000
Total	$81,355,900	$79,632,500

Here is an average of $40,677,950 ℘ month of 7.30 ℘ cents., cancelled before maturity, out of a total on the 1st of February of $663,686,100, which average continued through the seventeen and a half months that these Notes had then to run *would more than fund the entire issues.*

Parties interested in the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Company will probably be advised in the course of Tuesday that the Board of Directors, to meet at Pittsburgh to-night, have determined upon a division of the surplus income of the Road in a shape satisfactory to the Stockholders, and which will place the property in an independent financial position for the future.

The Cotton Trade.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The cotton question is an important one at this time, as the supply in this country is now less uncertain than it was one month ago, and we can make a more reliable estimate of the total.

In a circular written by a firm in this City on the 26th of February last, to their foreign correspondents, they gave the total receipts of cotton at the ports in the United States to Feb. 22, 1867, 1,305,000 bales, and stated if receipts from that time should fall off 5,000 per week, the receipts on the 17th of May would end with 1,695,000 bales. I give their estimates of receipts of cotton, and opposite each week the actual amount received for the past six weeks:

Total received Feb. 22, 1867, 1,305,000 bales.
Estimated receipts March 1, 1867, 60,000 bales—actual 60,000 bales.
Estimated receipts March 8, 1867, 55,000 bales—actual 52,000 bales.
Estimated receipts March 15, 1867, 50,000 bales—actual 46,000 bales.
Estimated receipts March 22, 1867, 45,000 bales—actual 41,000 bales.
Estimated receipts March 29, 1867, 40,000 bales—actual 34,000 bales.
Estimated receipts April 5, 1867, 35,000 bales—actual 31,000 bales.

You will see by the above statement of actual receipts they have been much less after 1st of March than the estimates made six weeks ago. The conclusion I arrive at is that a larger percentage of the cotton crop appeared this year at the seaports previous to 1st inst., than in any year between 1850 and 1861.

Included in the above weekly receipts are the amounts received at New-York, Boston and Philadelphia from the South and Southwest not counted at Southern ports; the corrections this year will be less than hitherto, as it has been customary in previous years to count receipts at the three Northern ports at the end of the season.

All the channels for transportation of cotton from plantations were in good order at the end of September, 1866. Planters were forced by their necessities to sell their cotton. The receipts were large at Southern ports till the 15th of March; since then have been trifling from plantations from the east of the Mississippi to the Atlantic. At New-Orleans for the last three weeks the receipts of cotton have been to a considerable extent from Memphis and other interior towns. The correspondents at the former place of several firms in the cotton trade in this City write that receipts of cotton there have been increased by floods, which have devastated lands near the rivers, and many lots of cotton in warehouses in the interior or near river banks have been hurried to market.

We have also seen in March a large reduction in stock of cotton in the interior towns, and infer that the quantity left in planters' hands is very moderate.

The damage by floods has been great; planters on overflowed lands will be afraid to plant cotton when the waters subside, as the rise in the Western rivers may later on cause another and greater flood. Provisions in the South are at famine prices, and former cotton-growers will probably turn their attention more to corn and wheat.

Our Financial Danger.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The writer who, under the above heading, occupies over two columns of the *Herald* of Saturday, in presenting a most fearful picture of our financial position, may, perhaps, feel his alarm somewhat relieved, if I point out a *slight* error in his premises.

That alarm is caused by the fact that, *according to his estimate*, our irredeemable currency amounts in round numbers, to the appalling sum of $1,500,000,000. This estimate, he arrives at, by the very novel method of adding to the *amount of paper really issued* by the Government and the National Banks, the *amount of deposits*, public and private, in the several banks on the 1st of January, 1867. To refute such reasoning is almost as absurd as the reasoning itself, and I only call your attention to the matter because a great many readers may not take the trouble to examine whether the premises on which the writer in question bases his whole argument, are well established or not. That writer would, no doubt, be very much surprised if, having issued his own notes on demand for $10,000, he should be told that his indebtedness was, in reality, $20,000, because those notes formed part of the deposits in the hands of a bank, and that such deposit must be added to the amount of his notes, to arrive at an exact estimate of his liabilities. Yet this is exactly what he does with the liabilities of the Government in the shape of irredeemable currency.

The simple fact is, that the deposits in question form a *part* of the amount of currency really issued, and in no way increase the total amount of liabilities. The amount held in deposit by the banks really belongs to the individual depositors, and if the reasoning of the writer I criticise were correct, not only the amount deposited but the amount still in the hands of individuals should be added to the amount issued, and we should then have some one thousand eight hundred millions of irredeemable currency, which it is a pity the writer did not perceive, as he might have presented us with a still more terrible view of our situation.

There are in his statement other points quite as absurd as that which I have undertaken to refute, but it is not for my purpose necessary to refer to them.

The amount of the so-called irredeemable currency for which the Government is responsible, is, in round numbers, about $900,000,000. Of this, however, the National Bank Notes constitute about $300,000,000.

These latter can, at the will of Congress, be redeemed at any moment, by the simple return to the issuers thereof of the United States bonds held as security for them; and it is plain that if their amount is to be *added to the liabilities* of the Government, a *corresponding amount must be deducted from the debt in the shape of bonds.*

The National Bank system is simply the lending of the *better credit of the debtor*, to enable the *creditor* to obtain money on the obligations of that debtor. The debtor may be called upon to make good the secondary obligations of the creditor, but in so doing he decreases his own indebtedness, the vouchers for which are in his hands as security for his guarantee. Should the Government be obliged to redeem the National Bank currency, it would by so doing discharge just so much of its *bonded* debt.

It appears to me, therefore, that the amount of the *so-called* irredeemable curren y is in reality reduced to the sum of the legal-tender notes, fractional currency and compound-interest notes, say in all about $580,000,000; (the coin certificates which the writer includes in his estimate as irredeemable, are redeemable on demand in coin;) and when I consider that the obligations of an individual, or a Government, must be as good, as a security, in one shape as in another, I can see no cause for alarm, but rather for congratulation, in the fact that $580,000,000 of our indebtedness should exist in the shape of legal-tenders instead of 5-20 bonds. W. H. A.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ OVER THIRTEEN MILLION DOLLARS IN GOLD was paid in 1863 for freighting goods from Sacramento, California, to the mining regions of Nevada. A large proportion of this immense transportation is already done by the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD, which now meets the teams ninety-four miles east of Sacramento, within twelve miles of the summit of the Sierra Nevadas. Every additional mile that the road advances gives to it an additional proportion of this productive traffic, while it creates additional trade by its presence.

During the present year the rails will penetrate to the heart of the rich sources of this traffic, and the road will command it all. Its earnings will then be enormous, independent of the thorough connection with the East, which in two or three years will further enrich it with the transportation between the markets of Asia and Europe. The FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company possess unusual features of stability and safety, and afford a more profitable investment than any other equally reliable security. Interest SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM IN GOLD. Price 95 per cent. and accrued interest from Jan. 1, in Currency.

For further particulars apply to
FISK & HATCH, Bankers,
No. 5 Nassau-street.

☞ FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, NO. 5 NASSAU-ST.,
Will receive SEVEN-THIRTY notes of all the series in exchange for the NEW 5-20 CONSOLIDATED BONDS, at the best market rates, which holders of seven-thirties will find to their advantage.

☞ BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.
These include Park, Water and other Improvement Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.
Wall and Nassau sts

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Monday, April 8, 1867.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been 21 bbls. Ashes, 5,875 bbls. Flour, 977 bags Corn Meal, 49,700 bushels Wheat, 2,650 bushels Corn, 811 bushels Oats, 2,112 bbls. Pork, 741 pkgs. Cut Meats, 63 pkgs. Beef, 65 pkgs. Lard, and 484 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are in light supply and are wanted at $8 50@$8 62½ for Pots and $13 50@$14 (nominally) for Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been moderately inquired for at full rates. Java at 25c.@26½c.; Native Ceylon, 19c.@20c.; Maracaibo, 17½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@19c.; Rio, 15c.@19½c.; St. Domingo, 16c.@16½c., in gold ℘ lb.

COTTON—Has been in rather limited demand, as buyers have been reluctant to pay asking prices in view of the very unfavorable foreign news, while the principal holders have been unwilling to make any important concession, in view of the sudden rise and decided buoyancy in the gold market. Middling grades 27c.@28½c., chiefly within the range, ℘ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 1,890 bales, against receipts of 1,065 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts last week	20,201
Receipts preceding week	14,380
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	263,862
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1866	501,648
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	667,396
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	811,259
Exports since Tuesday	9,213
Exports since Jan. 1	177,863
Exports since Sept. 1	267,198
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,300
Estimated stock on hand here	107,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,371,000
Receipts at all the ports from Sept. 1, 1866, to latest mail dates	1,565,000
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1866	935,000
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports by latest mail dates	565,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in quite active request since our last, mainly for regular trade purposes, but, in part, on speculative account, at a further advance of 15c.@25c. ℘ bbl. Sales since our last have been 12,700 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $10 25@$11 50; common to good Extra State at $11 50@$12 50; good to choice do. do. at $12 50@$13 50; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $12 25@$13 40 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$10 25	@11 50
Extra State	11 50	@13 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	11 55	@15 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	12 25	@13 40
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	13 45	@15 50
Extra Genesee	13 50	@15 50
Common to choice extra Missouri	14 50	@18 25

Southern Flour has been in pretty good request at firmer prices. Sales have been reported of 470 bbls. at $11 85@$13 35 for ordinary to fair extra, and $13 40@$17 75 for fair to very choice extra do. ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is in fair demand at equal to $12 45@$16 10 for extra, ℘ bbl.; sales 50 bbls. Rye Flour is in good request at from $7 70@$8 60 ℘ bbl.; sales 650 bbls. Corn Meal continues in fair demand at $5 20@$5 35 for Western and Pennsylvania; $5 25@$5 40 for Jersey; and $6 40@$6 25 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.; sales 300 bbls. Of California and Oregon Flour sales were reported of 1,300 bbls. and sacks, at $15 20@$16 45 ℘ bbl. of 196 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in lively request to-day and at a further decided advance. The extreme rates asked, however, have tended to check operations. Sales since our last 52,500 bushels, including White Canadian at $3 30; No. 3 to choice No. 2 Spring at $2 58@$2 70; and White California at $3 35@$3 40 ℘ bushel. Corn has been quite briskly sought after to-day at an advance of about 3c. ℘ bushel; closing, however, rather tamely. Sales since our last 214,000 bushels, at $1 22@$1 25½, chiefly at $1 24@$1 25 for Mixed Western in store; $1 25½@$1 27 for mixed Western afloat; $1 20@$1 29½ for new Yellow and White Jersey, Western and Southern, ℘ bushel. Oats have been quite active at an advance of 3c. ℘ bushel. We quote Chicago, Milwaukee, Michigan and Ohio at 60c.@73c.; and State at 75c.@78c., the latter rate for part of a load, ℘ bushel; sales 134,000 bushels. Barley continues quiet, yet steady; sales since our last 9,460 bushels, at $1 19 for Canada West, free, ℘ bushel. Barley Malt is quiet at $1 30@$1 40. Rye is in brisk demand and quoted much higher; sales 53,000 bushels, at $1 50@$1 58 for Western, $1 58 for State, and $1 60 for Canadian, free, ℘ bushel.

Stock of Grain in the New-York and Brooklyn Warehouses:

	Bush.		Bush.
Wheat	1,313,349	Barley	615,806
Corn	1,479,121	Malt	23,091
Oats	1,557,888	Peas	28,890
Rye	372,467		

HAY—North River is in fair demand at $1 50@$1 55 for shipment, and $1 70@$1 90 for local use, ℘ 100 lbs. Straw 95c.@$1 10 ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet at former prices, including new at 35c.@70c.; old at 20c.@45c.; also, new foreign at 58c.@85c. ℘ lb.

HEMP—Has been firm in price, but inactive.

LATHS—Have been in moderate demand at uniform prices.

MOLASSES—Is in fair demand and steady, including Porto Rico at 60c.@75c.; Cuba at 45c.@55c.; New-Orleans at 80c.@95c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in rather more request, including Spirits Turpentine at 75c.@78c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $5 50@$5 75; Rosin at $4@$10 50 ℘ 280 lbs; Tar at $2 58@$3 12; Pitch, $4@$4 50 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Have been in limited request, including Crude Whale at 75c.@80c.; Bleached Whale at 95c.@$1; Crude Sperm at $2 50; Unbleached do. at $2 85@$2 90; Lard Oil at 90c.@$1 20; Red Oil at 65c.@70c.; Linseed Oil $1 27@$1 28 for English and American, ℘ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Continues in limited request at 14½c.@16c. for Crude, 25c.@28c. for ordinary to prime Refined, in bond, and 40c.@42c. for Refined, free, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more active, but irregular in price, closing in favor of sellers. Sales have been reported of 4,700 bbls., in lots, at $22 81 @$23 15 for new Western Mess, closing at $23 05 cash; $22@$22 25 cash, and regular way, for one-year-old City and Western Mess; $19@$19 25 for Prime; $21 75@$22 25 for Prime Mess, ⅌ bbl. Also, 1,500 bbls. New Mess, seller's and buyer's option, April and May, part at $23 12@$23 50 ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats have been in limited demand, and heavy at 8c.@10c. for Shoulders, and 13½c.@14½c. for Hams, ⅌ lb. Sales equal to 150 pkgs. Bacon is of rather better demand; sales 172 boxes, at 11¼c. for Short Rib; 10¼c.@10½c. for Cumberland Cut, ⅌ lb. Lard has been in fair request and steady; sales have been reported since our last of 1,300 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 12c.@13¼c. for new, ⅌ lb. Small lots of very choice now bring a shade higher prices. Beef continues in moderate demand at $12@$20 for very poor to choice Plain Mess, and $18 50@$23 50 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 450 bbls. Tierce Beef continues in limited supply and demand. Beef Hams continue dull and nominal. Butter is in more request at 20c.@35c. for State, and 35c.@40c. for fancy do., and 11c.@31c. for poor to prime Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese has been in moderate demand at 10c.@18c. ⅌ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.		
Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ⅌ lb.	32	@34
Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ⅌ lb.	35	@40
New-York State Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ⅌ lb.	30	@32
New-York State Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	25	@28
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ⅌ lb.	30	@32
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	26	@28
New-York State Dairies—ordinary qualities, ⅌ lb.	22	@24
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, good to extra, ⅌ lb.	26	@28
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	20	@22
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	20	@25
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, ordinary, ⅌ lb.	20	@22
Western Reserve—firkins, ordinary, ⅌ lb.	14	@15
Western States—firkins, fair to good, ⅌ lb.	15	@18
Western States—firkins, ordinary, ⅌ lb.	13	@15
Western States—firkins, common	12	@13
Grease Butter—firkins, ⅌ lb.	11	@11½
CHEESE.		
Factory Dairies, 1st quality State, ⅌ lb.	17	@18
Factory Dairies, 2d quality State, ⅌ lb.	16	@17
Factory Dairies, Western, ⅌ lb.	16	@17
Farm Dairies, 1st quality State, ⅌ lb.	17	@18
Farm Dairies, 2d quality State, ⅌ lb.	15	@16
Farm Dairies, Western, ⅌ lb.	15	@16
Skimmed Cheese, Western and State, ⅌ lb.	10	@15
Farm Dairies, Common, ⅌ lb.	12	@14

SUGARS—Have been in demand, at buoyant prices. Sales since our last 1,070 hhds. Cuba at from 10½c.@12½c., and 460 boxes Havana at 10½c.@12½c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars are in good demand at from 13¾c.@15c. ⅌ lb.

STEARINE—Sales 47,000 lbs. at 11¾c.@12¼c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 178,000 lbs. at 11c.@11¼c.; also 21,000 lbs. Grease at 10c.@11¼c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 110 bbls. ordinary State and Western, in bond, at 29c.@31c.; and 100 bbls. Old Western, in bond, at 40c. ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 120 bales Cotton at ¼d. by sailing vessel, and ⅜d. by steamer, ⅌ lb.; 150 bbls. Pork, by steamer, at 2s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; 500 bbls. Resin at 1s. 6d. ⅌ 280 lbs.; 100 boxes Bacon at 15s. ⅌ ton; 45 hhds Tallow at 12s. 6d., by sailing vessel, and 20s. by steamer, and 175 tons Cedar at 16s. ⅌ ton. For other ports, nothing really new.

DRY GOODS.

ASTOUNDING BARGAINS.

BLACK COLORADO CLOTH, a new fabric, two yards wide, $8 per dress; worth $14. BALMORAL CRAPE, $5 per dress; worth $8. POPLIN ALPACAS, $6 per dress; worth $10. 200 pieces silver and iron gray material for traveling, from $6 to $12 per dress. Most beautiful goods. CALL AND SEE.

W. JACKSON, Importer, No. 551 Broadway.
Opposite Tiffany & Co.

CORSETS.

A specialty.
At Mrs. GAYNOR'S new store,
Broadway, corner of 12th-st.

SPRING GOODS.

Ladies, before making new dresses, should procure a pair of Mrs. Gaynor's celebrated Paris hand-made Corsets; most elegant shapes.

Children's Corsets, Waists, Shoulder Braces.
NURSING CORSETS, &c., &c.

SKIRTS.

All the latest Paris fashions, including the favorite train attachment. (No lady should be without one.)
FULL DRESS OVER-SKIRTS, WITH TRAIN.
FRENCH WASHING SKIRTS, very light.

Mrs. GAYNOR particularly studies the figure of each lady. The great variety of styles of Corsets and Skirts which she has expressly made in Paris for her own trade enables her to suit all figures.

N. B.—Mrs. GAYNOR personally attends at this upper store. No. 824 Broadway, corner of 12th-st., and No. 765 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.

Ladies' Ready-made UNDERWEAR, in great variety. Orders made up very reasonably.

TO FAMILIES VISITING THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

CACHMIRES AND LACES,
COMPAGNIE DES INDIS,
80 RUE RICHELIEU, 80.

Messrs. VERDE DELISLE, the proprietors, respectfully desire to inform the American ladies who visit the French capital, that they will find at their establishment the largest and richest assortment of CACHMIRES AND LACES in the world, at prices that will sustain any and every comparison. The fabriques of the Company, placed as they are in every lace district of France and Belgium, and in all of the shawl districts of India, enable them to sell at the price of manufacture instead of merchants, as well as to produce designs EXCLUSIVELY THEIR OWN. English is CURRENTLY SPOKEN IN THE ESTABLISHMENT.

N. B.—The proprietors pay no commissions to any parties to bring custom to the house.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

NEW SPRING RIBBONS READY TO-DAY.
COMPLETE LINES OF FASHIONABLE BONNET RIBBONS, CHEAP.

Auction Ribbons for bonnets, every width, style and color, at 10c., 13c., 20c., 25c., 31c., 44c., 50c. and 75c. per yard.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

DRAB, SLATE, STEEL AND OTHER DESIRABLE SHADES IN SATIN.

Cheap Silks and new Bonnet Materials.
Bargains in real Laces, Blonds, Malines, &c., &c.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

Feathers, Flowers and Ornaments in endless variety.
Dress Trimmings, Beaded Gimps, Fringes, Insertings, &c., &c., cheap.
New designs in Buttons, Ornaments, &c., &c., for dresses and cloaks.
Also, full lines of Colored and Black Silk Velvet Ribbons, very much under regular prices.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

From auction and private sale, Silk Sun Shades, Parasols, &c.
Umbrellas from $1 each upward, bargains.
Paris-made Corsets, from 50 cents each.
Finer corsets very much under last month's prices.
Ladies' Skirts and new Fancy Goods every day.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand; Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES CHEAP.

Ladies' Kid Gloves, at 44c., 50c., 75c. and $1 per pair.
Linen Collars, Sets, Sleeves and Cuffs, new styles, low prices.
Auction Embroideries, Linen Handkerchiefs, plain and brocaded.
Jaconet, Mull and Swiss Muslins, all under price and cheap.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand, and 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

NEW SPRING SHAPES IN STRAW BONNETS AND JOCKEYS!

Tyrol, Dagmar, Princess, Josephine, Boulevard, Avenue, Empress, Standard, Ristori, Mary Stuart, Vesta, Graceful, Venus, Alma, Promenade, Carlotta, Paris, Turban, London Park, Sontag, Rainbow, Star, Eureka, Rosetti, &c., &c. We have these with other styles in both Plain and Fancy Braids suitable for Infants, Children, Misses and Ladies, in both Bonnets and Jockeys. Prices, as usual, lower than any house in this business.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st., and Nos. 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE

You can purchase cut lengths of millinery goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call. Remember we have no fancy Broadway rent to charge upon our goods. Everything is purchased and sold for cash. Inspect our stock, it will repay you.

EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand; Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

R. H. MACY.

NOW OPENING.
1,000 dozen ladies', gents and children's
DESCHAMP'S PARIS KID GLOVES,
ALL SELECTED SPRING COLORS.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.
No. 66 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.,
14th-st. and 6th-av.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,

No. 739 BROADWAY, (opposite Astor-place.)
NOW OPEN.

Spring novelties for children, POPLIN and PIQUE SUITS, ROBES GABRIELLE, CLOAKS, CAPS, SLIPS, WAISTS, APRONS, BLANKETS, BIBS, SHOES, CORSETS, SPENCERS, &c., &c., ready made and made to order.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,

BROADWAY, (opposite Astor-place.)

FRENCH LINGARIE for ladies and children, large stock of EMBROIDERED YOKES, CHEMISE BANDS, DRAWERS, TRIMMINGS, NIGHT-GOWN SETS, &c., &c.

INITIALS and MONOGRAMS EMBROIDERED to ORDER for HANDKERCHIEFS, TABLE LINEN and BED CLOTHES. EMBROIDERIES, STAMPING and STAMPED GOODS.

UNDERGARMENTS.

$10,000 worth of Chemise, Night Dresses, Drawers, Slips, Waist and Robes, closing out at cost to make room for other goods.

BENNETT WILLIAMS,
No. 477 Broadway.

MATTING.—2,000 ROLLS MATTING, double imperial contract, white and checked, in store and for sale by

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL,
No. 54 South-st.

FANS.—300 CASES CHINESE FANS, PALM and paper, of different varieties, in store, for sale by

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL,
No. 54 South-st.

CHINA FIREWORKS.—100 CASES ROCKets and double headers for sale by

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL,
No. 54 South-st.

CHINA SILK RICE GOODS.—200 CASES China silks, pongees, sarsnets, sinchews, dress silks, handkerchiefs, &c., &c., for sale by

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL,
No. 54 South-st.

DRY GOODS.

R. L. SOLOMON & SONS

WILL REMOVE INTO THEIR "NEW STORE"
MAY 1.

Until that time they will offer their stock of
CURTAIN GOODS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
PAPER HANGINGS,
AND WINDOW SHADES
AT PRICES THAT WILL WELL REPAY AN INSPECTION.

No. 289 Broadway.

CARPETINGS, HOUSE-FURNISHING, and UPHOLSTERY GOODS, in every variety, including

THE LATEST SPRING NOVELTIES

in Velvet, Brussels, Three-ply, Ingrain and Stair-Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Oil-Cloths, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Brocatels, Damask, Moreens, Reps, Plushes, Lace Curtains, Draperies and Curtain Materials of every kind.

ALSO,

House-furnishing Goods, Quilts, Counterpanes, Blankets, Linens, Damasks, Sheetings, Napkins, Piano and Table Covers, &c., &c.

BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

NOTE.—Particular attention given to fitting-up and furnishing hotels, steamers and private residences.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,

Including the very latest Spring styles.

RICH SILKS,	GRENADINES,
IRISH POPLINS,	BAREGES,
FRENCH POPLINS,	CAMBRICS, &c., &c.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, cor. GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

SPRING SHAWLS, CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, CLOAKINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c.

A full assortment

AT RETAIL.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, cor. GRAND-ST.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

NOVELTIES FOR SPRING.

In the ladies and juveniles' furnishing department,

BREAKFAST ROBES,	CHILDREN'S DRESSES,
ROBES DE CHAMBRE,	INFANTS' WARDROBES,
UNDER CLOTHING,	BRIDAL TROUSSEAUX,

CORSETS, CHILDREN'S HATS, CAPS, &c., &c., &c.
Ready made and made to order.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY, cor. GRAND-ST.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

RICH PARIS DRESS SILKS.

A full assortment of Choice Novelties for Spring.
ALSO, LOW-PRICED SILKS.
Stripes, Checks, Plain Colors and Black, a full and desirable assortment

AT RETAIL!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

E. F. MANY & CO.,
NO. 6 FOURTH-AVENUE,

Preparatory to removing to their NEW STORE, No. 14 4th-av., are selling their large stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS, DRUGGETS, MATS, RUGS, &c.,
AT COST.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

BENNETT WILLIAMS,
NO. 477 BROADWAY.

WILL OFFER AT COST,
AND LESS THAN COST.

2,000 yards EMBROIDERED AND MACHINE EDGINGS and INSERTIONS.
1,000 yards VALENCIENNES LACES and INSERTIONS.
1,000 dozen HEM-STITCH LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
500 BLACK THREAD LACE VAILS.
REAL VALENCIENNES LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, $3 and upward.
VALENCIENNES LACES, sets $5 and $6, worth $10 and $12.
BREAKFAST AND TRAVELING SETS at half price.
REAL POINT-POINT APPLIQUE and CLUNY LACES, SETS and HANDKERCHIEFS.
BLACK THREAD GUIPURE and BLOND LACES.
LLAMA LACE POINTS and MANTILLAS.
With a complete assortment of every other article in the trade
AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

R. H. MACY.

SPRING TRADE,
NOW OPENING.
1,000 CASES STRAW GOODS,
LATEST SPRING STYLES AND SHAPES.
2,000 NEW STYLES PARASOLS.

A full assortment of best quality Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons, Velvets, Dress Trimmings in all the latest novelties, Buttons, Notions, French Flowers, &c.,
AT POPULAR PRICES.

DESCHAMP'S BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES,
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED,
AT POPULAR PRICES.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LINENS, WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c.,
AT POPULAR PRICES.

No. 66 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.
Fourteenth-st. and 6th-av.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

BARGAINS IN CLOTHING.

A LARGE WHOLESALE STOCK OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,
will be offered for sale
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 1,
AT RETAIL,
REGARDLESS OF COST,

consisting of BUSINESS SUITS, FROCK COATS, SACKS, PANTS & VESTS, SPRING OVERCOATS, &c.

BUSINESS COATS	$3 00 to $20
PANTS	$2 00 to $10
VESTS	$1 50 to $6

At 100 and 102 Reade-street.

FURNITURE.

REMOVAL.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
NO. 277 CANAL-ST.,

MANUFACTURERS OF WALNUT, CHESTNUT and fine ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, will remove about the 1st of April to their new and spacious warerooms, corner of Spring and Crosby sts., one block east of Broadway, between the St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels.

We have at present the largest and best stock of CHAMBER FURNITURE of any house in this City, which we will sell prior to our removal at a very great reduction in prices.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
SPRINGMEYER BROS.
LATE J. H. BELTER & CO.
FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BUREAUS.
(one lock controlling four drawers.)

Also, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Oak Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture.

No. 722 Broadway, New-York.
Factory, 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

CHAMBER AND DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.—The greatest variety of CHAMBER SUITES, made from Walnut or Chestnut; also the most extensive assortment of ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE, is to be found at wholesale or retail, at Nos. 203 and 205 Canal-st., corner Mulberry, by EDWARD W. BAXTER & CO. We are manufacturers, and sell at lower prices than any other house in the City.

FURNITURE.—D. FOLEY, NO. 480 6TH-AV., between 27th and 28th sts., offers to the public his well assorted stock of furniture 25 per cent. less for the same class of goods than can be purchased in the City; all goods warranted.

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OR A PART of it, in a three-story, high-stoop house on Murray Hill, consisting of mirrors, chandeliers, carpets, beds, bedding, sofas, [illegible] for City lots. Inquire of J. P. HAYS, No. 72 Beekman-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. [illegible] Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, parlor and chamber suits, mattresses, &c., at cost, to close the business by the first of May. E. M. COWPERTWAIT, No. 11 Bowery.

WANTED—A PATENT FLUTING-MACHINE, attachable to the sewing-machine. Address for ten days L. E. FAGLE, No. 3 Clinton-place.

LOST AND FOUND.

$5 REWARD.—LOST ON 4:15 P. M. CENTRAL Railroad train from New-York to Elizabeth, N. J., April 4, a POCKET-BOOK, containing a commutation ticket for three months, No. [illegible] and other memoranda. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at the Times Office, or No. [illegible] Washington-st., Elizabeth, N. J., and receive the thanks of the subscriber.

PERSONAL.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO HAS A LETTER for Miss ROSA ALLEN, will find her at No. [illegible] Crosby-st.

FOR ADOPTION—A BEAUTIFUL FEMALE infant a few weeks old. For particulars address Mrs. A. B., Station C.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY.—WANTED to purchase a lot pleasantly situated in Greenwood Cemetery. A lot in good order and fenced is preferred. Address Box No. 120 Post-office.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

No.		No.	
67 East 4th-st. (Albion-place.)		[illegible] West 23d-st.	
11 Clinton-place.		[illegible] West [illegible]-st.	
— University-place, southwest corner 8th-st.		[illegible] West [illegible]-st.	
[illegible] St. Mark's-place, 8th-st.		[illegible] East [illegible]-st.; with furniture.	
[illegible] Lafayette-place.		[illegible] East [illegible]-st.; with furniture and stable.	
110 East 10th-st.		[illegible] West [illegible]-st.	
124 East 12th-st.; with furniture.		[illegible] West [illegible]-st.	
[illegible] West 14th-st.		[illegible] West [illegible]-st.	
4 West 17th-st.		[illegible] Lexington-av.	
[illegible] West 17th-st.		[illegible] Park-av.	
[illegible] West 17th-st.		[illegible] 5th-av.	
[illegible] East 17th-st.		[illegible] 5th-av.	
[illegible] East 18th-st.			

For full description see large lists.
For price and terms apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS FOR SALE.

Two lots at the corner of 8th-av. and 68th-st.
ALSO,
Six lots on 68th-st., near 8th-av.
ALSO,
Six lots on 69th-st., between Madison and 5th avs.
ALSO,
Four lots on 67th-st., near Madison-av.
For sale at reasonable prices. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE SPLENDID FOUR-STORY house and stable on the southwest corner of Madison-av. and 34th-st.—one of the finest houses in the City. The elegant new first-class four-story brown-stone house, No. 24 West 49th-st. The fine four-story brown-stone house, No. 38 West 49th-st. The three-story brown-stone house, No. 181 West 38th-st. All are offered on favorable terms.

S. W. BENEDICT,
Nos. 4 and 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON WORTH AND LEONARD-STS., that very desirable property Nos. 145 and 147 Worth-st. and 140 Leonard-st., about 44 feet on Worth, and running through to and having a front of 22 feet on Leonard-st.; valuable for manufacturing or store purposes. Price moderate and terms to suit purchasers. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A SPLENDID BROWN-STONE RESIDENCE TO RENT—25x65x100, four stories and high stoop, No. 3 Van Vorst-square, (No. 287 York-st.,) Jersey City, opposite a beautiful park, in the handsomest location in the City, and within twenty minutes of Wall-st.; rent $1,600, or for sale at $16,500.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOR BONDED OR cotton warehouses, the buildings now occupied by the U. S. Government at the corner of Broadway and Exchange-place. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HARLEM.—MODERN FINISHED HOUSE, complete order; $7,000; $4,500 mortgage; also fine house, French roof, extension, every modern convenience, extra lot and carriage-house if desired. Apply on premises, 125th-st., near 5th-av.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house and full lot No. [illegible] East [illegible]-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; house and situation very desirable. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or to MERRITT TRIMBLE, No. 22 John-st.

FOR SALE—THE NEW FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone front house No. [illegible] West [illegible]-st., between [illegible]-av. and Broadway, 25 feet wide, at $40,000. Also, No. 33 West [illegible]-st., 17 feet wide, [illegible]; all improvements.

J. R. TALLMAN.

FOR SALE—AT HARLEM, NEAR 3D-AV., A three-story modern brick house, very cheap; also, three lots on 4th-av. and 120th-st., and two lots on 123d-st. E. EDDY, No. 161 Broadway, Office of Brooklyn Insurance Company.

MURRAY HILL—FOR SALE—FOUR-story brown-stone house, No. 273 Lexington-av., between 37th and 38th sts.; full size, first-class and fine situation. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or to the owner, No. 91 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—WATER FRONT ON EAST RIVER, 47th to 48th-st., favorably located for stone, coal or lumber yards. Inquire of A. C. POILLON, No. 160 Fulton-st., Room No. 6, from 10 to 2 P. M.

FOR SALE—A SMALL BROWN-STONE House, with the new furniture, situated in the 19th Ward. Price $12,500. A. W. KENNEDY, No. 336 Broadway.

GRAMERCY PARK PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two first-class brown-stone houses and lots adjoining; price $40,000 each. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE HANDSOMEST brown-stone four-story houses on 32d-st., between 5th and 6th avs; in perfect order; will be sold at a moderate price. VAN EANDT BROS., No. 56 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 83 9TH-ST., with furniture, if desired. Apply to

ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A SPLENDID NEW THREE-STORY house for sale in Harlem; good location; immediate possession; terms easy. S. A. SPENCER 251 Grand-st.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, brown-stone trimmings, high stoop, [illegible]; also, cosey place; cheap. J. P. HOGARTH, No. 10 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, IN BROOKLYN, NEAR the corner of Marcy-av. and Monroe-st., two three-story and basement brick-houses, and a two-story cottage. The lot is 100 feet square. The whole will be sold for $9,000. The brick-houses will sell separately for $3,500 each, and the cottage and vacant lots for $2,500. Inquire of BALDWIN & SON, No. 289 Washington-st., Brooklyn, or of ALLEN & BROWN, No. 86 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, IN BROOKLYN, on the southeast corner of Carlton and Willoughby avs., one or two of those elegant blocks of three-stories, basement and cellar, high-stoop brown-stone front houses, 21.6x45, lot 100; all modern improvements, statuary mantels, convenient to De Kalb and Myrtle avs. car route to Fulton Ferry; location unsurpassed. Call and see the property, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A VERY DESIRAble brick dwelling on Clinton-st., Brooklyn, between Harrison and Degraw; has all the modern improvements: billiard-room, butler's pantry, dumb waiter, bath, water-closets, &c; twelve rooms, and is in perfect order throughout. Address Box No. 1,221 Post-office, New-York.

$4.300—FOR SALE TEN TWO-STORY and basement brick cottages of eight rooms with closets; furnished in modern style; located on Myrtle-av., near Tompkins-av., Brooklyn. Apply to J. CLARKE, on the premises, or at his residence, Walworth-st., corner of Myrtle-av.; terms easy.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story and basement brown-stone front house No. 13 Carroll Park; first class in all respects. Inquire of S. HONDLOW, Brooklyn, HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York, or SAMUEL F. PHELPS, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, WITHIN three minutes of Wall-st. ferry, the modern built three-story brick house, No. [illegible] Hicks-st., 11 rooms, all improvements, in good order and fine location; part of furniture for sale; price, with carpets, $9,500; possession on or before May 1. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME COTTAGE-HOUSE in Williamsburgh, three rooms deep, with two lots of ground and a fine stable. Apply on the premises, No. 169 South 9th-st., corner of 8th, Williamsburgh; or to WM. C. WALKER, No. 229 Broadway, N. Y.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING, FURNISHED ROOM AND bedroom to let, with board. Apply at No. [illegible] East 37th-st., near Lexington-av.

BOARDING.—TO LET, A FINE, LARGE FRONT room, well furnished; closet, water, gas, and bath. No. 47 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN WITH UNEXceptionable references desires board in a private family of respectability, where nothing but French is spoken, with a view to perfect himself in that language. Address F. E. DAY, care Weeks, Bradley & Cary, No. 97 Chambers-st.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, WITH FRONT rooms on second floor, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; no moving in May. At No. 215 West 4th-st., between Bank and West 12th-st.; reference required.

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN HAVE A clean pleasant room, with comfortable board; privilege of bath; terms moderate. Apply at No. 180 Thompson-st., one door below Bleecker.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH BOARD, in a private family; house and location desirable. 109 West 10th-st., between 6th-av. and Waverley-place.

COUNTRY BOARD.

WANTED—BOARD IN THE COUNTRY FOR A family of twelve persons, from May 15, for four to five months; pleasant village would [illegible]; within thirty miles of New-York; good accommodations required and fair price paid. Address Box No. 1,288, New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A gentleman, his wife and boy, (6 years old,) with rooms furnished or unfurnished, till Nov. 1; on a farm preferred. Address, stating terms, M. E. S., Box No. 2,151 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE HAD WITH a private family near the City, on the Harlem Railroad—a fine healthy location.

A. W. KENNEDY, No. 336 Broadway.

WANTED—BOARD FOR THE SUMMER ON the New-Haven and Harlem Roads not over 1½ hours from the City; two large rooms and two small ones adjoining. First-class accommodation. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 257 Post-office, New-York.

FAMILIES CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with board for the season at the Mountain Home Seminary, at Garrison, near West Point; City reference. A. G. NEWMAN, No. 1,155 Broadway.

BOARD FOR THE SPRING AND SUMMER can be obtained within five minutes' walk of the depot and ten of the boat landing. ROBERT J. STEVENSON, Noroton, Stamford, Conn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WATER FILTERS—THE OLD ENGLISH PATENT STONE FILTER.—The water drops through six inches of solid filtering matter, consisting of [illegible] [illegible] Champion Filter and ice-water Jar combined; take no other. H. T. STRIKER, Jr., sole manufacturer, No. [illegible] Bleecker-st., New-York. Send for a circular. Packed and shipped.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS ARE forbidden trusting any one on account of the estate of the late TIMOTHY CORBETT, without the written order of

GEORGE F. [illegible],
ALFRED [illegible], } Executors.

TWO CHILDREN ARE OFFERED FOR adoption, by a lady in reduced circumstances, whose husband is dead. One is a girl, [illegible] years of age, the other a boy of 2 years; are healthy, intelligent and very interesting. Apply at the bazaar, No. [illegible] Greenwich-st.

MEATS, FISH, GAME, BUTTER, [illegible] [illegible] Manufactory, No. [illegible] 6th-av., between 45th and 46th sts. Wholesale and retail.

MARBLE MANTELS.—50 MANTELS OF hand of every style and quality, which will be sold for the next 30 days at a liberal deduction, at A. KLABER'S Marble Warerooms, No. [illegible] East [illegible]-st., near [illegible]-av., New-York. Out this out.

WANTED—OWNERS FOR THE PROPERTY [illegible] Clerk, No. [illegible] Mulberry-st., the following property, viz.: Crash, linen, sugar, cotton, nutmeg, tobacco, calico, [illegible], shirt muslin, wagon, cart.

A MEDICAL MAN WISHING TO VISIT Europe can obtain a free passage to Liverpool for his services. [illegible]

SHOW CASES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS made at the lowest prices by HOFFMAN & PERSON, No. 148 Chatham-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

ELEGANT RESIDENCE AT SCHENECTADY, N. Y., FOR SALE.—The premises are slightly located at the head of the principal and most popular street, on an elevated and commanding position overlooking and taking in a beautiful and extended view of the Valley of the Mohawk, with a grand range of mountain scenery.

The grounds are 200 feet square, handsomely laid out in flower and vegetable gardens, gravelled walks, grapery, fountain, &c.

The house and out-buildings are new, built by days' work without regard to cost; house finished in black walnut and chestnut; has gas and water, and heated by Baker & Smith's steam-heater; on the upper floor are billiard and children's play rooms.

This property adjoins Union College, and is opposite the residence of the late Dr. Nott; for location, beauty of scenery, style of house and grounds, can hardly be surpassed in the State. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER INTENDING to be absent for some time in Europe, offers for sale his delightful country residence on the north shore of Long Island, half-mile east of Whitestone Landing, 12 miles from New-York. Its easy and almost hourly means of transit to and from the City, with its acknowledged healthfulness, extensive water view, a sand and gravel beach for bathing, advantages for boating and fishing, a fine garden, abundance of fruit and ornamental trees, a mansion 50 feet square and very convenient, with piazzas front and rear, all requisite outbuildings, newly painted, ice-house filled, and the whole in fine order, combine to make it a residence rarely to be met with. The furniture may be taken at a valuation. A portion of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. If not disposed of by private sale before the 25th April, it will be sold at auction on that day by E. H. Ludlow & Co.

JOHN CRYDER, No. 50 Pine-st.

VILLA ON THE HUDSON FOR SALE AT Washington Heights, 9 miles from City Hall and a short drive from Central Park, and within five minutes' walk of station on the Hudson River Railroad. The house is first class, large and stylish, with all modern improvements, such as gas, bath, closets, &c.; also, stables, coach-house, &c., of the best description. The grounds comprise about 20 City lots, beautifully laid out and covered with forest, fruit and ornamental trees. The site is one of the best on the east bank of the Hudson, and commands a view of the river several miles in extent. This is a rare opportunity to secure one of the choicest situations in this favorite locality, and all is in complete order for a gentleman's residence. Apply only to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, FURNISHED—A beautiful country seat about nine miles from the City of New-York, and easily accessible by rail at all times of the day. The house is large and commodious, well finished, and supplied with hot and cold water and heating apparatus. The lawn contains about thirteen acres, and is diversified in surface and studded with splendid shade trees; the garden is large and well stocked with fruit; there is a coach-house, stable and gardener's house on the premises. If desired, the farm, of fifty acres, with farmer's house, barns, &c., will be sold or rented with the mansion house. The mansion and lawn embrace about 13 acres; about 60 to 65 acres in all. For terms or other particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT at Montrose Point, Westchester County, about 35 miles from New-York, on the Hudson River Railroad; the dwelling is commodious, four or five years old, on high ground, and built of brick, in Gothic style of architecture; large and numerous outbuildings; quantity of ground about 70 acres, mostly in cultivation; the estate has a large river front, with excellent yachting and boating privileges, and located between the railroad and river, about 1½ miles from station.

Possession can be had at an early day. This is a most desirable place. Price $40,000. For further particulars inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY seat at New-Rochelle, upon the Sound, near the Neptune House, with fine water view; convenient to depot and steamboat landing; house of stone, about 40 feet square, three stories and basement; both well and cistern water brought into the kitchen; wood-house, gardener's house, Summer kitchen, barn, hennery, ice-house, root cellar, fruit room, &c.; nearly eight acres of excellent land divided into lawn, garden, orchard and meadow; well stocked with fruit of the best varieties. For further particulars, inquire of T. H. FIELD, 135 and 137 Broadway, Room No. 7, where photographs, maps, &c., may be seen.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY IN TARRYTOWN.—April 10, at 12 o'clock M., will be offered at public sale, on the premises, two large and well-built houses, with five lots of ground attached, planted with fruit, shrubbery, &c., corner of Broadway (old Albany post road) and Beekman-st. Terms easy and made known at sale. Inquire of ISAAC GEERY, No. 293 Canal-st., New-York, or of HERVEY ROCKWELL, Tarrytown, N. Y., Executor of the late Charles O'Neil.

FARM FOR SALE IN CLOSTER, BERGEN CO., N. J., on Northern Railroad, one mile from depot, one hour from foot of Cortlandt-st.; 90 acres; 15 acres in wood, 11 acres seeded in rye, the rest under high cultivation; good house, and all outbuildings, with or without stock. One of the best homes in Bergen County. Possession April 1. Price $200 per acre. Inquire on premises of JOHN S. RANDALL, or of his son "RANDALL," shirt manufacturer, No. 522 5th-av., New-York.

TO CAPITALISTS AND OTHERS.—FOR sale at East Chester, a very eligible piece of land, containing about 200 acres, having a large frontage on two roads; can be laid out in village plots and sold for very large prices; on the property is a good dwelling-house, barns and all other necessary outbuildings, making it also a very desirable suburban residence; about two miles from Williamsbridge. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON, TWO PLOTS of ground of 12 acres each at Croton, first station above Sing Sing; would make two of the most desirable country seats between New-York and Albany, or could be divided into eight or ten sites to accommodate parties wishing to purchase together. Those wishing to purchase on the Hudson at reasonable prices should look at this property. Apply to S. SINCLAIR, Tribune Office, New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT OF FIFTY acres, in the State of Delaware, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, one hour's ride from Philadelphia. The expensive view combines landscape and water scenery, and the shipping on the River Delaware. Photographs of the residence can be seen at the bookstands of the St. Nicholas and Fifth-avenue Hotels, and pamphlets obtained with full particulars and description.

FOR SALE—A TEN-ROOMED COTTAGE, WITH half an acre of ground, stable, &c., two miles from station and one and a half from Fort Lee; choice fruit; $4,000; also, a neat cottage in the village of Coytesville; five rooms; half an acre of ground; large workshop attached; $2,500; easy terms; and several small houses, from terms varying from $300 to $1,200. J. COYTE, Coytesville, N. J.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences in the County of Columbia; large house, outhouses, garden and lawn, well fruited and shaded, with 25 acres of land; situated in the heart of one of the most beautiful villages in the State; will be sold low. Apply to BROWN, HALL & VANDERPOEL, Esqs., No. 271 Broadway, or to Dr. O. H. SMITH, No. 108 West 35th-st., New-York.

$5.000—ON ACCOUNT OF OWNER leaving—Will purchase a nice country place of 17 acres, a bargain; terms easy; buildings would cost the money; house 12 rooms; very fine neighborhood; healthy and pleasantly situated; all kinds of fruit in abundance; near Spring Valley, Rockland County, 30 miles from the City by railroad. Principal, F. J. BEAN, No. 113 John-st.

FOR SALE—A MOST SUPERIOR AND ATtractive country-seat of about 12 acres, situated on the Sound, one mile from Harlem Bridge; the mansion is large, in first-rate order, with all the modern improvements and conveniences of the best City residences; the stable and carriage-house are large and in good order. Inquire of A. C. POILLON, No. 160 Fulton-st., Room No. 6.

$8,500—FOR A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, situated in Fairfield County, Conn., fully furnished, having a fine view of the Sound; house modern, with eight acres; large carriage-house; two hours from the City by New-Haven Railroad. Apply to ANTHONY L. BLEEKER & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A COUNTRY seat of 10 acres, within 45 minutes of the City; house of brick, with twenty rooms; hot and cold water and gas; brick barn, and all necessary outbuildings, with large quantity of choice fruit; on Passaic River, opposite Newark. Apply to

GEO. W. PLATT, No. 20 Maiden-lane, New-York.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber on Newark-av., one mile from depot: house, thirteen rooms, every convenience; stable, cow and chicken houses; fine garden, variety of fruit; four and one-third acres of land, high, dry and healthy. Price $22,000. Apply on the premises, or No. 12 New-st., New-York. E. A. SAXTON.

FOR SALE—ON THE ERIE RAILWAY, WITHin one hour's ride of the ferry and within eight minutes' walk of the Hohokus Depot, nearly six acres of land, with old house and barn; good well of water and some fruit trees; price $3,000; half can remain on mortgage. Apply to GEO. HUGHES & CO., Nos. 198 and 200 Church-st.

FOR SALE OR LEASE IN RYE—A PLEASant residence near the depot. House of medium size, two stories and basement, built in '52, and in complete order; good stable, &c.; fruits and trees in variety; garden production. Land 2 or 2½ acres. Rent $500 or $700. Apply to W. H. PARSONS & BRO., 14 Duane-street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COTTAGE, completely furnished, at Islip, Long Island; six acres of land, [illegible], stables, washhouse, icehouse, (filled,) woodhouse, fruit, &c. Inquire of WILMOT SOUDDER, Islip, Long Island, or AMBROSE MONELL, No. 54 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT POUGHKEEPSIE—A very valuable and beautiful residence, consisting of several acres of land in high cultivation, a large first-class house, gas, furnace and fine water, fruit of every variety, carriage-house, stables, &c. Apply to

E. EMMERSON, No. 431 5th-av.

FOR SALE—PRICE JUST $6,500, A HOUSE of nine rooms, with barn, carriage-house, granary, garden, spring and [illegible] acres of land; adjacent to a new station in the suburbs of Paterson, within an hour of Chambers-st., New-York. Early possession given. Apply immediately to Dr. SOUDDER, No. 186 Chambers-st.

BERGEN HEIGHTS.—HANDSOME LARGE house, 13 rooms, in fine order, with four lots, fine fruit and shade, beautiful view of the City and within three minutes of horse cars; more ground, if wanted. Further particulars of PARSONS & WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low; also, country seats and houses to let, for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 2 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE AND pleasantly-located place within an hour's ride of the City. House contains ten rooms and grounds well laid out with shade, fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery. For further particulars apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 6 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON WHITLOCK'S POINT, LARGE house, carriage-house, stables, garden, fruit and five acres, in elegant order; eight minutes from three depots, and one hour from Wall-st.; gas and water. Apply to C. P. TIMPSON, No. [illegible]-st.

AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.—ONE HOUR FROM New-York, 14½ acres; modern house, twelve rooms, with gas and water, [illegible], plenty of fruit. Six blocks from depot. Possession immediately.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr. & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

COTTAGE FOR SALE—AT CLIFTON, Staten Island, with 3 lots of ground; cottage contains 12 rooms; situated on high ground, one mile from Vanderbilt landing; price $8,000. Apply to E. S. TOWNSEND, [illegible] Broadway.

A SMALL DESIRABLE PLACE ON Long Island, near the city; rich land; good house and barn; well adapted for a residence, market garden or nursery; terms reasonable. Apply to A. L. BLEEKER, SON & CO., No. 77 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—IN ELIZABETH, N. J., A WELL furnished house in the best locality; water, gas and all modern improvements; five minutes' walk from depot; house in perfect order. Inquire of R. H. SEYMOUR, No. 88 Beekman-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FINE COTTAGE, NINE ROOMS, piazza on two sides, garden and outbuildings, all nearly new; 20 miles from City, 15 rods from depot. Inquire at Tribune office, No. 1 Barclay-st. Price $4,500.

FOR SALE, EXCHANGE OR LEASE—A beautiful country residence on the banks of the Passaic River, one and a half miles from Passaic Village; 20 acres of land. Inquire at No. 127 5th-av.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

An elegant country residence for sale within two miles of Harlem Bridge, half a mile from Morrisania Depot, quarter of a mile from new Boulevard to Central Park, and one-mile and three-quarters from High Bridge depot. House is new, very large, and finished in the most perfect manner, having every modern improvement. Grounds comprise four acres, handsomely laid out in lawn, walks, garden, &c., with very fine and choice varieties of fruit. Everything appertaining to house and grounds is of the most modern and elegant description.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

Houses and lots, farms, country seats, &c., at all points on the line of this road.

A. C. DUNHAM, Jr., Agent, No. 163 Broadway.

WHITESTONE.

Three adjoining country residences for sale or to let on Whitestone-av., Flushing, L. I. Apply to Dr. S. A. HOUGHTON, on the premises, or to LAWRENCE & FODLER, No. 151 Broadway, basement, Room D.

FOR SALE AT NEWARK, N. J.—THE most elegant and desirable residence in the State; the grounds having a frontage of 150 feet on two avenues, are tastefully laid out, with an abundance of fruit and flowers; the house is of stone, three stories, with a five-story stone tower, commanding an extensive view of the surrounding country, and is replete with every modern convenience; large cellars, kitchens and laundry, spacious halls, parlors, music, drawing and dining rooms, beautifully frescoed in oil, many fine bedrooms, with cedar closets, &c. On the premises are a large barn and carriage-house, with stalls for six horses and two cows, with abundance of carriage room. Also, a splendid greenhouse and grapery. For further particulars apply to ANTHONY L. BLEECKER & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR sale at a bargain, within a short distance of New-York, which, for style and internal improvement, and water, heating and gas arrangements, is unsurpassed; grounds comprise 16 acres, beautifully laid out in lawn, drives and walks; a running stream through the place, with fish-pond, well stocked; large garden, old shade-trees, and plenty of fruit. For photographs and full description, apply to A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

AN ITALIAN VILLA AND TEN ACRES of land, situated on elevated ground, just above McComb's Dam, to let; house has 12 rooms, well furnished, convenient of access, 10 minutes from Morrisania Depot, Harlem Railroad; suitable outbuildings, barn, stable, carriage-house, &c.; altogether a convenient and comfortable suburban country-seat, worthy the attention of parties desiring a Summer or Winter residence; grounds well wooded and laid out. For particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT TO BE SACRIFICED.—At auction, April 18, unless sold before, 65 acres rich, loamy land, high, dry, beautifully rolling, remarkably healthy and free of mosquitoes; an hour in Jersey, sited, new house, 14 rooms; farmhouse, icehouse, fishpond, barn, sheds, fruits, stock, fixtures, &c. D. ELMORE, owner, at Bureau of Information, No. 180 Fulton-st., daily, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM—A GREAT SACRIFICE—Near Millstone, N. J., 107 acres choice land in good fence; 200 apple, 40 pear and 40 cherry trees; large brick residence, beautifully shaded, ample and commodious outbuildings, nearly new; house and barn supplied with water by rain. Also, farmer's house. Only $14,000.

PETTIT & FRAZEE,
No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 2.

FOR SALE—AT ELTINGVILLE, STATEN Island, house and half acre ground, beautifully situated near the depot, churches, and school, and but a short distance from the water; house large and in perfect order. Price $5,000; possession at any time. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 6 Pine-st.

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE AT RYE, Westchester County, on the Sound, in good order, containing ten rooms, one acre of land, fine garden, grapery, plenty of fruit, fishing and game; fine view, healthy, near depot and steamboat; price $7,500. Apply to LYON, No. 28 Cortlandt-st.

A FARM OF 57 ACRES FOR SALE AT Jamaica, L. I., ¼ mile from three railroads, and 11 miles from the ferry; a very large house and barn, good soil, well calculated for building purposes; 1 mile front; price $600 per acre.

GEO. SKIDMORE, No. 78 Cedar-st., N. Y.

AN ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE FOR sale at Flemington, New-Jersey.—Fine modern residence, with gas, hot water, bath and furnace; 2½ acres land, beautifully improved; great abundance of fruit, and elegant shade; good barns and outbuildings.

A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

$4.300—FOR A HOME IN ORANGE County, near Newburgh; 17 acres, highly improved; choice fruit of all kinds; half an acre of strawberries; comfortable house; outbuildings all new; well watered. A. SERGEANT, No. 21 Wall-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AT NYACK FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Two beautiful French roof houses, fifteen rooms, all modern improvements. Inquire of J. V. ONDERDONK, Nyack, N. Y.

A NEW COTTAGE HOUSE FOR SALE—Situated at Bayonne, N. J., 20 minutes' ride from New-York by Central Railroad of New-Jersey; house has 10 rooms; lot 25x100; stable. Apply at 88 Vesey-st.

FOR SALE—THREE GOTHIC VILLA COTtages, 11 rooms, high ground, four city lots, slate roofs, at Morrisania. Inquire at No. 87 Bowery.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A HOUSE, TWO and a half story, on Van Wyck-av., Jamaica. E. W. VAN VOORHIS, No. 129 East 28th-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, Long Branch, N. J. Address WOOLMAN STOKES.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—D. C. WHARTON SMITH, EDMUND D. RANDOLPH and HOWELL W. BICKLEY, plaintiffs, against CHARLES MELLEN, CHARLES H. WARD and EDWARD CARTER, defendants.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendants above-named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 49 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of forty-two thousand dollars, with interest from the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated New-York, 2 Mch. 1867.

EVARTS, SOUTHMAYD & CHOATE,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in said City, on the 25th day of March, 1867.

EVARTS, SOUTHMAYD & CHOATE,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

New-York, March 25, 1867.
[U. S. Int. Rev. No. stamp canceled.]
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SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from Second-avenue to Third-avenue, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Tuesday the 16th day of April, 1867, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended, is the opening of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from Second-avenue to Third-avenue, in said City, as laid out on the map or plan of said City, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An Act relative to improvements touching the laying out of Streets and Roads in the City of New-York and for other purposes," passed April 3, 1807.

RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.

Dated New-York, March 22, 1867.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, STATE OF NEW-YORK.—AMOS R. ENO against JOHN McCARTHY.—To the defendant named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, State of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 3 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, March 18, 1867.

R. H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York this 18th day of March, 1867.

R. H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.
[U. S. Stamp canceled.]
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IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against EDWIN S. PORTER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the office of William Porter, Jr., No. 271 Pearl-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of April next. Dated Oct. 11, 1866.

MARY JANE PORTER, } Administrators.
WILLIAM PORTER, Jr., }

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, } No. 32 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 12, 1867. }

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of the Real and Personal Estate of the City and County of New-York for the year 1867, will be open for inspection and revision on and after MONDAY, Jan. 14, 1867, and will remain open till the 30th day of April, 1867, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved must make application to the Commissioners during the period above mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. [illegible] from the City.

A. J. WILLIAMSON, } Commissioners of
[illegible], } Taxes and
J. W. BROWN } Assessments.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 15th day of April, 1867, I shall proceed to draw Jurors for the following Courts, to be held in and for the City and County of New-York on the 6th day of May, 1867:

A panel of thirty-six Grand Jurors for a Supreme Court, Oyer and Terminer, Part I.

A panel of one hundred Petit Jurors for a Supreme Court, Oyer and Terminer, Part I.

Two panels of one hundred Petit Jurors each for a Supreme Court, Circuit, Parts I and II.

Two panels of one hundred and four Petit Jurors each for a Superior Court, Parts I and II.

Two panels of one hundred and four Petit Jurors each for a Court of Common Pleas, Parts I and II.

A panel of thirty-six Grand Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

A panel of one hundred and fifty Petit Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.

TO LET.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS, DURING a visit of the owner to Europe, a new and handsomely furnished gothic villa residence, near Rolling Springs, N. J.; thirty minutes from Pavonia Ferry by Erie Railroad; ten minutes from depot; containing on first floor drawing-room, dining-room, library, two kitchens, butler's pantry and store-room, seven rooms on second floor, with ample closets and bath above; twelve acres of land under cultivation, including large garden and orchard with all fruits; also green-house, carriage-house, barn, stabling for four horses, icehouse, filled, and other conveniences; site elevated and healthy, in the midst of a picturesque country; rent $2,500 per annum. Apply to W. E. WINTERTON, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ELEGANT FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT BAYSIDE, L. I., TO RENT.—The country seat of the subscriber, during his absence in Europe, will be rented to a first-class tenant only; the house is 60 feet square, with extension for servants' rooms, kitchen, pantry, &c.; the grounds a lawn of about [illegible] acres; the views are unsurpassed; being on high ground, it commands views of the Sound, Bay and surrounding country; the house is fully furnished; Steinway piano, statuary, bronzes, vases, new carpets, &c.

JOHN TAYLOR.

For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT TO RENT, FURNISHED—A large stone mansion fronting on the East River, four miles from Harlem Bridge, with excellent and complete outbuildings, and [illegible] acres of fine land. The house is in perfect order and contains all the modern improvements. The location is unsurpassed for beauty and salubrity, and possesses a superb view of the East River and Long Island. For further particulars apply to COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 68 Wall-st.

TO RENT—ON FORDHAM HEIGHTS, FRONTing the Harlem River, the residence of the late H. W. T. Mali; extensive grounds, large furnished house with modern conveniences; barns, stables and carriage-house; garden well stocked with every variety of fruit; four miles north of Central Park; about a mile from Fordham depot on Harlem Railroad, and half a mile from steamboat landing on Harlem River. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 21 Pine-st.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSES TO LET—AT ASTORIA, L. I.—The large stone house, beautifully situated, with four acres of land, about 200 yards from the steamboat landing; rent $2,000. Also, two houses to let, rent $1,500 and $800, with large stables. Three houses for sale, price $15,000 to $22,500. For particulars apply to JOSIAH M. WHITNEY, Astoria.

TO LEASE FURNISHED—AT INWOOD, on the Hudson, one of the most elegant places on the river; rent $3,000 per annum; a complete gentleman's place, with gas, hot and cold water throughout; five minutes from the depot; road lighted at night, and in all respects a perfect home.

VAN EANDT BROS., No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, A HANDSOMELY furnished country residence, in complete order, situated in Hudson City, New-Jersey, ten minutes' walk to the horse cars, garden, carriage-house, stable, &c. Address Box No. 3,462 New-York Post-office, or apply to MITCHEL LODER, Esq., or at Laxton's Land Office, Palisade-av., Hudson City.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS, FURnished house at Newtown, Long Island, (about half mile outside village,) contains 12 rooms, water-closet, bath, with two large vegetable gardens; plenty small fruit and shade trees; stables if required; within easy access of New-York by two lines of railroad; possession at once. Apply to FRANCIS T. WALKER, No. 18 Wall-st.

TO LET FURNISHED—AT NEW-ROchelle, on Lather's Hill, an elegant furnished house and four acres of land; stable and grounds in perfect order; house has all the modern improvements; is ten minutes' from depot. Also a small cottage and garden, charmingly furnished. Apply, by mail, to New-Rochelle, or on the premises, to R. W. GULAGER.

TO LET—A LARGE MODERN HOUSE, NEAR Orange, New-Jersey; partly or fully furnished; commodious grounds; plenty of fruit; stable, &c.; three minutes' walk from Morris and Essex Railroad Depot; half hour from New-York. Inquire of W. JEFFREYS, No. 81 Water-st., New-York, or Dr. HOLDEN, No. 261 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

TO LET—IN 4TH-ST., BETWEEN BOWERY AND 2d-av., to a small family, third floor of a first-class four-story house (four rooms, very large, with every convenience;) the rest of the house occupied by the owner; to be seen from 10 to 12 o'clock. For permits apply to the owner, No. 374 Bowery, near 4th-st. Rent $500.

TO LEASE—AT CORNWALL, FOR ONE OR three years, a large convenient house, 11 rooms and library, with garden and lawn, about 14 acres of land, including orchard and a large vineyard, fruit and shade trees, carriage-house and stable, twenty minutes from the landing. Apply to JAMES G. ROE, Cornwall, N. Y.

FURNISHED THREE-STORY AND basement double modern house, with barn, and 12 acres laid out in garden, lawn, &c.; situated on Castleton Hill, 1½ miles from Factoryville Landing, on Staten Island, from May 1. Apply, by permission, to A. H. WAGNER, No. 13 Wall-st., third story.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET AT Throg's Neck, Westchester, containing ten rooms, carriage-house and stable, a good garden with plenty of fruit, cherries, apples and pears; near steamboat landing and stages; 12 miles from the City. Inquire of R. T. UNDERHILL, Clinton Hall.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BROWN-STONE high-stoop house, No. 276 Lexington-av., from May 1, 1867, with all modern improvements; to be seen from 10 to 3 o'clock. For permits apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE AT FLUSHING TO RENT—From May 15 to Oct. 15; ten rooms, garden, lawn, gas, &c.; situation elevated, pleasant and healthy; seven minutes' walk from depot; rent moderate. PARSONS & WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TWO YEARS' LEASE, SECOND-AV., NEAR 20TH-ST., FOR SALE.—Three-story brick, 25x60, with 12 foot extension two stories; containing 13 rooms; water and gas. For permits and particulars apply to G. H. BENEDICT & CO., No. 21 Pine-st.

TO LET—THREE VERY DESIRABLE LOFTS in store No. 80 Duane-st., corner of Elm, nicely fitted up and lighted on two sides; suitable for light manufacturing or dry goods business. Inquire at McCOULLOUGH'S Lead Company, on the premises.

TO LET—TWO FIRST-CLASS NEW THREE-story brick houses with all improvements, in the City of Bridgeport, 3 minutes from the depot and 2 hours from New-York. Apply to

JOHN S. BENHAM, Bridgeport, Conn.

COTTAGE TO RENT ON THE WEST side of Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., with five or twenty acres choice land, with good bathing, oysters and clams on the shore, belonging to the place. Inquire of

G. H. JONES, No. 283 5th-av.

TO LET—FOR LARGE BUSINESSES, A STORE floor and basement, 30 by 150, on Canal, Elm and Walker sts., near Broadway; also, the lofts of the same. Elevation and plan at GUSTAVUS BAYLIES'S, No. 240 Broadway.

TO RENT—A DOUBLE TWO-STORY AND BASEment frame house on Watson-av., West Morrisania, Westchester County, beautifully located on high ground; neighborhood unexceptionable. For particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 86 Broadway.

$900 RENT—A FIRST-CLASS BRICK HOUSE, (water, gas, &c.,) Kent-st., Greenpoint, near cars and ferry—$800 if leased for 2 years. Inquire of S. D. CLARK, Franklin-st., or Rev. G. TALMAGE, No. 165 Fulton-st., N. Y.

TO LET—FOR THREE YEARS, THE FIRST floor No. 579 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel. Also, a room in the rear, 18x75, together with fourth floor or separate. Apply to C. C. RICHMOND, No. 588 Broadway, on fifth floor.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE English basement house No. 254 West 22d-st.; location first-rate; is in good order, and contains all the modern improvements; rent $2,200 per annum. Apply to ROBERT USHER, Jr., No. 259 West 24th-st.

STABLE TO RENT—THE ONE HALF OF THE stable No. 41 West 19th-st.; one of the best stables in the City; has 7 stalls, well ventilated, and good-sized coachhouse, with all the conveniences, hay loft, &c. Apply to J. B. TAYLOR, No. 48 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE ELEGANT FOUR-STORY HOUSE No. 219 West 22d-st., with gas fixtures, mirrors, girandoles, &c., frescoed throughout, only to a responsible private family.

VAN EANDT BROS., No. 56 Wall-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—SITUated 1½ miles from the depot, at Hastings, on Hudson; stable and outbuildings; plenty of fruits and berries. Inquire of J. B. WELLS, on the premises, or of S. H. PROVOST, No. 217 Front-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE ON STATEN ISLAND TO RENT—Very pleasantly situated, within five minutes' walk of the lower landing. Possession given immediately. Inquire of R. H. ALLEN & CO., No. 189 Water-st., New-York.

TO RENT—THE FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brick house on 5th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with carpets, gas fixtures, mirrors, &c. Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 86 Broadway.

TO RENT—SEVERAL STRICTLY FIRST-class and elegantly furnished houses in the most favorable locations in the City; also several unfurnished houses. S. W. BENEDICT, Nos. 4 and 6 Pine-st.

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE FAMILY RESIdence; eleven rooms, bath, fine views, &c.; rent $900. Inquire at WM. CHANDLER'S, Palisade-av., West Hoboken Heights, N. J.

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED house on West 20th-st., near 5th-av., to a private family only. Inquire of D. O. BRADLEY, No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 42.

FURNISHED ROOM SUITABLE FOR A single gentleman without board, with a private family at No. 12 East 19th-st., near 5th-av.; also a fine basement for a physician's office.

TO LET—THE FURNISHED BROWN-STONE house No. 23 Second-place, between Court and Clinton sts., on one of the finest streets in Brooklyn; rent $125 per month. Apply at No. 22 Fulton-st., N. Y.

TO LET—A ROOM ON BROADWAY, SECOND floor, front, suitable for an insurance office; possession immediately if required. Inquire at the office of the American Bank Note Company, No. 142 Broadway.

TO LET—A COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH GOOD garden and an abundance of small fruit, at Chelsea, Staten Island. Inquire of D. STINSON, No. 38 West 19th-st., from 9 to 10 A. M. or 4 to 5 P. M.

TO LET—A FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone front house, between 5th and 6th avs.; two baths, mirrors and chandeliers; $2,400.

J. K. POND, No. 388 5th-av.

TO LET FOR ONE YEAR—TO A FAMILY of adults, the entire second floor of a handsomely-furnished house in West 23d-st., with private table, if desirable. Address W. W. S., Box No. 1,617 Post-office.

STORE TO LET—FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY [illegible] store, No. 76 Walker-st.; possession immediately. Apply on the premises from 10 to 3 o'clock. Large lot of shelving, &c., for sale.

TO LET—WITH STABLE, A SMALL BRICK house, near 5th-av., Harlem, with furniture if wanted; all improvements. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 180 Times Office.

STORAGE ROOMS FOR FURNITURE, &c., from $3 per month; also storage by the piece or load. No. 200 West 24th-st., corner 8th-av.

H. C. HAGGER.

TO LET OR LEASE—THAT VERY DESIRable five-story marble store No. 71 Duane-st., near Broadway. Apply to H. K. LEONARD & CO., No. 96 [illegible].

TO LET—BROWN-STONE HOUSE ELEGANTLY furnished, in West 45th-st., near 5th-av. $350 per month to a small family only.

J. P. HOGARTH, No. 10 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—THE FOUR-story brown-stone front house No. 126 East 36th-st., corner Lexington-av. Price $4,500. Call on the premises from 12 to 2 P. M.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE STABLE in West 35th-st., near Lexington-av. Inquire of D. O. BRADLEY, No. 30 Broad-st., Room No. 42.

A BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSE, NO. [illegible] East 31st-st., for $1,650; all improvements. Apply on the premises from 11 to 3 o'clock this day.

PRIVATE STABLE TO LET IN 34TH-ST., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to L. J. CARPENTER, No. 24 3d-av., Bible House.

TO LET—PART OF THE OFFICE NO. 4, NO. [illegible] Beekman-st., [illegible] floor over Park Bank.

TO LET.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER FROM MAY 1, the new, commodious and well lighted brick building, Nos. 112 and 114 Wooster-st., near Spring; 5½ stories in height, 40x100 feet; being convenient to Broadway, and in a rapidly improving neighborhood; offers many advantages for any manufacturing business; the building is in modern style; most substantially built; in perfect order; and the engine, fifty horse-power, one of the very best in the City; the above will be let separately if required; no wood workers need apply. Inquire of BRUNSE & MOORE, Nos. 75 and 77 King-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FROM MAY TO NOvember, a three-story cottage, with modern conveniences, garden, stable, poultry-yard, &c., at Bedford, Brooklyn, accessible at all hours by the horse cars from Fulton and all the lower ferries; location pleasant, and neighborhood excellent; part of rent taken in board of owner if desired. Apply on the premises, Pacific-st., northeast corner of Clove Road, or address C., Box No. 2,792 New-York Post-office.

TO LEASE—THE NEW BUILDINGS NOW BEing completed on the four lots on the southeast corner of Houston and Greene sts., 100x100. Parties desirous of locating on this great line of improvement will please examine the buildings and call upon me immediately in relation to renting the same. Plans will be introduced if required. Apply to H. J. HOWARD, No. 84 Greene-st.

TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS, THE subscriber's house, at Irvington on the Hudson, with nine acres; it is carpeted throughout, and furnished in part besides; hot and cold water throughout; furnace and registers throughout; four baths, two water-closets; icehouse, filled, stable complete for five horses. R. M. BLATCHFORD, No. 31 Nassau-st.

NO. 30 UNION-SQUARE.—TO LEASE FOR business purposes, for a term of years, the three-story and attic brick house No. 30 Union-square, east side, between 15th and 16th sts. Apply to HICKS, HENDERSON & CO., No. 62 Broadway and No. 21 New-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT SING Sing, on the Hudson; high ground; the best location in Sing Sing; large house; carriage-house; fine garden; elegant lawn with 5 acres. Apply at No. 4 Jauncey-court.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A SPLENDID country seat, "Cragden," East Chester, with fine lawn, garden, stabling, &c., near depot. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 53 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—FRONT AND BACK PARLOR, FRONT basement and attic room in Bleecker-st., east of Broadway; gas and bath. Apply to the dressmaker, No. 63 Bleecker-st., up stairs, for permit.

A DESIRABLE HOUSE TO LET—FURnished, in West 22d-st., or the furniture will be sold and the house let at a low rent; first-class neighborhood. Apply to C. A. CLARK & CO., No. 17 Barclay-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT IN Brooklyn; rent $1,800 per annum; location unexceptionable. For further information, apply at No. 100 Fulton-st., New-York.

PARK-ROW.—STORE TO LET, NO. 23, OPPOsite the Post-office site; seven stories; rear entrance and hoistways. Apply to S. BREWSTER, No. 325 Broadway.

A NEATLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM to let, to a single gentleman only, No. 1,271 Broadway, between 39th and 40th sts., inquire in the tailor store for three days.

TO LET—HOUSE AND FURNITURE NO. 40 West 11th-st. Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 53 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—IN CARROLL-ST., SOUTH BROOKlyn, part of a house, containing all improvements, to a small family of respectability. Inquire at Clinton-st., first house from 2d-place.

FURNISHED—A BROWN-STONE FRONT three-story and basement first-class house, on 2d-place, Brooklyn. For particulars inquire of J. P. NAGLE, No. 111 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET—LOFTS [illegible], SUITABLE FOR MANUfacturing purposes; well lighted, and good hoistway in building. No. 41 Wooster-st.

TO LET—AT NO. 127 WEST 13TH-ST., DESIRable rooms, with board. Best of references required.

TO LET—BASEMENT, BEDROOM, FRONT AND back parlor. 105th-st., between 3d and 2d avs.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—A FIRST-CLASS UNfurnished house in the country, not over thirty miles from the City and convenient to cars; must have plenty of fruit, garden, stables, &c.; rent not to exceed $1,500. Address, with full particulars, J. G. H., Box No. 4,762 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AND TRUSTworthy widow, one in family, some small apartments where she can act as janitress or agent; good reference as to honesty and capability. Call on or address for one week Mrs. R. C., No. 273 8th-st., between Avenue D and Lewis-st., New-York.

WANTED—TO HIRE FOR 4 TO 6 MONTHS, within an hour of the City, a neatly furnished house, stable and garden, with fruit; family small; no children. Address particulars with lowest price, R., Post-office Box No. 3,584, New-York.

WANTED—A MEDIUM-SIZED UNFURNISHED house, by a small family of adults; rent not to exceed $1,200. Address, stating location and price, F. B. W., Box No. 446 Post-office.

HOUSE WANTED.—A RESPONSIBLE TENant wants the whole or lower part of a three-story high-stoop house in New-York, up town preferred, for which a reasonable rent will be paid. Apply, or address J. H. C., No. 926 Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., (and nowhere else,) until MONDAY, the 15th day of April, 1867, at 12 o'clock, noon, for supplying the COAL and WOOD required for the Public Schools in this City for the ensuing year; say five thousand (5,000) tons of coal, and three thousand (3,000) cords of oak wood, and one thousand one hundred (1,100) cords of pine wood, more or less.

The coal must be of the best quality of white ash, furnace and stove sizes, in good order, two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds to the ton, and must be delivered in the bins at the several school buildings. The proposals must state the mines from which it is proposed to supply the coal, (to be furnished from the mines named,) if accepted, and must state the price per ton of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds.

The oak wood must be of the best quality, the sticks not less than three (3) feet long, and not less than three (3) inches in diameter.

The pine wood must be of the best quality, not less than three (3) feet long.

The proposals must state the price per cord of one hundred and twenty-eight (128) cubic feet, solid measure, for both pine and oak wood, and also the price per cord for sawing, splitting and [illegible] the pine and oak wood to be split only as required by the Committee on Supplies.

The wood will be inspected and measured under the supervision of the Inspector of Fuel of the Board of Education, and must be delivered at the schools, when ordered, as follows:

Two-thirds of the quantity required, from the first day of June to the twenty-fifth day of August, and the remainder as required by the Committee on Supplies.

Said wood, both oak and pine, must be delivered sawed, and where required split, and must be piled in the yards, cellars or vaults of the school buildings, as may be designated by the proper authority. The contracts for supplying the coal and wood to be binding until the 15th day of May, 1868, and for the prompt and faithful performance of the contract will be required, and each proposal must be accompanied with the signatures and residences of the proposed sureties.

No compensation will be allowed for delivering said coal and wood, or for any other expense attending the piling the same in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of said schools.

Proposals must be directed to the "Committee on Supplies of the Board of Education," and should be indorsed "Proposals for Coal," or "Proposals for Wood," as the case may be.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

TIMOTHY BRENNAN,
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE,
JAMES V. FARR,
JAMES F. DIGNANAC,
JAMES L. MILLER,
Committee on Supplies.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, and the name of the bidder, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of FRIDAY, April 12, 1867, for the construction of the following sewers and [illegible]: In Hudson-street, from Canal-street to Ninth-avenue; Forty-eighth-street, from the east side of Seventh-avenue to Broadway; Fiftieth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues; Seventy-third-street, from Third to Fifth avenues; Park-avenue, from Thirty-eighth to Forty-third streets; Eighty-fourth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues; Fourteenth-street, from University-place to Ninth-avenue; Thirty-eighth-street, from Lexington to Fourth avenues, and Chambers-street, from Chambers to Canal streets; Also, crosswalks across West-street at Christopher-street and others in (Spec. 9) Sixtieth, Sixty-first and Sixty-second streets, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; (Spec. 10,) Seventy-seventh-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues; (Spec. 11,) Second-avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-fifth streets; (Spec. 12,) Fifty-third-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; (Spec. 13,) Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh streets, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; (Spec. 14,) Houston-street, between Thompson and Laurens streets; Commerce-street, between Barrow and Bedford streets; Cornelia-street, between Bleecker and Fourth streets; Leroy-street, between St. Luke's-place and Bedford-street; Hudson and Greenwich streets, between West Tenth-street and Hammond-street, and Bleecker-street, between Hammond and Bank streets; (Spec. 15) Cherry-street, between Montgomery and Jefferson streets, and Clinton, between Cherry and Madison streets; (Spec. 16) between Eighty-ninth and Ninety-fifth streets and Second and Fourth avenues; (Spec. 17) Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth streets, between Third and Fourth avenues, and in Fourth-avenue; (Spec. 18) Fifty-seventh-street, between East River and Third-avenue, and in Avenue A and Fifty-eighth-street; and (Spec. 19) between One Hundred and Fifteenth and One Hundred and Twenty-first streets, and between Avenue A and Fourth-avenue.

The plans for above works can be seen, and specifications for forms and bids obtained, on application at this office.—Office Croton Aqueduct Department, March 29, 1867.

THOMAS STEPHENS, } Croton
ROBERT L. DARRAGH, } Aqueduct
A. W. CRAVEN, } Board.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, }
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1867. }

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at this office until 12 M. on MONDAY, the 15th inst., for furnishing by contract the following-named musical instruments, viz.:

One Flute, D; one Flute, F; one Piccolo, D; one Piccolo, E flat; five Clarionets, rosewood, B flat; two Cornets, B flat; two Trumpets, with crooks, G; three French Horns, with crooks; one Alt-Horn, B flat; two Baritones, B flat basso; two Bass Tubas; one Bass Trombone; one Bass Drum; one Snare Drum; one pair Cymbals.

The above-named instruments are to be plain, but good and suitable for the purpose for which intended, and in all respects equal in tone and durability to ornamented instruments.

For further information inquire at this office.

The United States reserves the right to reject any part or the whole of a bid, as may be deemed to the interest of the service.

Proposals should state how soon the articles can be furnished, and should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Musical Instruments," and addressed

Brt. Brig.-Gen. D. H. VINTON,
A. Q. M. Gen. U. S. A.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

NEW-YORK, March 29, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned, having disposed of all his interest in the United States Condensing Company, Hart's Village, Dutchess County, N. Y., will not recognize debts contracted in his name after this date for account of said Company.

GEORGE H. BROWN.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Italian Opera. THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, The [illegible] grand English Opera, THE ENCHANTRESS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, HUNTED DOWN; OR, THE TWO LIVES OF MARY LEIGH. Characters by the Company.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRIFFITH GAUNT; OR, JEALOUSY. Characters by Miss Rose Eytinge, in her original character; Messrs. D. H. Harkins, Mark Smith, Lewis Baker.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, the grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

WOOD'S THEATRE.
No. 514 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, CAMILLE. Characters by Mr. and Mrs. Bates, supported by an entire company of Broadway favorites.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, FANCHON THE CRICKET. Leading character by Miss Maggie Mitchell, supported by J. W. Coltier.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock, LITTLE BOY BLUE and HUSH-A-BY-BABY; or, PATTY AND HER PITCHER.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2, and EVENING at 7½, STREETS OF NEW-YORK. A LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS. GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION. Dwarf, Fat Boy, 200,000 Curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, DON JUAN DEL JONARIO. THE CONSCRIPT. THE RUNNELS FAMILY, EL NINO EDDIE, THE CHILD WONDER, ACTING DOGS, ACROBATIC FEATS AND GROUPINGS.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, READINGS BY MR. AND MRS. VANDENHOFF, in aid of the Southern Relief Fund.

NEW FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, George Christy every night, Otto Burbank, J. T. Boyer and R. Hughes. THE BRIGANDINA; OR, FATAL LOVE.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, CINDER-LEON, DEMON DANCE, SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &c.

DODWORTH HALL.
Broadway, opposite 11th-street.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST. MIRACULOUS ILLUSIONS; THE LIVING HEAD.

UNION HALL.
Broadway and 23d-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, BUNYAN TABLEAUX, largest panorama in the world, illustrating Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,
No. 845 Broadway.
THIS DAY, Constant Mayer's Painting, THE CONVALESCENT.

NEW-YORK ASSEMBLY ROOMS,
Corner Broadway and 28th-st.
THIS DAY, FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FREEDMEN.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM,
Atlantic-st., corner Clinton.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE SONGS OF SCOTLAND, by MR. KENNEDY.

Terms of the New-York Times.

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Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

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H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
TIMES Office, New-York.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

We have advices to April 8 by Ocean Telegraph and to March 27 by steamship at this port.

The telegraph announces that a general feeling of distrust and alarm pervades Europe, consequent upon the uncertainty in regard to NAPOLEON'S action, and the fear that he may adopt a warlike policy. It is stated that alarming news from Paris had been received at Berlin, and that Count BISMARCK had been sent for by the King of Prussia.

A new Italian Ministry had been formed by Baron RATAZZI.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. WILLIAMS offered a resolution instructing the President *pro tem.* to adjourn the session *sine die* on Wednesday next. Objection being made the resolution was not considered. Mr. JOHNSON was appointed a member of the Printing Committee in the place of Mr. RIDDLE, deceased. The Secretary of War was, by resolution, called upon for information regarding the Government title to Harper's Ferry, and requested to communicate whether there was any reason why that property should not be sold by the Government. After an Executive session the Senate adjourned.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday the following bills, among others, were passed: Incorporating the Ulster County Agricultural and Stock Company; authorizing the construction of a railroad on the Schenectady turnpike and Washington-avenue; the Morrisania School Bill; authorizing Life Insurance Companies to make special deposits of securities; amending the General Insurance Law relative to reports of foreign companies.

The Speaker presented to the Assembly the annual report of the Metropolitan Board of Excise. The bill to prevent the railroads of this State from breaking connections with other roads, was referred to the Committee on Railroads. Mr. BRUCE offered a preamble and resolution, setting forth that inasmuch as Senator SESSIONS has made charges of corruption against legislators and the Canal officers, the Committee appointed to investigate charges against such officers be instructed to summon Mr. SESSIONS before it, in order that he may testify to such facts as are within his knowledge regarding such corruption. The resolution was adopted. The consideration of the Supply Bill occupied the remainder of the session.

GENERAL NEWS.

The remains of 2,161 Union soldiers, who fell during MCCLELLAN'S memorable struggle on the Peninsula, have recently been interred in a beautiful national cemetery erected in the vicinity of Yorktown. The cemetery stands on the Yorktown and Williamsburgh road, about a quarter of a mile outside the old rebel intrenchments, and is tastefully laid out in four equal sections of ground, with large grass plots, trees and shrubbery intermingling with a happy effect. The graves are arranged parallel to each other, five feet apart from centre to centre. The bodies here interred were obtained only by the greatest exertion from the different battle and skirmish fields at Lees Mills, Grafton Church, Warwick Court-house, Williamsburgh, Bickerton, White House Landing, Cumberland, West Point, Brick House Point, King William Court-house, Enoch's Church, Crump's Cross-roads, Hanover Court-house, Young's Mills, Ship Point, Upper Grafton Church and Mechanicsville. There are buried here: 1 Adjutant, 8 Captains, 9 Lieutenants, 2 Quartermaster's Sergeants, 26 Sergeants, 28 corporals, 1 bugler, 4 unknown officers, 647 known privates, 1,408 unknown privates, 11 known colored troops, 1 unknown, 4 strangers or citizens, 1 Confederate Lieutenant. Pennsylvania, New-York and Massachusetts regiments have the largest number buried here, but many other of the Eastern, and also Western regiments are now and then seen engraved on the head-boards.

The Boston *Transcript* says that GEORGE PEABODY will sail for Europe on the 1st of May. The picture of the Queen, to be presented to Mr. PEABODY, is now on [illegible] the *Scotia*. The presentation will be made [illegible]—to which city he will immediately [illegible] British Minister in person. [illegible] will be placed in a fire-proof room in the Peabody Institute at South Danvers. This benevolent gentleman—whose generosity has caused his name to be endeared in Europe and the United States—has received an autograph letter from the Empress EUGENIE, highly complimenting him for his unexampled liberality to the poor on both sides of the Atlantic, and speaking of him as the great benefactor of humanity.

At the Glen's Falls gas-works in Troy, N. Y., the experiment of substituting peat for coal in the manufacture of gas has been tried with considerable success. The Troy *Times* says that one hundred and fifteen pounds of dried peat taken from a bed not more than three feet below the surface, yielded seven hundred and eighty-four feet of gas, or six and eighty one-hundredths of gas to the pound, while from the best coal used at the works the yield of gas does not exceed four feet and forty one-hundredths to the pound. The cost of peat is much less per ton than that of the coal usually employed in the manufacture of gas.

The Red River packet *Alabama* was burned last week about forty miles above New-Orleans. She had a large number of passengers on board, all of whom were saved. Mr. MARTIN, the pilot, received a resolution of thanks from the passengers for his bravery and presence of mind. When the fire broke out he headed the boat for shore and remained at the wheel until she struck the land, refusing to go to the assistance of his wife until all were in safety. The *Alabama* had 1,200 bales of cotton on board, which, together with the boat, is a total loss.

The officers of the Treasury of Maryland announce that owing to the repeal of the bounty tax and all laws authorizing the issue of bonds for the payment of bounty, they are compelled to suspend for the present all payments on this account. They state, however, that as soon as the receipts into the State Treasury will justify them in so doing, they will resume the payment of bounties.

The bakery owned by JONATHAN KEITH, at Petrolia, Canada West, was destroyed by fire on Sunday morning. Two of Mr. KEITH's daughters, aged respectively twenty-one and eight years, perished in the flames. The rest of the family barely escaped with their lives.

The Indiana Legislature has passed a law making it an offence punishable by a fine to "trap, net, shoot or seine fish in any of the lakes, rivers or small streams" of that State for a period of two years, or between the months of May and September thereafter. The Ohio and St. Joseph Rivers are excepted.

The *Colorado*, the largest propeller ever built for inland lake traffic, was launched at Buffalo on Saturday. Her length of keel is 225 feet, breadth of beam 35 feet, depth of hold 14 feet. Her engines are low pressure, with cylinders 36 inches in diameter, and 36 inches stroke.

Prof. THOMAS CHENOWETH, of Baltimore, an artist on his travels, recently visited Fortress Monroe and commenced giving instruction in painting to JEFF. DAVIS, Miss HOWELL, his sister-in-law, and others.

One of the Fenian convicts, named CONNERS, has been released from the penitentiary at Kingston. CONNERS is a Canadian, and, it is said, his release is owing to a petition gotten up in the neighborhood where he resided.

In the case of ROBERT SMITH, tried at Louisville, Ky., for the murder of FRED. SANDBAR at the United States Hotel, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter. SMITH was sentenced to the Penitentiary for ten years.

No serious disturbance has yet occurred among the miners now on a strike in Luzerne County, Penn., notwithstanding the fears expressed by the Sheriff. Some few fights have been reported, but nothing approaching a riot.

The extensive furniture manufactory at Bowmanville, Canada, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night, involving a very heavy loss. One hundred and thirty workmen are thus thrown out of employ.

Judge BALLARD, of the United States Supreme Court in Kentucky, yesterday deposed from office A. H. HUBBARD, United States Commissioner at Lexington, for transcending his authority.

The three men, CASE, AULGUS and GOETZ, who recently murdered Mrs. HUGHES, were yesterday sentenced, at Cincinnati, to be hung on the 30th instant.

J. P. DAVIS, proprietor of the American House at Fox Lake, Wis., committed suicide on Sunday by taking morphine. He leaves a large family. No cause is assigned for the act.

A large hat manufactory at Lawrence, Mass., was destroyed by fire on Sunday night. Loss, $40,000.

ENGLISH & DIXON's iron foundry at New-Philadelphia, Ohio, was burned down on Sunday night, involving a loss of $70,000.

The Democrats of Hartford yesterday elected their candidates for municipal offices by 600 majority.

Gen. SWEENY has disbanded the negro militia at Augusta, Ga.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Board of Excise have just presented a report to the Legislature, covering their operations from the date of the organization of the Board in April, 1866, to March 30, 1867. During that period they have issued 6,779 licenses, of which 5,209 were in New-York, 1,476 in Kings County, 71 in Queens County, and 23 in Richmond County. The gross amount received for licenses was $1,282,684, of which New-York furnished $[illegible]; Kings County, $272,835; Richmond County, $5,450, and Queens County, $12,300. In addition to license fees the Board have received for penalties and fines through the criminal Courts $11,694. The expenditures of the Board during the same period have been as follows: To the Treasurer of the Board of Police, $1,152,399; to the Treasurer of the Inebriate Asylum at Binghamton, $124,533; on account of expenses of the Board, $21,294—leaving a balance in the custody of the Treasurer of $17,221. The report sets forth at considerable length the embarrassments which were thrown in the way of enforcing the law by the eight hundred and four injunctions which were issued against the Board in the Court of Common Pleas by Justices CARDOZO and BRADY, and in the Superior Court by Justice MCCUNN, and gives the history of their legal troubles down to December, 1866, when the Excise Law was declared to be constitutional by the Court of Appeals. The report concludes with the assurance that since this decision in their favor there has been a general disposition to conform to the law; rowdyism and drunkenness have largely decreased, and that a fair observance of the provisions of the act will diminish scenes of violence and the number of offences, add to the security of life and property, and promote at least an exterior decency in the public streets after midnight, and particularly on the Sabbath day.

CHRISTIAN E. DETMOLD and CHARLES O. MCCORD, the former, agent, and the latter, clerk, in the employ of the Central Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company of Maryland, and having an office in this City at No. 50 Trinity Building, were yesterday arrested upon the complaint of the stockholders, who charge them with defrauding the concern out of $27,000, within a period extending from Jan. 10, 1866, to April 14, 1866, by means of false entries in the books. Justice DOWLING admitted the accused to bail in the sum of $20,000 each, to answer. Mr. RICHARD C. COWDIN, of No. 14 West Thirty-first-street, became their surety.

PHILIP HEINRICH, charged with having forged certain papers in connection with the Rhenish Railroad of Cologne, in Prussia, and with having collected moneys from the Company with said papers, was up before United States Commissioner WHITE yesterday afternoon. Some of the depositions taken at Cologne were read and received in testimony, and the case adjourned.

The Board of Aldermen yesterday concurred in the resolution permitting Gov. FENTON to choose an artist to paint his portrait for the City. Reports in favor of paving several streets with the Nicholson pavement were adopted, and the Board then adjourned to Monday next.

The anniversary exercises of the Western Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, in Varick-street, were held last evening. Eloquent addresses were delivered by Mr. WM. HARRISON BROWN, Hon. CEPHAS BRAINERD and Mr. CHARLES P. HARTT.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, two prisoners were sentenced to the State Prison for five years each, and two to two years and six months each. Several were remanded for sentence.

The Board of Councilmen met yesterday. A resolution appropriating $3,500 for the compilation of the Corporation Manual was laid over. Adjourned to Monday next.

Business in Produce yesterday was quite active, especially in Breadstuffs, which were quite freely purchased, partly on speculative account, at a further material rise in prices. Provisions closed rather more firmly. Groceries were [illegible]. Cotton was depressed. The Freight market was very quiet.

The number of beef cattle at the National Drove Yards for the weekly supply is [illegible]. Yesterday, in the former part of the day, trade was rather lively; but as soon as the best bullocks were sold business dragged heavily, so that much talking and whittling were required to sell cattle at the prices demanded. A small number of extras brought 18c. ℔ lb., net weight. A few hundred of what were designated as the best cattle were sold at 16c.@17½c. ℔ lb. net weight. Common bullocks brought 14c.@15c. ℔ lb. Most of the cattle consisted of rough, half-fattened steers and oxen, which were disposed of for 12c.@13c.@14c. ℔ lb. net weight. Trade in milch cows and veal calves is dull enough, and sales are slow. Transactions in sheep are moderate. There is an active demand for fat sheep. The last droves were taken readily at 8c.@9c. ℔ lb. live weight. A few brought 9c. and fewer still 10c. ℔ lb., live weight. The price of live hogs has declined during the past week about 50c. ℔ 100 lbs. Western corn fed hogs were selling yesterday at 8c. ℔ lb., live weight.

Six of the St. Patrick's Day rioters were indicted by the Grand Jury of the Court of General Sessions yesterday.

The Democracy and the South.

The *World* has undertaken a difficult task. It has undertaken to prove that the Democratic Party discountenanced secession and adhered steadfastly to the cause of the Union, and yet that that party may confidently rely upon the support of the South when it shall have been reinvested with political power. In other words, the *World* essays to prove that the Democracy may calculate upon Southern support because of its antecedents, and at the same time may claim Northern votes because of its loyalty!

What our cotemporary designates "incontrovertible proofs," are adduced in support of the latter and the more extraordinary of these propositions. But what are the proofs? One is, the allegation that in the campaign of 1860 the candidate of the Northern Democracy was Mr. DOUGLAS, who threatened to hang Secessionists "higher than Haman." The other is, that the Northern leader of the Breckinridge Democrats was the then President, BUCHANAN, whom the *World* represents as the active opponent of the secession conspiracy. Neither of these points seems to us "incontrovertible."

It is undoubtedly true that in the election of 1860 the majority of Northern Democrats voted for DOUGLAS, but it is not true that DOUGLAS was the candidate of the most capable leaders of the Northern Democracy, or that they shared his views on the subject of secession. The party lost its unity at the Charleston Convention, and while the rank and file in the Northern States rallied around their popular leader, the intellect and official influence of the party were found on the side of BRECKINRIDGE. So was it also with the Democratic journals. The greater number hoisted the Douglas flag; the abler and more powerful—those which to this hour are looked to as party oracles—ranged under the banner of his Democratic antagonist. The distinction was maintained throughout the war. The Douglas men became good War Democrats, and rendered most valuable service to the Union. The Breckinridge wing, almost to a man, became Copperhead; and this wing it is which, by reason of superior ability or energy or impudence, has managed to retain control of the party organization. It dictated the war-a-failure resolutions at Chicago; and it has dictated the demand for the immediate and unconditional restoration of the South, to which the party in the North is everywhere pledged. Hence its succession of defeats in the Northern and Western States. And though it has gained an exceptional victory in Connecticut, the circumstance is attributable to the fact that, though the Copperheads manipulated the Convention and the platform, they fought the battle with comparatively unobjectionable candidates.

The case of the *World* is not improved by its reference to President BUCHANAN. That in January, 1861, he called to his councils loyal men as the successors of the rebel Secretaries who had resigned, is indisputable; but this does not relieve him from the responsibility of his course down to that period. He had conveyed to Congress his conviction that, under the Constitution, the right to coerce a State as against secession did not exist, and the policy of the Northern Democratic leaders, then and afterward, rested upon this hypothesis. Only on this ground could he vindicate his retention of COBB and THOMPSON, after their active participation in the secession conspiracy had become notorious. And the same plea served his friends at the North. Even they who opposed the Southern movement qualified their condemnation with a denial of the right of the Government to put down secession by the use of force. To this extent it is certain that the leaders of the Northern Democracy encouraged the rebellion. They did not recommend it *per se*, for they saw that it would temporarily extinguish the chance of regaining supremacy for their party; but they gave moral help to the then incipient rebellion by promising in behalf of their party that the Government should not be allowed to march its armies into the South. It is well understood that these assurances emboldened the prime movers in the rebellion quite as much as the promise of immediate recognition which the British Minister, Lord LYONS, is known to have given. Both proved false in the hour of trial. The British Government subsided into a treacherous "neutrality." And the leaders of the Northern Democracy, quailing before a storm they had not dreamed of, left the South to do its own hard fighting, and confined themselves to the guerrilla practice of Copperheadism.

It is of this cowardly desertion, we presume, that Gov. ORR speaks when he declares that there are "accounts to settle" before the South can again affiliate with the Democracy. It is to this retreat of the Democratic leaders that the Charlottesville (Va.) *Chronicle* refers when it declines to follow into "the bog of Democracy." Nor are these exceptional allegations, as the *World* would have us believe. They are a reiteration of statements which, in the course of the last few months, we have quoted from influential Southern journals. In truth, with few exceptions, the entire Press of the South has proclaimed its determination to have nothing more to do with the old political parties, with both of which it has strong grounds of quarrel. It intends to obey the law, to retrieve its shattered fortunes, to get back into the Union as quickly as possible, and to keep clear of entangling party alliances—that of the Democracy not excepted.

The hope has been cherished, no doubt, that the Connecticut victory would reanimate the Democratic sympathies of the South. To the disappointment experienced on this head we attribute the extreme sensitiveness of our cotemporary. Nor [illegible] to be deceived on the subject. "One little Democratic victory in a little State no more makes Democratic ascendency than one swallow makes a Summer," is the saying of a Richmond newspaper; therefore, it goes on to remark, "we must be careful not to be induced to take any steps backward by reason of the Democratic success in Connecticut." We need not multiply citations. The sentence we have quoted correctly expresses the prevailing tone of Southern opinion as revealed by its newspapers.

Another point of equal significance is not less clear. It is, that even Southern Democrats will not rejoin the Democracy whose gospel is expounded by yesterday's *World*. If they ever return to the Democratic organization it will be as the masters—the guides and rulers of the party. They spurn the Douglas Democrats as bastards, not lawful sons of the faith; and they will ally themselves only to the Copperheads. Of this we are enabled to produce "incontrovertible proofs" from the editorial columns of the Charleston *Mercury*, one of the ablest organs of Southern sentiment before the war, and one of the few that now exult in the Connecticut result. Says the *Mercury*:

> "Beyond all doubt or question, the principles of the Democratic Party as laid down by THOMAS JEFFERSON, and elucidated by JAMES MADISON in his report on the Virginia and Kentucky resolutions, are the principles of the Constitution, on which the South has relied, from the commencement of the Government of the United States, for protection and liberty. It was the exponent of Southern statesmanship and of Southern rule. *The South made the Democratic Party; and so long as their counsel and control ruled its policy it was the most useful and glorious party the sun ever shone upon.* It lifted the United States to a state of strength and power, and gave them a name for free and just Government, unparalleled among the nations of the world. But in the course of time corrupt and unprincipled statesmen, chiefly from the North, got possession of its organization. *Its principles gave way to expediencies. Compromise after compromise brought it at length, at the opening of the war, to little less than a mere party organization without principles, to obtain place and power.* Its last fatal delinquency was its refusal, at the Charleston Convention, to give a pledge to support the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Dred Scott case. This broke up the party, produced the election of Mr. LINCOLN to the Presidency, and brought on the war. *Its weak and vacillating course during the war was the natural result of its shattered principles.*"

We array the Charleston *Mercury* as an authority against the *World*. We meet the *World's* pretence that the Democratic Party was an anti-secession organization, with the *Mercury's* declaration that the party was essentially the party of the South, the supporter of Southern purposes and principles, and the product of Southern power. The Douglas movement, which the *World* applauds, is denounced by the *Mercury* as the offspring of party demoralization, and the evidence of its want of principle and strength. The *World* insists that the South is once more on the side of the Democracy. The *Mercury* contends, on the contrary, that the true course of the South is "to have no identification with any party at the North," but to await developments and act accordingly.

The Threatening News from Europe—Reported War Panic.

It is quite certain that the London dispatch which came to this City yesterday afternoon, announcing that "the feeling of distrust in financial and political circles had increased to a war panic," was not borne out by the financial quotations which arrived simultaneously with this alarming statement. Neither in English consols, French rentes, American bonds, or general negotiable stocks, was there any indication of "distrust" at all approaching a "war panic." The fall in "consols for money" was only a fraction of one per cent. from the ruling rate of last week. In rentes, (though the quotations are not given to the public by the Cable,) we learn that the decline was but little more important. In American bonds, the fluctuations covered the very common limit of a quarter or a half per cent. In cotton, the recent downward tendency of the market was but slightly accelerated.

The "war panic" dispatch was nevertheless eagerly seized and skillfully used by the speculators of Wall-street. Few persons in that locality, we should imagine, took the pains to compare its terms with the actual quotations, or these with the quotations of last week; and so it served a purpose. Gold was run up three per cent. from the price of Saturday, and stocks, in the language of the street, were "heavy and irregular."

The general news dispatches from Europe give no ground for apprehending an immediate outbreak of war. The items which were used for producing the impression of danger were those in relation to the action of England *versus* Spain and France *versus* Luxemburg. The English Government recently dispatched several (not *seven*, as at first reported,) ships-of-war to Spain, to enforce their claims in the case of the *Tornado*—which is an English vessel that was seized by the Spanish authorities on suspicion that it was intended for the service of the South American enemies of Spain. Now, it is such a common thing for the British Government, as well as other Governments, to give the authority of a man-of-war to the prosecution of its claims, that this action is no indication whatever of the imminency of war. And to those who know anything at all about the matter it must seem almost absurd to enter into argument to prove, that in this case and this cause, there is no peril of a war with Spain.

As to the Luxemburg business, it appears to be more of a financial pretext than a diplomatic difficulty. A week ago we heard that the sale of the fortress to France by Holland was probable. Since then we have had two or three other dispatches—one announcing that the negotiations in the case had been stopped or suspended; and another, that the Emperor of the French "hesitated to release Holland from her engagement"—the alleged negotiation being here for the first time called an "engagement." Now, this little is all we know about the matter, so far as present action upon it is concerned. And certainly this has not a very warlike aspect. Neither for general nor particular ends is France likely to plunge into war at this moment. We think far too much stress has been laid on the Universal Exposition as a preserver of the peace. But there are considerations of a deeper and wider nature than the Exposition that are operating against France rashly plunging into war—especially on such a matter as that of the acquisition of Luxemburg—a matter in which she would not only have to contend with Holland, but with Germany, and in which she would have no ally—neither England, Italy, nor Austria. While the question of army organization is in abeyance as it is at present—while the armament of the French troops with improved weapons is but partially completed—while the political complications continue as at this time—France would enter upon war with telling disadvantages—disadvantages of a character which, if the war be postponed, she will be able to remove.

As to the continuance of peace throughout Europe a very great length of time—that is another matter. The relations of all the Continental Powers are unsatisfactory, and we find in all quarters causes of quarrel and of war which are quite likely to exhibit themselves before the close of the Summer. If the year passes without a tremendous struggle it will be because tremendous forces are applied for its prevention.

The New Political Crusade.

We are disappointed that the *Tribune* makes no response to our request for information touching the exactions to be henceforth made upon the Republican Party. The topic is one of political interest to a good many members of that party, who feel that they are entitled, at least, to know what is required at their hands as the condition of membership. It is not quite pleasant for men who try to be good partisans to wake up some fine morning and find themselves ruled out of the party, for failing in fealty to some measure of which they have never heard,—especially under the new proclamation that constructive deserters are to be forthwith shot.

The *Tribune* calls aloud for a reconstruction of the Republican Party,—upon broader and more radical ground than it stands on now. "Agitation, progress, constant *advances*," it deems essential to party integrity and success. It speaks of the recent triumphs of the Republicans as only a "half-victory,"—says that the party must fulfill its "mission,"—that timid leaders must be "cashiered,"—and that "henceforth the motto should be *Universal Liberty and Impartial Suffrage, regardless of caste, race or color.*" "Let this," it adds, "be our test—our watchword and battle-cry."

Now, this is very fine—but *what does it mean?* What new programme does it foreshadow? *What* liberty more "universal" than we now enjoy would the *Tribune* have the Republican Party seek? What suffrage broader or more "impartial" than that already decreed by Congress, are we to insist upon at the hazard of our honor and our lives?

We beg the *Tribune* not to content itself with fine phrases and high-sounding epithets. Its proclamation sounds as if it were written for the canvass of ten years ago. It reads like a reproduction of the old appeals for liberty while Slavery was still in existence. One might suppose that the *Tribune* had forgotten the war and everything that it has accomplished, and had resumed the old political fight precisely where it stood when the rebellion broke out. But this cannot be. The *Tribune* evidently looks to "advances" upon what the war and the legislation which followed it have already accomplished. It demands *other* "liberty" than that achieved by the Proclamation of Emancipation and the Constitutional Amendment,—and other "suffrage" than that conferred by Congress upon every male inhabitant without regard to race, color or past condition of servitude.

Now we beg the *Tribune* to tell us precisely what it does demand. What new "planks" are to be put into the Republican platform? What new doctrines and measures are to be imposed upon the party and its adherents under peril of instant execution?

We observe that some of the more judicious and reflecting organs of Republican sentiment are beginning to doubt whether the Republican Party has not already gone quite as far as is safe in this direction. Even in New-England, which has hitherto taken the lead in the "progressive political movement," grave doubts begin to be felt whether the triumph thus far achieved may not prove to be more showy than solid—temporary and short-lived rather than permanent and enduring. And there are a good many others, both in New-England and out of it, who are not a little anxious as to the effect of the new crusade which seems to be threatened by the extremists and ultraists of the day. They would like, at all events, to know precisely what it means and in which direction it leads.

Cannot the *Tribune* make it convenient to be a little more explicit?

Management of the Telegraph.

We have more than once called attention to the fact that in several of the countries of Europe the management of the telegraph rests in the hands of the Government, and that this has resulted in reducing the rates, and rendering the lines of much wider and more general utility. A proposition has been made, and pressed with some earnestness, in Congress, for the adoption of a similar system in this country.

We take occasion to say, lest previous references to the subject should be misunderstood, that we do not indorse or approve this scheme. We believe it would prove an utter failure, and affect injuriously in every way the administration of the telegraph. There are many reasons why a system which works well in France, Belgium or Prussia would work very badly here; and foremost among them is the fact that *stability* in the agents and methods of administration, which is so easily secured there, would be utterly unattainable here. Skill, integrity, intelligence and special qualifications are indispensable for telegraphic service, and these can only be had by retaining competent persons permanently in their places and allowing nothing whatever to interfere with this rule.

In this country, as every one knows, the telegraph system would very speedily be managed precisely as the postal or the revenue service is now. It would be made at once an instrument of party politics—subject to all the vicissitudes and degradations which belong to every other Department of the Government which falls into the hands of political parties. Operators, clerks, directors and managers of every grade would be employed and discharged for political reasons and as the emergencies of party service might require. Nothing could be more fatal to a service which depends so wholly as the telegraph does upon precision, accuracy and promptitude, than such a system as this. Congress might as well undertake to run all the railroads in the country, and fix the time-tables on every route, as to manage all the lines of telegraph.

The tendency of public sentiment is in the opposite direction,—toward placing as many of the great branches of the public service in private hands, and as few in the hands of Government as possible. We are confident the people would greatly prefer placing the postal service in the hands of private companies, to putting the telegraph lines under the management of the Government. Public place is falling every year more and more into the hands of men who seek it for personal profit,—whose only object is to secure from it as much money as possible within a given time. Their tenure of office being inevitably short, where party ascendency is so precarious, they learn to regard honor, fidelity and faithful public service as considerations wholly subordinate to the leading motive, which is their own personal advantage.

The management of the telegraph lines in this country has already reached a very high point of excellence and is improving every day. It is a service which depends very largely on experience and which cannot be subjected to frequent changes and transfers without serious detriment. The great body of the people have far more to hope from the telegraph, in the way of cheapness and dispatch, in the hands of its present managers, than they would have if it were to be handed over to the Government.

A Needed Public Improvement.

Now that the Post-office is to be located on the Park, our City authorities ought to reform that whole locality. It needs "reconstruction" quite as much as any portion of the Union. It is now one of the dirtiest, shabbiest, most repulsive quarters of the City—although it is the most conspicuous and universally visited of all the City Parks. It has ceased to be of the slightest use for purposes of recreation, but it ought to be adapted to its new uses and made ornamental in a manner suited to them.

There is no part of the City which is surrounded by so many fine buildings of a public character as the Park. The old City Hall is still one of the finest of our City buildings. The new County Court-house, in spite of the gigantic swindling of which it will stand as at once the product and the monument, is still a magnificent structure. The new *Herald* building is one of the finest and most imposing marble buildings in the City. The TIMES building, though somewhat less pretentious as belonging to an earlier period of the profession to which it owes its erection, is not, we flatter ourselves, without its attractions, and adds to the general effect. The Broadway stores overlooking the Park are all fine structures, and the new Post-office, we doubt not, will add largely to the elegance and imposing character of the whole collection.

The Park grounds should be made to correspond with their surroundings. They should be made as nearly like the Place de la Concorde in Paris as possible. The fences should be taken down, and all the wretched rows of apple stands and cigar booths by which they are disfigured should be swept away. Ann-street, Beekman-street and Spruce-street—one or two of them at least—should be widened and opened to the East River, and made available for the vast tide of traffic that is now poured through the narrow gorge of Fulton-street—which is always crowded to suffocation. The trees on the Park should be cut away,—and the entire space between the City Hall front and the new Post-office should be flagged with stone and opened, with necessary and judicious limitations, to travel and traffic. The railroads, which now choke the only open space on Broadway fronting the Astor House, and render access to the *Herald* office and adjoining buildings almost impossible, should stop above Beekman-street, and erect, for the convenience of their passengers, a light, airy and elegant depot—which would add still further to the attractions of the Park; and then a fine monument, or a splendid ornamental fountain, (not a muddy goose-pond,) in the centre of the open space, would complete the *plaza*, and make it at once highly beautiful and admirably adapted to the use and character of its surroundings.

We are confident the whole City would applaud an improvement so manifest and so easily made. It would not be expensive, and would contribute immensely to the convenience and comfort of the public. Opening one or two new streets to the East River, and relieving the point below the Park from the crowd of railroad cars that now are very badly accommodated there, would greatly relieve the glut of traffic that is now so great. And the owners of adjacent property, we doubt not, would readily contribute their share toward the expense of so desirable a reform.

The Pardon of Rebels.

One of the Radical complaints against President JOHNSON, upon which their organs have expended floods of ink, is the alleged wholesale pardoning of "red-handed rebels." It was freely charged that these pardons were obtained by the influence and upon the recommendation of leading Southern men who were either rebels themselves or prominent Democrats, or of the still more objectionable Conservative school. These complaints became so vociferous that some over-zealous Radical insisted that Congress should call for official information in the matter. In response to that call it appears (we quote from the New-York *Tribune* of Monday) that from April 15, 1865, to March 2, 1866, pardons were recommended by the officials named, and in numbers as given below:

Radicals.	No.	Others.	No.
Gov. Brownlow, Tennessee	263	Gov. Bramlette, Kentucky	84
Gov. Wells, Louisiana	256	Gov. Fletcher, Missouri	48
Gov. Hamilton, Texas	526	Gov. Bradford, Maryland	95
Gov. Murphy, Arkansas	125	Gov. Marvin, Florida	77
Total	1,170	Total	304

In addition, there were 55 pardons granted upon the recommendation of Hon. AUSTIN A. KING, of Missouri, and 121 by the President himself. In view of the fact that the extreme Radicals petitioned for more than two-thirds of all the pardons above recorded, was it not slightly cool for them to abuse the President for doing just what they were the most urgent in asking him to do?

Removal of a United States Commissioner in Kentucky—A Murderer Sentenced.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, April 8.

Judge BLAND BALLARD, of the United States District Court of Kentucky, has deposed A. H. HUBBARD, United States Commissioner at Lexington, for usurping authority not delegated to him.

The jury brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the case of ROBERT SMITH, charged with the murder of FRED. SANDBAR, at the United States Hotel, in 1864. SMITH was sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary.

Municipal Election in Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Monday, April 8.

The Democrats swept the city election by 600 majority to-day, a gain of 130 since last Monday. They elect four of the six Aldermen, and sixteen of the twenty-four Councilmen.

MINOR TOPICS.

Aroused and indignant virtue, resolved to vindicate itself from unjust aspersion, always affords a touching and admirable spectacle,—though it depends, it must be confessed, somewhat on the style of doing it. The telegraph apprises us of a movement said to be on foot at Albany to "arrest at least half a dozen of"—whom? Members of the Legislature who have taken bribes for their votes? By no means—but of the *lobby* men who have bribed them! There's virtue, for you! Who shall after this say aught of the corruptions of the Legislature? When we see men high in office,—after filling their pockets with the price of votes, after gorging themselves with the proceeds of bribery and spending the whole session in black-mailing every project brought forward for their approval, thus—at the very close of the session when their prospects of further plunder are gradually fading from their aching sight—turn heroically upon the pimps and panders to their greed and menace them with imprisonment for their misdeeds,—how is it possible to doubt their purity and uprightness? The same dispatch says sufficient evidence can be easily got, to "sustain the example of New-Jersey," and send half a dozen of the lobby men to State prison. But did it never occur to these models of virtue—as it certainly will to the public—that if one man *bribes*, another must of necessity *be bribed*,—and that this other must be a man in office, who has taken an oath, and who is thus guilty of perjury as well as bribery? But if *such* a man should by any chance be convicted probably he will be pardoned—and the "example of New-Jersey" thus sustained to the fullest extent.

The Senate talks of adjourning—yet it goes on rejecting the President's nominations for office as steadily and as recklessly as if it were to sit all Summer. The Senate seems to have discarded all thought of the public interests in this connection. It has evidently forgotten that offices and office-holders are the means appointed by the Constitution for carrying on the Government. The proper way, moreover, of filling the one and appointing the other is by nominations made by the President to be ratified by the Senate. It would seem to be implied that the President's nominations *would* be ratified unless the nominees were men of incapacity, dishonesty, or notorious unfitness. But this is by no means the case. The Senate cares for none of these things. It insists on having *its own* men or none at all, and it regards the fact of a man's being acceptable, personally or politically, to the President as conclusive and sufficient reason for rejecting him. It is impossible to carry on the Government in this way. Senators are sacrificing the public interests most unjustifiably to partisan spite or to their own personal resentments. Their action on this subject greatly belittles their station and seriously impairs the dignity and reputation of the body to which they belong.

Indictments were found yesterday, by the Grand Jury, against five or six of the marshals and others engaged in the riot on St. Patrick's Day. Mr. BEN AND CHARK, who used his sword with such savageness upon the Police, is favored with three indictments for felonious assault with intent to kill. Now let these individuals be brought to trial at once; there can be no reason for delay; the offence was one that can easily be proved or disproved, and there should be no favor shown to the tricks of postponement often resorted to by defendants whose causes are really indefensible. On this occasion the offence was not merely assault in the heat of passion; it was a riot, a resistance of legitimate authority by three or more persons with weapons in their hands. We have had some terrible lessons heretofore; for instance, the Astor-place riot, and the wild and bloody anarchy of July, 1863. If the men now charged with this most dangerous of crimes are guilty, their punishment should be swift and exemplary. If not guilty, they should be acquitted at the earliest moment. The offence strikes at the very foundations of order and public security, and the public who depend upon law and order for mutual protection will demand inflexible justice upon all such offenders, without regard to race, creed or color.

The Judges of the Court of Appeals are having a series of ovations to signalize the session of their Court in this City. They were entertained in a very elegant and sumptuous style last Friday evening by WILLIAM M. EVARTS, Esq., at his residence on Washington-square, where some three hundred of the citizens of New-York, most eminent in their various avocations and professions, were invited to meet them. Last evening a similar entertainment was given in their honor by M. S. BIDWELL, Esq., and this evening E. W. STOUGHTON, Esq., has invited a very large number of our citizens to meet them at his house on Fifth-avenue. The meeting of the Trustees of the Peabody Education Fund, in this City, gave occasion for several similar festivities, and they have been, on the whole, decidedly more frequent than usual this season. We regret to learn that one of the Judges, Hon. MARTIN GROVER, has been prevented by serious illness from taking his seat on the Bench, although he came to the City expressly to do so. He is still at the Metropolitan Hotel, suffering from an attack of pneumonia accompanied by fever—so serious that his recovery is considered doubtful.

A correspondent calls our attention to the efforts made by disappointed Southern adventurers to enlist mechanics and other laboring men in this City into a scheme of emigration to Brazil. He says that among the inducements held out to them is the assurance that they can hold slaves there, as was formerly done in the South. He calls for measures of legislation to put a stop to these nefarious swindles, as they are certain to lead all who may be deluded by them to disappointment and ruin. We have only to say they will be served right. Any man whom the prospect of holding slaves deludes to emigrate to Brazil deserves the ruin that is quite likely to overtake him. If he cannot earn an honest living here, he has no right to a dishonest one which he hopes to make somebody else earn for him there. Our correspondent speaks of false pretences made by these emissaries, of having steamers and other property in New-Orleans. That is another matter—one which a proper enforcement of existing laws would promptly suppress.

New-York Democratic State Convention.

TROY, N. Y., Monday, April 8.

Hon. THOMAS B. CARROLL and THOMAS MCMANUS, of this District, and WM. L. HAWLEY and JOHN P. BALL, of the Second Assembly District, were to-day elected delegates to the Democratic State Convention.

Negro Militia Disbanded in Georgia.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Monday, April 8.

Gen. SWEENY has disbanded the negro militia companies in this city.

A mass meeting of freedmen is called for on Wednesday. Some of the prominent citizens of the State have been invited to address the meeting.

Reconstruction in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Monday, April 8.

Gen. SCHOFIELD has issued an order that all vacancies occurring in office before the Convention is held can only be filled by persons who never broke their oath to support the Constitution of the United States.

Charter Election at Trenton, N. J.

TRENTON, N. J., Monday, April 8.

At the city election to-day REED, Democrat, Mayor, and the whole Democratic ticket were elected. Democratic majority in Council, 7.

WASHINGTON.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 8.

THE RUSSIAN-AMERICAN TREATY IN THE SENATE.

The Senate to-day took up the Russo-American Treaty, which had been reported from the Committee on Foreign Relations with a unanimous recommendation for its ratification. Senator SUMNER made an elaborate argument of two hours' duration in its favor. It is understood that the injunction of secrecy regarding the proceedings in Executive Session will be so far modified as to allow the publication of his speech. It is a comprehensive statement of the foreign policy of the Government, and rehearses the history of previous attempts on the part of other Powers to obtain possession of the country in question. The only objection of seeming force yet urged against the treaty is that based on the statement that this territory is incumbered by various charters to foreign trading companies. So far as the mere fact is concerned it is true, but the terms of the treaty make special provision for these existing franchises. Russia first offered the Territory for $7,000,000, subject to the claims of these companies. This our Government declined to accede to. The Russian Government finally offered to assume these claims itself if $200,000 additional were added to the purchase money, which was agreed to, and we receive the Territory free from all incumbrance by virtue of the charters, franchises and privileges granted to British, Russian and American trading companies by the Russian Government. This accounts for the precise sum named as the purchase money, viz.: $7,200,000. It is very probable that the Senate will reach a vote on the subject to-morrow, and that the treaty will be ratified. Hon. THADDEUS STEVENS expressed himself to-day unqualifiedly in favor of it. Chief-Justice CHASE is known to hold like opinions.

RECOMMENDATION AND NOMINATION OF REGISTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.

By direction of the Chief Justice the following statement is published for information:

1. Under the act of Congress the power of appointing Registers in Bankruptcy is vested in the District Courts of the United States, the Supreme Courts of the Territories, and the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. But no person can be appointed who is not a counsellor-at-law.

2. The duty of recommending and nominating to the District Courts, and other Courts mentioned in the act, suitable persons for appointment is imposed on the Chief-Justice of the United States, and Congress having now adjourned without acting upon the bill introduced into the Senate to repeal this provision, he will proceed to carry it into effect.

3. To insure as far as practicable the selection of fit men for Registers, the Chief-Justice will require in every case where his recommendation and nomination are desired, first a certificate from the Clerk or Judge of the proper District or Territorial Court, or of some State Court of record, under seal of the Court, that the gentleman named therein is a counsellor of said Court; and secondly, a statement in what Congressional District or Territory the gentleman proposed resides, and for what district of Territory, and for what judicial District, the recommendation and nomination are desired; and thirdly, letters from business and professional men of the district or Territory who have the confidence of their fellow-citizens, each of which letters must vouch distinctly and fully for the gentleman named: 1. In respect to his professional knowledge and ability; 2. In respect to his personal integrity; and, 3. In respect to his general business capacity.

4. In addition to these when the State is represented in Congress, similar letters, if they can be had, are desired from the Representatives of the District and from the Senators of the State, or, in the case of a Territory, from the Delegate.

5. To memorials, or petitions, or recommendations, signed by others than the writer, are required.

6. All letters upon which any recommendation and nomination may be made will be filed by the Chief-Justice in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States.

7. Nominations and recommendations, founded upon testimony furnished as above required, will be made as early as practicable after the same shall have been received. If more than one gentleman in any District or Territory is thus recommended to him, the Chief-Justice will exercise his discretion in making the selection.

8. Only one person will be recommended and nominated in any one Congressional District, except, first, in the case that the Court having the appointing power shall decline to appoint the persons first recommended and nominated; or, second, in the case that after the act shall have gone fully into operation, the appointing Court shall certify to the Chief-Justice that the business of the district cannot be properly done by one Register; or, third, in some cases where a Congressional District may be partly in one Judicial District and partly in another.

(Signed,) D. H. MIDDLETON,
Clerk of the Supreme Court U. S.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 5, 1867.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

A resolution to adjourn the Senate *sine die* on the 10th inst. was presented by Senator WILLIAMS to-day, but objection being made, it went over. It is hardly probable that it will be considered to-morrow. The pressure brought to bear by office-seekers is so great that it is safe to predict that no adjournment will take place this week. It has been suggested that, in view of the restrictions of the Tenure of Office Bill, the President will attempt to compel a continuous session for several weeks, or until the vacancies are all filled.

MEXICAN NEWS.

News has reached here that the Liberals have completely surrounded Maximilian, and there is no possibility of his escape. It is stated that JAUREZ has proposed to our Government that it shall assist him in getting rid of his prospective prisoner by aiding him in escaping from his present perilous position, and by assuring him a safe passage to Europe.

NEW-YORK APPOINTMENTS.

The status of the New-York appointments is not changed. Several new candidates have appeared in the field for Naval Officer, Collector of Customs, and the Brooklyn offices. THURLOW WEED is here and still sticks to FRANKLIN as candidate for Naval Officer. No well informed person believes there is any prospect of the removal of Mr. SMYTHE, and hence candidates for the Collectorship need not feel unduly anxious.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

For "Senator SUMNER gone to Europe" in last night's dispatches, read "Senator SHERMAN."

Senator MORGAN is temporarily in charge of the Senate Finance Committee for the remainder of the present session.

Ex-Congressman KASSON's visit to Europe is in part with a view to effecting a reduction in the rate of foreign postage on American mail matter. The discrimination of the present rates of French postage, and the rates likewise by the Prussian closed mail to Germany and Switzerland, is so great as to be a very serious tax on correspondence, and to prohibit almost totally the circulation of American newspapers.

Hon. S. S. MARSHALL, of Illinois, who has been seriously ill and was very low yesterday, is better to-day, but it is still doubtful whether he will fully recover.

Mr. STEVENS, who has been unusually low for several days, was able to sit up to-day, and received several visitors, among them Hon. W. A. DARLING, of New-York, EDWARD McPHERSON and others. His friends still regard his condition as alarming, and he is evidently slowly losing his remaining physical vigor.

The motion to reconsider the vote confirming the nomination of LOVELL H. ROUSSEAU as Brigadier-General in the Regular Army, was called up in the Executive Session of the Senate to-day, but was not disposed of. If the Russian treaty does not interfere with it to-morrow, the case will undoubtedly be finally disposed of.

Senators WILSON, HOWARD and CONNESS will start for their respective homes to-morrow.

To the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 8.

THE RUSSIAN-AMERICAN TREATY FAVORABLY REPORTED.

The Committee on Foreign Relations reported back to the Senate this afternoon without, it is believed, any opposition, the Russian-American treaty recommending its ratification to that body. According to out-door representation, Senator SUMNER made a speech in its favor, when the subject was passed over until to-morrow, when the Senate will meet at 11 o'clock in order to afford ample opportunity for discussion, so that a vote may be reached before the adjournment on the same day. The prospect now is that the treaty will be ratified by the required two-thirds vote. Prompt action is induced by the fact that the treaty, according to report, allows only three months in which to take definite action.

ALLOTMENT OF SUPREME COURT JUDGES.

The following allotment of Judges was announced in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

For the First Circuit, comprising Maine, New-Hampshire and Massachusetts, Justice CLIFFORD.

For the Second Circuit, comprising New-York, Vermont and Connecticut, Justice NELSON.

For the Third Circuit, comprising Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, Justice GRIER.

For the Fourth Circuit, comprising Maryland, West Virginia and Virginia, Chief-Justice CHASE.

For the Fifth Circuit, comprising Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, Justice WAYNE.

For the Sixth Circuit, comprising Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee, Justice SWAYNE.

For the Seventh Circuit, comprising Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin, Justice DAVIS.

For the Eighth Circuit, comprising Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas, Justice MILLER.

For the Ninth Circuit, comprising California, Oregon and Nevada, Justice FIELD.

The Court heard the conclusion of the argument in No. 158—WATSON vs. SUTHERLAND—and took up the De Hovo California titles, No. 420, which will occupy three days in the argument.

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

Leave will be asked on the next motion day of the Supreme Court of the United States to file the petition of the State of Georgia asking that the President of the United States and the Military Commander of that District be enjoined and restrained from executing the "act for the better government of the rebel States," the object being, as in the Mississippi case, to test the constitutionality of the laws of Congress. Messrs. O'CONOR, of New-York, and JEREMIAH S. BLACK are already engaged, and will be associated with other counsel for the petitioner.

A CALIFORNIA LAND CASE.

The Supreme Court of the United States had before it to-day the case of JOSEFA DE HARRO et al., appellants, vs. The United States, appellee. Judge BLACK, Senator STEWART, of Nevada, WILLIAM EVARTS, of New-York, F. A. DICK and MONTGOMERY BLAIR appear for the appellants, and Attorney-General STANBERY, CALEB CUSHING, Senator COLE, of California, JOHN A. WILLS and HARVEY S. BROWN for the appellee, and those having interest under title from the United States. JAMES M. CARLISLE is counsel for San Francisco. The case is an appeal from the United States District Court of California, which rejected the claim. The title of the land in question, in or near San Francisco, involves from $3,000,000 to $15,000,000. The United States maintain that the claimants have no title inchoate or final, that their claim is entirely destitute of equity, and should be rejected. Mr. DICK addressed the Court to-day for the appellants.

BUSINESS AT THE LAND OFFICE.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has received returns showing an aggregate disposal of 19,929 acres of the public lands during the month of March last at the following offices: Nebraska City, Nebraska, 6,967 acres; Taylor's Falls, Minnesota, 3,267 acres. The greater portion of the land was taken under the Homestead law for actual settlement and cultivation, and the remainder sold for cash and located with Agricultural College scrip and Military warrants.

HEALTH OF THADDEUS STEVENS.

The friends of Hon. THADDEUS STEVENS will be glad to learn that his condition has much improved since yesterday, and that he is not now wholly confined to his bed, but sat up a considerable part of to-day. He expects to take a ride to-morrow.

RECEIPTS FOR CUSTOMS.

The receipts from Customs at the port of Boston from the 23d of March to the 3d of April, amounted to $448,311—an excess of over $[illegible] on the previous report. The Internal Revenue receipts footed up $[illegible].

BUSINESS AT THE PATENT OFFICE.

For the week ending on Tuesday the 16th inst. 226 patents will be issued from the Patent Office. During the past week about 350 applications and 70 caveats have been filed.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations:

United States Marshal George L. Andrews, Massachusetts.

Lieut. Commander Jas. H. Tussell to be Commander on active list.

Commander Wm. C. West, to be Naval Storekeeper at Kittery, Me.

Registers Land Office—Lyman G. Wilcox, Traverse City, Mich.; John S. Waddell, Springfield, Miss.; Orville B. B. Bannon, Helena, Montana Territory; Sigismund M. Black, Legrand, Oregon.

Receivers of Public Moneys—Emil Anneke, Traverse City, Mich.; Caleb B. Clements, of Colorado, at Denver City.

Postmasters—Elizabeth C. Willis, El Paso, Ill.; Daniel Welty, Greensburgh, Penn.; Wm. M. Green, Dayton, Ohio; Claudius B. Grant, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Dyer F. Webber, Charlotte, Mich.; Terence Moore, Marquette, Mich.; Wm. H. Bennesson, Quincy, Ill.

United States Consul—Wm. M. Mayo, at Otranto, Italy.

United States Attorney—Samuel A. Riggs, for the District of Kansas.

The Senate rejected the following nominations:

Receiver of Public Money—Andrew Allen, Boonville, Mo.

United States Consul—Lewis Wiggins, of New-Jersey, to Basco, Mexico.

Secretary of Colorado Territory—H. M. Slade, of Ohio.

United States Attorney—W. F. Chadwick, Territory of Montana; L. W. James, Territory of Idaho.

Postmasters—Cyrus T. Sheppard, Cuba, N. Y.; Walter A. Hastings, Washington, Ill.; Thomas J. Mesereau, Union, N. Y.; O. H. Crandall, Woodstock, Ill.; Andrew Biddle, Elkton, Md.; John S. Miller, Huntington, Pa.; Isaiah Wheedon, Havana, Ill.; Clark C. Buffington, Jerseyville, Ill.; E. M. Burnett, Litchfield, Ill.; Jerome B. Hinton, Carrollton, Ill.

Collector of Customs.—James L. Horsey, Western District of Maryland.

Collector of Internal Revenue.—Richard Apperson, Ninth District of Kentucky; Charles H. Gibson, First District of Maryland.

Agents for the Pawnee Indians in Nebraska.—John Bower, of Pennsylvania.

Assessors of Internal Revenue.—S. M. Shoemaker, Second District of Indiana; Charles H. Miller, Fourth District of Wisconsin.

The President has sent to the Senate for confirmation, Frederick P. Fyfer, for Collector, and Benjamin F. Baer, for Assessor of Internal Revenue, Ninth District of Pennsylvania, Hon. Thaddeus Stevens' district.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Monday—David H. Burr vs. the United States. Justice Loring delivered the opinion of the Court in this case, finding $3,000 due claimant.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Commander John Calhoun, detached from duty as Inspector of the Eighth Lighthouse District, and placed on waiting orders. Lieut.-Com. Wm. Mitchell has been detached from duty as Inspector of Supplies at the Washington Navy-yard, and appointed Inspector of Lighthouses in the Thirteenth District. Mate Wm. C. Parker, detached from the *Daffodil*, and placed on waiting orders. Acting-Boatswain Thomas G. Collier from the *Sabine*, and placed on waiting orders. Boatswain John E. McLoughton ordered to the *Sabine*. Commander B. M. Dove has been appointed Lighthouse Inspector of the Seventh District.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Monday, April 8.

Mr. WILLIAMS offered a resolution that the President of the Senate, at 6 o'clock P. M. next Wednesday, adjourn the present session of the Senate *sine die*.

Mr. SUMNER objected to the present consideration of the resolution.

THE COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

The President appointed Mr. JOHNSON on the Committee on Printing, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. RIDDLE.

HARPER'S FERRY.

Mr. WILEY offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the [illegible] to communicate to the Senate copies of all deeds, conveyances and other evidences of title by which the United States have claim to any lands, tenements and water privileges at or near Harper's Ferry, in West Virginia; [illegible] and for what purposes, and whether there is any reason why any portion of the lands [illegible] should not now be sold.

On motion of Mr. RAMSEY, the Senate went into Executive Session.

Indian Movements on the Plains.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, April 8.

A special dispatch to the *Democrat* from St. Joseph says the *Montana Post* of the 16th gives the following intelligence in regard to the Indians:

"Eighteen hundred lodges of Sioux, numbering three thousand warriors, under the chiefs RED CLOUD, IRON SHELL and WHITE YOUNG BULL, are encamped on the Big Horn River, about thirty-five miles from Fort Smith. The Crows, Bloods, Piegans, Gros Ventres and [illegible] have made peace among themselves and joined in league against the whites.

About 800 lodges are yet north of the Missouri River, but will come over and camp near Muscle Shell River as soon as the Spring opens, and after concentrating their forces the confederation will wage war against the whites. They say the whites have occupied their only hunting-ground, and that death is inevitable, and they prefer it in battle rather than by starvation. The commandant at Fort Smith doubts his ability to hold the position, and it is thought that if reinforcements do not arrive soon he will come to Clark's Fort on the Yellowstone.

The Helena *Herald* notices the fall of a remarkably large meteor in that vicinity, which lighted up the town equal to a thousand gas-burners.

Reconstruction in South Carolina—Emigrants Wanted.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Monday, April 8.

Gov. WORTH, of North Carolina, and Gov. ORR, have been in consultation with Gen. SICKLES here, for a few days past, concerning the nature of the general orders to be issued for the government of the Second Military District. Their conference has been harmonious, and Gov. WORTH, on his return to Raleigh, will urge his State to reorganize promptly under the provisions of the Sherman act.

Renewed efforts are in progress to stimulate emigration. Gov. ORR has appointed agents to proceed to Europe and represent the advantages of South Carolina. A circular has been addressed to the planters of the State, urging them to coöperate in the movement.

Southern Relief Collections in California—Indian Depredations.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sunday, April 7.

The collections for the relief of the people of the Southern States exceeds $22,000. Some of the principal streets have not been canvassed, and all the houses of amusement have volunteered a benefit to aid the cause. We have not yet heard from the interior of the State.

The United States war steamer *Pensacola* arrived here last night.

The Indians of the Hoopo Reservation, in California, have declared war against the whites. They killed the sub-agent, ROBERT Y. STOCKTON, and two employes, and burned all the Government property. The whites on the Klamath River are fortifying and preparing for their defence.

Lieut.-Col. Brown Tried and Acquitted—A Poisoner Sentenced to be Hung in Canada.

MONTREAL, Monday, April 8.

The trial of Lieut.-Col. GEORGE BROWN, who was pursued through Europe and finally arrested on the charge of embezzling Government funds, was concluded to-day. Verdict not guilty.

The Prince of Wales Regiment was served with new rifles to-day.

PROVENCHER was found guilty of poisoning JOSTREES, and sentenced to be hanged. The trial of PROVENCHER's partner in guilt, SOPHIE BORSOLERO, was commenced to-day.

The ice in the river remains firm.

Reported Drowning of One Hundred Negroes in the Mississippi River.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, April 8.

Advices from below say the town of De Soto, opposite Vicksburgh, was suddenly inundated a few days since, and from eighty to one hundred negroes were drowned. The people of Vicksburgh used strenuous efforts to rescue the poor creatures, but could only reach such as had secured temporary places of safety. The town was exclusively occupied by negroes.

Prize Fight in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Monday, April 8.

A considerable party left this city this morning by the 10 o'clock train for New-London, to participate in a prize fight early Tuesday morning on Fisher's Island, between GEORGE ROOKE, of this city, and CHARLES COLLINS, of New-York, for $[illegible] a side.

Suicide at Fox Lake, Wisconsin.

FOX LAKE, Wis., Monday, April 8.

J. P. DAVIS, proprietor of the American House, committed suicide yesterday by taking morphine, leaving a wife and large family. No cause is assigned for the commission of the act.

Three Murderers Sentenced to be Hung in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Monday, April 8.

The three men, CASE, AULGUS and GOETZ, the murderers of Mr. HUGHES, have been sentenced to be hung on the 30th inst.

Fire in a Woolen Factory in Maine.

LEWISTON, Me., Monday, April 8.

About 3:30 o'clock this afternoon fire caught in the picker of the Lewiston Mill, and immediately communicated with the cotton-room on the second floor. Streams of water from the hydrants were thrown upon the flames, and the fire extinguished with but slight damage to the building. The machinery was somewhat injured by the water, and from one to two tons of cotton were burned. The main portion of the mill will run as usual to-morrow. All the losses are covered by insurance.

Destructive Fire in Canada.

BOWMANVILLE, C. W., Monday, April 8.

A large three-story brick building, occupied as a factory by the Bowmanville Furniture Manufacturing Company, with the entire contents, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The loss is very heavy. One hundred and thirty persons have been thrown out of employment on account of it.

The discount on American Invoices for the ensuing week is twenty-five per cent.

Fire in Belfast.

BELFAST, Me., Monday, April 8.

The dwelling-house and buildings owned and occupied by Hon. A. G. JEWETT, Mayor of Belfast, were totally consumed by fire this morning. The furniture was saved in a damaged condition. The fire originated in a defective chimney. The property is insured in the Hartford and Ætna Insurance Companies, for $10,000.

Hotel-burning at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Monday, April 8.

Two unsuccessful attempts were made last night to burn the Commercial Hotel. Several of the rooms were burned out and the hotel was badly damaged by water.

Hat Factory Burned at Lawrence, Mass.

BOSTON, Monday, April 8.

The large hat manufactory of Messrs. DESMOND, in Lawrence, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss estimated at $40,000, on which there is an insurance of $10,000.

Foundry Burned in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Monday, April 8.

The foundry of ENGLISH & DIXON, in New-Philadelphia, Ohio, was burned last night. Loss $70,000, on which there is only $20,000 insurance.

Letter from Mr. George Peabody.

The Charleston, S. C., papers publish the following letter from Mr. GEORGE PEABODY, in reply to the invitation extended to him to attend the anniversary dinner of the Charleston Board of Trade, on the 2d inst.:

SALEM, Mass., March 23, 1867.

William S. Hastie, Esq., President of the Charleston Board of Trade:

MY DEAR SIR: I have but just received your very kind note, with the invitation of the Charleston Board of Trade to join them at their approaching annual dinner, owing to the fact of its having been missent to South Danvers, the town which was my birth-place, and where letters for me are sent in such vast numbers, that I only have them forwarded to me at intervals of two or three weeks. This must be my apology for not having sooner replied to the kind message of the Board of Trade, though, had I received it sooner it would have been impossible for me to [illegible] engagements, which [illegible] occupy my time, until my early departure for England. But I beg, through you, to assure the Board that it is with great regret I am obliged to forego the honor of accepting the invitation of a body of such high [illegible] and of being with them on so interesting an occasion. [illegible] commercial prosperity of their city, which has suffered so much, but where, I hope, the progress of commerce and the arts of peace may, and will ere long, repair the ravages of the late disastrous war. [illegible] prosperity [illegible].

With the assurance of my high respect,
I am, very truly yours,
GEORGE PEABODY.

AMUSEMENTS.

Olympic Theatre.

BALFE's musical drama of "The Enchantress," with Dr. CUNNINGHAM's additions—which was produced at the Olympic Theatre last evening by the Richings Troupe—is a good specimen of what an "English opera" is: a collection of pretty airs that seek and generally retain the popular fancy. "Ever be Happy" has been played oftener, and under a greater variety of circumstances, perhaps, than any other piece of music. "The Enchantress" is also a good specimen of the sort of story which an English opera usually tells. If a pirate in disguise and a mysterious foundling, a noble lover and a jealous corsair, twenty freebooters, a usurping Duke and a comic doctor are not enough to suggest music and to introduce an effective song and chorus, nothing can. A distinguishing character of the music, too, is its adaptability—take it out of the opera and it will answer for almost anything else. The champion bare-back act in the circus is as frequently ridden to the "Pirate's Chorus" as to the "Rosy Morn," and the same air is known to be an extremely popular one for target companies on the march to suburban shooting grounds. In fact, the ballads and choruses in such compositions are like the illustrations in books: the story as a play can survive without them, and the book as a book can survive without the pictures—the opera music having this advantage over the pictures, that it will do as well for another play, while the book illustrations may not fit the scenes in another volume. "The Enchantress," also, is famous for a certain reason not altogether pertaining to high art, to wit: because it is sure to draw a crowd if business happens to have been light. It resembles in this certain dramas: the "Naiad Queen," for instance, which perhaps the reader may have seen that; is a play which is the hope of forlorn managers who bring it out when they are at their wits end. It may be interesting as a historical fact to note that the managers of the "Black Crook" entertainment, who imported the ballet troupe and scenery, now exhibited at Niblo's, originally designed producing the ladies, the scenery and the dresses in the "Naiad Queen." They had all the attractions, and they wanted, like Crummles with his real pump and tubs, a piece to display them in; a happy accident averted the revival of the old play, and the fair *Stalacta*, the agile *Sangali* and the serpentine *Rol*, escaped making their first appearance as water nymphs of the Lorleiberg. But all this has nothing to do with "The Enchantress." That musical drama, it may not be out of place to say in this position, had an intelligent and fairly interesting representation last evening, and in the chorus department the performance will be quite as perfect after one or two more public rehearsals. Mr. SEGUIN showed all the disposition to realize the ideal heroic "pirate" in the *rôle* of *Ramir*, and in acting he was entirely satisfactory; but, like Miss RICHINGS, Mr. SEGUIN's voice is not what it once was, but then Mr. SEGUIN conceals by a rare art much of his loss. Mr. CASTLE, in the part of *Sylvio*, was even more careful than usual, and for the entirely sentimental music which forms much of his duty, he was in proper spirit. Mr. CAMPBELL was the "bad Duke," and as far as the singing went, left nothing to be desired. There is one admirable quality about Mr. CAMPBELL's execution—it is concise; he does not, like too many baritones, drag his "oh's" and exclamatory notes half over the stage before he will consent to release them. Mr. PEAKES made some mild efforts to be funny as *Dr. Mathanasius*, and the audience accepted them in the spirit in which they were given.

New-York Theatre.

The curiosity which was aroused for *Griffith Gaunt* does not seem to have subsided altogether, and the reproduction of the drama at the New-York Theatre last evening appeared to have revived the former interest in the piece. The representation is still marked by those forcible impersonations which assisted the play to its original success, and the impression left upon the auditor after witnessing the acted story of "Griffith Gaunt" and his "Jealousy," is that mixture of sadness and satisfaction, of pain and pleasure, which convinces the playgoer that he has seen a page from nature and listened to a story of human life, human passions and tears. The picturesque drolleries of the fair scene are received with ardor by the traditional sack races, pig chasers and merry dancers, while the leading impersonations that made the performance memorable from the first are continued. Miss EYTINGE gives to the character of the Cumberland Beauty *esprit* in the early scenes of coquetry, pathos where outrage is heaped upon her, and the dignity of tragedy in the later episodes of trial. Mr. HARKINS is altogether the best substitute for Mr. MORTIMER we have had in the part of *Griffith*, and in scenes where energy is a requisite he gives far more satisfaction, while he realizes the ideal "Cumberland Savage." Mrs. WILKINS resumes the part of *Caroline Ryder*, and, for the most part, the *dramatis personæ* are committed to those who formerly cared for them—Mr. LEWIS BAKER, Mr. MARK SMITH, Mr. and Mrs. GOMERSAL, Mr. BLAND and Miss SAIDEE COLE having their original parts.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

BROOKLYN VITAL STATISTICS.—The Registrar reports the following as the number and causes of death in Brooklyn during the week ending the 6th inst.: Diseases—Congestion of lungs, 3; disease of heart, 3; scarlet fever, 8; dropsy, 3; apoplexy, 2; insanity, 1; hydro-thorax, 1; disease of brain, 5; premature birth, 3; typhoid fever, 1; marasmus, 5; pneumonia, 5; hydrocephalus, 5; diphtheria, 3; dysentery, 1; croup, 2; convulsions, 6; cancer, 2; consumption, 20; disease of spine, 1; old age, 3; measles, 4; typhus fever, 1; debility, 3; murder, 1; delirium tremens, 1; bilious fever, 1; hooping-cough, 1; disease of kidneys, 5; enteritis, 1; puerperal convulsions, 2; gastritis, 2; secondary syphilis, 1; pleurisy, 1; asphyxia, 1; accidental injuries, 1; bronchitis, 2; rheumatism, 1. The mortality by Wards was as follows: First Ward, 1; Second, 3; Third, 1; Fourth, 4; Fifth, 4; Sixth, 11; Seventh, 3; Eighth, 6; Ninth, 6; Tenth, 8; Eleventh, 4; Twelfth, 3; Thirteenth, 7; Fourteenth, 7; Fifteenth, 4; Sixteenth, 11; Seventeenth, 8; Nineteenth, 6; Twentieth, 4; Villages, 13.—Total, 114. Of men there were 20; women, 28; boys, 33; girls, 32. Natives of United States, 87; Ireland, 15; England, 5; Germany, 6; Sweden, 1.

THE COURTS—CIRCUIT COURT, April 9.—Nos. 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 4[illegible].

BROOKLYN CITY COURT, April 9.—Nos. 52, 76, 6, 14, 60, 10, 25, 20, 47, 72.

NEW-JERSEY NEWS IN BRIEF.—Preparations are in progress for pushing forward the work on the Paterson and Newark Railroad with all possible dispatch, and it is intended to have it completed and in running order by the 1st of January, 1868....GEO. REILLY, of No. 38 Garden-street, Newark, jumped from a train of cars near the Centre-street depot about 11 o'clock on Saturday night, and sustained a double fracture of the leg below the knee. He was not discovered until 3 o'clock in the morning, when he was carried home....Yesterday, Mayor PEDDIE, of Newark, appointed as bell-ringer at the tower, JOHN G. VERMILYEA, a soldier and exempt fireman. JOHN B. SMITH, a one-armed soldier, was also appointed as special policeman at Military and Washington Park....PATRICK MARTIN, a young man recently arrested in Newark for larceny, was yesterday surrendered by his bondsman, it being understood that a charge of highway robbery is to be preferred against him....The Police of Newark made thirty arrests for the twenty-four hours ending yesterday morning, nearly all for drunkenness and disorderly conduct....A young man named JAMES GREEN attempted to force an entrance into a porter-house in Newark on Saturday night, after the proprietor had retired, to get a drink, for which he was yesterday fined $15....The residents at East Orange are about to petition the Government for the establishment of a Post-office at that locality....At the same place a Town Hall is to be built, and the sum of $4,000 has been appropriated for the improvement of the roads....In the case of Mrs. GAMBATE, who dropped dead in Newark on Saturday, the county physician granted a permit for burial, having ascertained the cause of death to be apoplexy....The burglar HARRISON, arrested recently on suspicion of having committed several burglaries in Orange, has confessed as to the commission of numerous burglaries in that place....An Englishman named SHAW, a watchmaker by trade, has been missing from Newark since Wednesday last....A valuable horse and wagon belonging to CHARLES KOLB was stolen on Sunday evening from the front of a saloon in Newark.

CONCLUSION OF THE CORONER'S INQUEST IN THE CASE OF THE BURGLAR MORZANI—THE VERDICT.—The inquest in the case of the burglar MORZANI, who was shot by Officer SCOTT, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, on the morning of the 21st ult., was brought to a close by Coroner SMITH last night. The only additional depositions taken were those of Dr. [illegible], who made the post-mortem examination, and the widow of the deceased. The testimony of the latter was taken at her residence by the Coroner, who deemed it imprudent to take her before the jury, in consequence of the poor state of her health. It was read to the jury, but contained nothing of interest. [illegible] The testimony was then submitted to the jury, who returned the following verdict after [illegible] consultation: "We find that the deceased came to his death on the morning of the 21st ult., from a wound received by a pistol in the hands of [illegible] SCOTT, attached to the Forty-fifth Precinct, while in the discharge of his duty, and that said officer was justified in so doing; and the jury would recommend Officer SCOTT to the favorable consideration of the Police Commissioners."

FIRE ON BLACKWELL'S ISLAND.—At a late hour yesterday afternoon a fire occurred on Blackwell's Island, resulting in the destruction of a storehouse. The full extent of the loss is unknown.

"Boys"

will find a large stock of first class clothing at low prices at

ABBATT & MOORE'S,
No. 287 Broadway.

Custom department for men and boys complete.—*Advertisement.*

That Short, Straight Needle.

Mr. J. L. Zacharias, of Leesburgh, Va., writes: "That short, straight needle, and the simplicity and SECURITY of its stitch, render your machine far superior to all others for family use. The Willcox & Gibbs is THE Machine."—*Advertisement.*

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, which greatly facilitates the process, and is sure to regulate the bowels. It relieves the child from pain, corrects acidity and wind colic, and, by giving the infant quiet, and natural sleep, gives rest to the mother. Offices No. 215 Fulton-st., New-York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

having the *fac simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sore Throat, Cough, Cold and Similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious pulmonary affections, oftentimes incurable. "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" reach directly the seat of the disease, and give almost instant relief. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company, Silversmiths, of Providence, R. I., inform the trade that they are producing fine Electro-plated Goods, comprising full Dinner and Tea Services and Table Ware of every description of a very superior quality, and of new and elegant designs. The base is Nickel Silver, upon which is a deposit of pure silver of such thickness that they possess all the advantages of solid silver in utility, and from beauty of design and superior finish are undistinguishable from it.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company refer with confidence to the high reputation they have established in the production of Solid Silver Ware, in which they have been for many years engaged, and they now assure the public that they will fully sustain that reputation by the production of Electro-plated Wares of such quality and extreme durability as will insure entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All articles made by them are stamped thus:

GORHAM MF'G CO

And all such are fully guaranteed. They feel it necessary particularly to call the attention of purchasers to the above trade-mark, as their designs have been already extensively imitated. These goods can only be procured from responsible dealers throughout the country.

Being the introducers of the celebrated PLATED WARE of the GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, above advertised, we now offer an entirely new and extensive stock, from which very desirable selections can be made.

STARR & MARCUS, No. 22 John-st.

Gorham Plated Ware.

A full assortment at as low prices as any other house.

HOWARD & CO., No. 619 Broadway, N. Y.

Peter Cooper's Gelatine

makes delicious

JELLIES, BLANC MANGE, CHARLOTTE RUSSE, &c.

Directions for use with the packages. For sale by grocers and druggists. Depot No. 17 Burling-slip, N. Y.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. [illegible] signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. [illegible]

The Fashions for Spring, at Genin's are now complete. They include a most extensive variety of Hats for Gentlemen and Youths. The exposition of Ladies', Children's and Infants' Hats comprehend all the standard styles of Europe and America.

GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

Metcalfe's Great Rheumatic Remedy is the only sure cure for Rheumatism ever known, and it is as wonderful in its action as certain in its effect.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye.—The Best Ever Manufactured. Wholesale and retail; also applied, at No. 6 Astor House.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silk, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

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REVERSIBLE FEED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.

Best family sewing-machine in the world.

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No. 505 Broadway.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.

"Its seam is less liable to rip than the Lock-Stitch." [*Judge's Report*, at the "*Grand Trial*."] 508 Broadway.

The Howe Machine Co.'s Lock-stitch Sewing-Machines.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., (original inventor of Sewing Machines,) President, 699 Broadway, N. Y.

Weed Sewing-Machines—NEW MODEL.—A novel improvement. Salesroom, No. 613 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 625 B'way.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

DIED.

BUCKHOUT.—At Tremont, on Saturday, April 6, MARY TICE, widow of Jacob Buckhout, in her 76th year.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, 9th inst., at 2 P. M., from her late residence.

BULL.—At Panama, N. G., on Saturday, March 23, of yellow fever, WILLIAM T. BULL, U. S. N., son of the late William Bull, of Essex, Conn., in the 25th year of his age, regretted by a large circle of friends.

BALLIETT.—On Sunday, April 7, of consumption, ROSE BALLIETT, aged 25 years.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral this day, (Tuesday,) at 1 o'clock, from corner of Cortlandtown and Mott-av., Melrose. The remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

COOKE.—At Yonkers, on Sunday, April 7, JOHN ATWATER, son of John A. and Caroline S. Cooke, aged 1 year and 8 months.

DAYTON.—At Linden, near Elizabeth, N. J., on Saturday, April 6, MATTHIAS O. DAYTON, in the 70th year of his age.

HEINEMANN.—On Sunday, April 7, LIZZIE, infant daughter of Emil and Emily M. Heinemann.

HERRIMAN.—Suddenly, on Saturday morning, April 6, WM. S. HERRIMAN, aged 75 years.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, April 9, at 3 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 65 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, without further notice.

KEPPLER.—On Monday, April 8, at his late residence, No. 258 9th-st., HERRMANN KEPPLER, of Constanz, Baden, aged 28 years and 4 months.

Havana and Mexico papers please copy.

LEFFERTS.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., suddenly, on Sunday, April 7, REM LEFFERTS, in the 59th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, corner of Clove Road and Fulton-av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LEVY.—On Sunday morning, April 7, at the residence of her niece, Mrs. W. J. Rea, No. 2 West 28th-st., Miss AMELIA LEVY, aged 74 years.

The funeral will take place from No. 2 West 28th-st., at 9½ o'clock Tuesday morning, April 9. The relatives and friends of the family, and also those of Mr. W. J. Rea, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral.

MITCHILL.—On Sunday, April 7, at the residence of her father, Wm. F. Leggett, Pelham, Westchester County, CAROLINE L., relict of the late Samuel L. Mitchill.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, 10th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., from the residence of John T. Bruce, No. 58 East 25th-st., New-York. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

MOON.—On Saturday, April 6, at the residence of Mr. James Heath, his brother-in-law, Bedford-av., Brooklyn, N. Y., WILLIAM MOON, of London, England, aged 35 years and 6 months, of hemorrhage of the lungs.

London and Liverpool, England, papers please copy.

BOWELL.—In this City, on Sunday, April 7, CHARLES MORSE, son of Warren and Jane Bowell, aged 3 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 33 Bridge-st., this (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

SCRIMGEOUR.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 6, JANET, wife of R. Scrimgeour, Sr., in the 60th year of her age.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, Greenwood Cemetery, this (Tuesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Glasgow and Perth, Scotland, papers please copy.

VON BERNUTH.—In this City, on Monday evening, April 8, CAROLINE S. W., wife of F. A. von Bernuth, and daughter of E. H. Kitchen.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

WOOD.—On Sunday morning, April 7, at the residence of her father, Fernando Wood, [illegible] daughter of Fernando Wood, aged 19 years, 5 months and 16 days.

Funeral services from the residence of her father, Broadway and 77th-st., on Tuesday, 9th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Carriages will be in waiting till 1:30 P. M. on Madison-av., fronting Madison-square, between 24th and 26th sts.

A CARD.—MOURNING GOODS OF EVERY DEsirable kind, constantly on hand at JACKSON'S mourning-store, No. 551 Broadway, opposite Tiffany & Co.'s. Prices very reasonable.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

EDMUND YATES' NEW NOVEL.

HARPER & BROTHERS, NEW-YORK,
PUBLISH THIS DAY:
BLACK SHEEP.
A Novel.
By EDMUND YATES,
Author of
"Land at Last," "Kissing the Rod," "Broken to Harness," &c., &c., &c.
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Mr. Yates' novels have a mint mark of their own. They are Mr. Edmund Yates' novels, not imitations of the novel-writing of successful predecessors.—*London Examiner.*

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As a narrator of life in London Yates takes rank next to Dickens.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

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HAVE RECENTLY PUBLISHED:

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OUT TO-DAY.

A SPLENDID NUMBER OF

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To be had everywhere.

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BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK, Publisher,
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PROGRAMME OF
MR. AND MRS. VANDENHOFF'S
VOLUNTEER READING on TUESDAY EVENING,
in aid of the Southern Famine Relief Commission:

PART I.

OVERTURE ON THE ORGAN, by G. W. MORGAN.
Hon. JOHN T. HOFFMANN, Mayor of New-York, will preside and make the introductory remarks.
Mr. VANDENHOFF will read
SCENES FROM ACTS IV AND V OF HENRY IV,
Shakespeare's great historical and military play.
The scenes presented will be illustrative of the BATTLE OF AGINCOURT, and the COURTSHIP OF HENRY OF ENGLAND and KATHERINE OF FRANCE.

PART II.

Mrs. VANDENHOFF will recite the following poems:
SHERIDAN'S RIDE.
T. B. Read.
HIGH TIDE ON THE COAST OF LINCOLNSHIRE.
Jean Ingelow.

PART III.

Mr. VANDENHOFF will give, from Dickens' "Martin Chuzzlewit," the highly humorous sketch, arranged by himself,
"THE PECKSNIFF FAMILY AT TODGERS'!
With the banquet given by the boarders in honor of the Miss Pecksniffs; the speeches of the several gentlemen, and the retirement of Pecksniff in
"A CHRONIC STATE."
[See amusements.]

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VENETIAN LIFE, including Commercial, Social, Historical and Artistic notices of the place. By WM. D. HOWELLS. Third edition, revised and enlarged. 1 vol. crown 8vo. Price $2.

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POLITICAL.

PURSUANT TO THE CALL OF THE UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE, a primary election of the Association of the [illegible] Assembly District will be held at [illegible] on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 10, to elect delegates to the Senatorial Convention. Polls open from 7½ to 9 o'clock.

ROBERT BEATTY, President.

H. D. THAYER,
G. W. JAQUES, } Secretaries.

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A special meeting will be held THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at the [illegible] House, No. [illegible] Fulton-st., to elect Delegates to the [illegible] Senatorial District Convention. Polls open from 7½ to 9 o'clock.

AMOS STOREY, [illegible]

THOS. J. GUERNSEY, Secretary.

THE ELEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT Union Republican Association are requested to meet THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, April 9, at 7½ o'clock, at the corner of [illegible] and [illegible] st., to elect delegates to the Seventh Senatorial Convention, to elect delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

J. J. [illegible], Vice-President.

KNOX MEAVER, Secretary.

THE UNION REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION of the Eighth Assembly District are requested to meet at Baum's Hotel, No. 191 Grand-st., THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, to elect delegates to the Senatorial Convention.

GEO. DONALDSON, President.

WM. H. TINKLER, Secretary.

FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—AN election will be held by the Republican Association for Delegates to the Senatorial Convention THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at No. 63 Vandam-st., at 7½ o'clock.

JOHN RYAN, President.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCHREIBER
CORNET MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
IN
BRASS, GERMAN SILVER AND OTHER METALS.

This Company, incorporated under the laws of the State of New-York, is now engaged in manufacturing wind instruments in brass, German silver, and other metals, superior to all others.

The improvements by which their qualities of excellence have at last been obtained result from the skill, experience, ingenuity and perseverance of Mr. LOUIS SCHREIBER, and have been secured to him by patents granted in the United States and in Europe, to Mr. [illegible] the FORM, the ACTION, the WATER-VALVE and the MEANS OF CONSTRUCTION.

I.

Mr. SCHREIBER has improved the FORM so as to avoid all angles, [illegible] giving [illegible] By [illegible] rest on the shoulder, [illegible] labor in [illegible] ent instruments in the [illegible] formerly, before [illegible] to the [illegible] the weight, particularly with the heavier class of instruments, can the better control the embouchure, the importance of which is well known to all skillful performers; and as one hand cannot be [illegible] without affecting the other by sympathy, the right hand can manage the keys with much greater facility than when the whole weight of the instrument has to be sustained by the hands.

II.

The ACTION has been materially improved in several respects. All its parts are manufactured by machinery working with mathematical accuracy, so that the action is a model of precision unattainable by the usual mode of manufacture by hand. The outside shell of each valve, which, in instruments as heretofore made, is composed of seven different pieces, by the improved construction is formed of one piece, thereby avoiding all liability to leak. It has also been improved by making the diameter of its openings exactly the same as that of the tube, thereby giving more freedom to the passage of the wind. The keys are straighter than in instruments heretofore made, their operation is more direct, and their leverage increased. The position of the valves is perpendicular, which is of great importance; the left hand can take a firm hold, keeping the instrument from being shaken by the movements of the right hand, and [illegible] the embouchure. By this change of the position of the right hand [illegible] the valves and the form of the keys, the position of the right hand is rendered more natural, and the touch of the keys as easy as that of a piano.

III.

The WATER-VALVE is also an improvement of decided value. Many experiments have been made with a view to obtain some means for readily discharging the water without taking the instrument from the lips, but without success, until Mr. Schreiber's invention. The change of position of the valves, as already mentioned, causes all the water to collect in one place, from which it can be removed with the greatest ease and the shortest time by means of a key under the control of the little finger of the left hand, and without removing the instrument from the mouth.

IV.

The MEANS OF CONSTRUCTION are an important improvement on all former methods. All the instruments made by the Schreiber Cornet Manufacturing Company are constructed by machinery, the most important parts of which are novel inventions, secured to the Company by letters patent. By the use of such improved machinery, the most delicate parts are made with a degree of accuracy never before attained, and the Company can produce instruments of uniform excellence which they can warrant to be the most perfect ever made.

TESTIMONIALS.

Attention is asked to the voluntary testimonials which follow, given by gentlemen whose names will be at once recognized as those of most eminent members of the musical profession:

MY DEAR SIR: You have marked an era in the history of the orchestra by your inventions for the improvement of brass instruments.

I regard the water-valve, the circular form, and the manner of sustaining the weight of the instrument, as improvements, each of very great value. But I am particularly pleased with your plan for a uniform upward direction for all the bells. Who would dream—setting aside any question of convenience of arrangement—of constructing an organ in such a manner that the pipes should open downward and emit their sounds within a foot or two of the floor, or of causing some of their openings toward the front, some toward the back, and some toward the sides? The perfect union of sound demands as much a uniform and upward direction in the band or orchestra as in the organ. Now that you have accomplished an improvement so desirable, we wonder that its importance has not heretofore attracted more attention.

It gives me the greatest pleasure to express to you my admiration for your invaluable contributions to the advancement and efficacy of the band and orchestra, and to assure you that I am,

Very truly, your friend,
C. ANSCHUTZ.

LOUIS SCHREIBER, Esq.,
No. 21 Maiden-lane.

DEAR SIR: I write to express my pleasure at the remarkable success of your long continued studies and efforts to improve brass instruments.

The substitution of curves for angles, thus giving beauty of outline at the same time that the vibrations are rendered harmonious and the tone superior to any yet produced; the manner of supporting the weight so as to leave the hands unburdened, and consequently free for the manipulation of the instrument; the ingenious expedient for keeping the instruments free from water, and the direction of the bell upward, so as to secure not only a perfect union of sound, but also greater purity of tone and accuracy of pitch, are improvements which can hardly be too highly commended.

The advantages consequent upon giving the bell an upward direction, can be peculiarly well appreciated by all leaders of bands and orchestras. As formed by the old and usual method of construction, in addition to the disadvantage of having the different voices turned in different directions, so to speak, by the direction and position of the bells, the sound is subjected to other and quite as great disadvantages. Some material substance is almost invariably before the bell of the instrument when in the hands of the orchestral performer—either the front part of the stage, a seat, the back of a brother performer, a music-stand, or another instrument, thus not only obstructing the emission of sound, and making it impossible to effect a perfect *ensemble*, but very seriously affecting the quality of tone and the pitch of the instruments. All this is avoided by the simple and elegant device of turning the bell of the instrument upward, as you have done.

I wish I were authorized to thank you in the name of all members of my profession; but as I am not, let me, for myself, thank you most heartily for the most valuable improvements, based upon scientific principles, which you have effected in brass instruments.

Believe me, my dear Sir,
Very sincerely yours,
CARL BERGMANN.

LOUIS SCHREIBER, Esq.,
No. 21 Maiden-lane.

MY DEAR SIR: I have examined the changes and additions made by you in the construction of brass instruments, and with great pleasure give you my opinion in regard to them.

By adopting the circular form you have secured a harmonious and perfect vibration, and an excellence of quality, exactness of pitch and purity of tone never possible in the most costly [illegible] heretofore used.

By directing the bell upward you have made possible an entire unity of sound, a most desirable result in orchestras, [illegible] ordinary manner, of which the bells emit sounds in various directions according to their position.

By causing the weight of the instrument to rest on the shoulder, your [illegible] the performer [illegible] absolute control of it.

By the water-valve you have removed a most annoying obstruction in the way of every performer.

On the whole, you have produced by far the most perfect instrument yet made, and I heartily congratulate you and the profession on your enviable success.

Faithfully yours,
THEODORE THOMAS.

LOUIS SCHREIBER, Esq.,
No. 21 Maiden-lane.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 18, 1866.

FRIEND SCHREIBER:

Permit me to congratulate you upon the success you have attained in your great improvement for brass instruments. I think you have wrought a complete revolution, not only in the beautiful workmanship, but also for great convenience of playing. The water-valve is certainly a great invention; and as all artists are aware of the great annoyance caused by that collection of water in their instruments while playing, they will not fail to appreciate this invention.

I may also add that the tone is much improved, not only in power, but in silvery sweetness.

Hoping that every success will attend efforts so richly deserving of it, I remain yours,

GEORGE F. BRISTOW.

M. J. PAILLARD & CO., Agents,
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Of the injurious effects of Face-Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.

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IN THE SPRING MONTHS THE SYSTEM naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value.

USE LYON'S

CALORIC PRESSED RYE COFFEE.

The first manufactured in New-York City.
[illegible]
The first to receive the approbation of physicians.
The first to receive commendation from the journals.
Which has won 1,000 testimonials.
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It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin.

NOTICE.

The Union Republican Association of the Sixteenth Assembly District are requested to meet at the corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, April 9, at 7½ o'clock, to elect five delegates to the Seventh Senatorial District Convention, to select delegates to the State Constitutional Convention.

WILLIAM ATKINSON, President.

JOHN HANNA, Secretary.

NOT A FEW OF THE WORST DISORDERS that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S ESTHETICONEURADYNON, the wonder of the age for the cure of all diseases of the eye, ear, chronic catarrh, asthma, diseases of the heart, lungs, liver, consumption, weakness of the nervous system. The merits of this wonderful apparatus are acknowledged by the highest medical authority. Office, No. 321 5th-av., corner 32d-st.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

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THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY of complexion must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other.

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AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

And execute orders for purchase and sale of

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No. 78 Broadway and No. 7 New-st., New-York.
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NO. 14 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
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Of all issues, and execute orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

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FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE
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Amply secured by land grant and completed road. Interest 7 per cent., payable half-yearly in New-York. A limited amount of bonds will be sold on very favorable terms.

Full particulars furnished by
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FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF
FIRST DIVISION ST. PAUL
AND
PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY OF MINNESOTA 7 PER CENT.,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

The subscribers offer for sale a limited amount of the First Mortgage Bonds of the above road at the very low price of [illegible] cents upon the dollar. These Bonds are but [illegible] per mile, being less than the cost of the iron, and being the first mortgage upon the road and equipments.

The Company have a land grant of 6,400 acres per mile among the choicest farming land of the State.

TURNER BROTHERS, Bankers,
Corner of Nassau and Pine sts.,
Opposite U. S. Treasury, New-York.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York,
ISSUE CIRCULAR NOTES
AND
LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS,
Available for all the Principal Cities in the World.
MAKE MERCANTILE CREDITS
FOR USE IN
EUROPE, CHINA, &c.
ALSO,
MAKE TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO
CALIFORNIA AND OREGON
BY
TELEGRAPH.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

BALZER & TAAKS,
BANKERS,
No. 21 Exchange-place, New-York,
Issue Letters of Credit for the use of Travelers, payable in

Amsterdam,
Antwerp,
Basle,
Baden-Baden,
Berlin,
Bremen,
Brussels,
Carlsruhe,
Cassel,
Cologne,
Darmstadt,
Dresden,
Dusseldorf,
Florence,
Frankfurt, A. M.,
Genoa,
Hamburg,
Hanover,
Heidelberg,
Leipsic,
London,
Leon,
Mailand,
Mannheim,
Munich,
Naples,
Paris,
Prague,
Rome,
Rotterdam,
Trieste,
Turin,
Venice,
Vienna,
Wiesbaden,
Zurich.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
EDMUND HURRY, No. 45 Nassau-st.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
No. 270 WEST 30TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.—Take notice that the Board of Directors of this Company, at their meeting held this day, passed the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, The stockholders of the Company, at a meeting of such stockholders, called by the Directors of the Company, in the manner required by law, and held at the office of the Company, on the 26th day of March last, did, with the concurrence of more than two-thirds in amount of all its stockholders, authorize and sanction the increase of the capital stock of the Company to the amount of thirteen millions, nine hundred and thirty-seven thousand and four hundred dollars; therefore

Resolved, That the capital stock of the Company be, and the same is hereby increased to the amount of thirteen millions, nine hundred and thirty-seven thousand and four hundred dollars.

Resolved, That the Stock Transfer Books of this Company be closed on the 10th day of April, inst., and that the persons or parties, in whose name stock shall be standing on that day, shall severally, on or before the 15th day of April, inst., be entitled to subscribe at the office of the Company, No. 270 West 30th-st., in the City of New-York, for an equal amount of additional stock. That the price of the additional stock shall be $50 per share, payable as follows:

Fifteen dollars per share at the time of subscribing.
Five dollars per share on the 15th day of May next.
Five dollars per share on the 15th day of June next.
Five dollars per share on the 15th day of July next.
Five dollars per share on the 15th day of August next.
Five dollars per share on the 15th day of September, next.
Ten dollars per share on the 15th day of October next.

That on the 15th day of October next, all installments being paid, full paid stock shall be issued.

Resolved, That when parties desire, for their own convenience, to anticipate payments, they may do so for any number of installments will be received, but no interest will in any case be allowed; nor will the stock be issued until the 15th day of October next.

Resolved, That stockholders failing to subscribe on or before the 15th day of April inst., or neglecting to pay their several installments as they severally become due, will lose all right to the additional stock, and will be deemed to have abandoned their subscriptions.

Resolved, That the subscriptions may be made to the additional stock either in person or by attorney. A scrip receipt will be given for the payments made, and this receipt must be presented at this office on the payment of any of the subsequent installments, in order to have them entered upon it, and be surrendered to be canceled on the issue of the additional stock.

Resolved, that where parties desire to receive full stock on the 15th day of April inst., they may do so by paying $50 per share at the time of making their subscriptions. By order of the Board.

C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

OFFICE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,
No. 187 WEST-ST., NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN OF THE intention of this Company to extend its First Mortgage Bonds, due July 1, 1867, for thirty years, at seven per cent. per annum. These Bonds are a First Mortgage of $3,000,000 on the entire property of the Company, and the power to extend them is given by a statute of the State of New-York, which provides that the Company may extend any or all its Mortgage Bonds, in the order of their respective priorities.

Proposals will be received up to the 15th of May next, at the General Office of the Company in the City of New-York, for extending any portion of the issue, and parties, whether present holders or others, bidding the highest premium therefor will be entitled to extend said Bonds, *pro rata*, on the amount of their bid, as the Bonds are presented by the holders.

On and after the 1st of July, the Company will be prepared to extend, on the above terms, all such Bonds as the holders thereof may present for that purpose, at the office of the Company in the City of New-York, and new sheets of Coupons for thirty years, with an indorsement thereon of a mutual agreement of such extension, will be issued and attached, with interest payable semi-annually as heretofore.

Persons whose bids may be accepted will have the option of extending Bonds in London, or Frankfort, Germany, on due notice to the Company, in manner to be hereafter determined, of the numbers of the Bonds to be extended in each place.

ROBERT H. BERDELL, President.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12, 1867.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.—In accordance with the provisions of the National Currency Act and the Articles of Association of this Bank, it has been determined to increase the capital stock of this Bank to one million dollars ($1,000,000.) Subscriptions from stockholders for the shares allotted to them in the proposed increase, will be payable on the 2d day of May next, and will be received at any time prior to that date. A number of shares will remain to be sold, applications for which will be received from persons desirous of becoming stockholders.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JOS. P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, March 16, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE United States Condensing Company has disposed of its business, and is no longer engaged in the condensation and sale of milk. The Company will not recognize debts contracted in its name after this date.

GEORGE H. BROWN, President.

LOAN OF $2,000 WANTED FOR ONE or two years; amply secured on household furniture; liberal bonus paid. Call or address No. 411 Broadway, [illegible] New-York, J. WILSON.

FINANCIAL.

Fisk & Hatch
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 Nassau-street,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES:
U. S. SIX PER CENT. BONDS of 1881,
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
U. S. SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES,
U. S. TEN-FORTY BONDS,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
U. S. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS, Pacific R. R. issues,
Central Pacific Railroad State Aid Bonds,
and other desirable Securities.

Also, receive deposits and make collections on favorable terms.

LHERBETTE, KANE & CO.

NO. 8 PLACE DE LA BOURSE, PARIS,

Issue and cash Letters of Credit, receive letters for Americans traveling in Europe.

Agents for the lines of steamers between Havre and New-York.

U. S. SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.
SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.,
BANKERS.

NO. 16 SOUTH 3D-ST., PHILADELPHIA. | NO. 3 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
BROKERS IN
STOCKS AND GOLD

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.
Issue LETTERS OF CREDIT for travelers available in ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.

MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS STOCK
FOR SALE
IN LOTS TO SUIT,
11 AND 25 PER CENT. PAID IN
ALSO,
New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Companies' stock.
Apply to
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.

MANHATTAN
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK.
OFFICES NO. 156 AND 158 BROADWAY.

Sixteenth Annual Report
JAN. 1, 1867.

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

For Premiums, Extra Premiums, &c.	$1,436,147 60	
For Interest and Rents	193,816 74	
For Interest and Rents accrued	90,671 06	—$1,720,635 40

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid Claims by death on Policies and Bonus, and payment of Annuities	$316,257 66	
Paid Expenses, Salaries, Taxes, Revenue Stamps, Medical Examiners' Fees, Commissions, &c.	215,807 55	
Paid Dividends, Re-Insurance, Purchased Policies and Bonus, Interest on Dividends, &c.	194,694 15	—$726,759 36

ASSETS.

Cash in Bank and on hand	[illegible]
Bonds and mortgages	[illegible]
Loans on policies in force	[illegible]
[The actuarial estimate of the value of the policies which secure these notes is about $[illegible].]	
United States and New-York State Stocks	608,500 25
Quarterly and semi-annual premiums deferred, and premiums and interest in course of collection and transmission	466,859 41
Temporary loans on stocks and bonds	371 350 00
[Market value of the securities, $469,116 00.]	
Interest accrued to date, and all other property	107,172 89
Total	$3,525,877 84

ADVANTAGES TO INSURERS.
SMALLEST RATIO OF MORTALITY.
EXPENSES LESS THAN ANY CASH COMPANY.
LIBERAL MODES OF PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS.
INSURERS RECEIVE THE LARGEST BONUS EVER GIVEN.
DIVIDENDS MADE ANNUALLY ON ALL PARTICIPATING POLICIES.
NO CLAIMS UNPAID.
ALL KINDS OF NON-FORFEITING LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ISSUED.
POLICIES INCONTESTABLE.
ALL ENDOWMENT POLICIES NONFORFEITABLE AFTER ONE PAYMENT.

The following are examples of the operations of the last dividend:

POLICIES ISSUED IN 1863, ONLY FOUR YEARS AGO.

Age at Issue.	Amount Insured.	Premium Paid.	Added to Policy.	Total Am't Pol.
40	$10,000	$1,280	$3,572	$13,572
35	8,000	1,092	2,848	10,848
30	7,500	708	2,708	10,208
25	7,000	571	2,505	9,505

This is an entirely new plan, giving insurers the largest return ever made by any company in the same period.

HENRY STOKES, President.
C. Y. WEMPLE, Vice-President.
J. L. HALSEY, Secretary,
S. N. STEBBINS, Actuary,
H. Y. WEMPLE, Assistant Secretary.
ABM. DUBOIS, M. D., Med. Ex.
H. G. PIFFARD, M. D., Assistant.

Office hours from [illegible] to [illegible] and from 1 to 3 P. M.

GEORGE A. FRENCH, Manchester, N. H., General Agent for Maine and New-Hampshire.
J. MASON EVERETT, Boston, Mass., General Agent for Massachusetts.
Messrs. E. & E. S. WIRES, Burlington, Vt., General Agent for Vermont.
C. L. SHELDON, Rochester, N. Y., General Agent for Western New-York.
HALL & BOSWELL, Buffalo, N. Y., General Agent for New-York.
L. D. WINDSOR, Erie, Penn., General Agent for Pennsylvania.
LEWIS, SPENCER & CO., Cleveland, Ohio, General Agents for Ohio, Indiana, &c.

BELLEFONTAINE LINE,
Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula,
Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton,
Watertown City, Wisconsin,
Fulton County, Illinois,
Henderson County, Illinois,
Stocks and Bonds wanted by
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph, Express and Miscellaneous Securities.

GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 6 NEW-ST.,
Stock Exchange Building,
NEW-YORK.
A. W. GREENLEAF, BENSON VAN VLIET,
JOHN S. NORRIS. M. F. HAZEN.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also commercial credits.

BUDGE, SCHIFF & CO.,
NO. 55 EXCHANGE-PLACE.
Brokers in U. S. Government Securities, Gold Stocks and Foreign Exchange, are prepared to buy U. S. Gold Coupons for May for Gold and Currency at liberal rates.

OFFICE OF THE SPRINGFIELD AND DEEP RUN COAL MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 11 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the Springfield and Deep Run Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, as above, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of April next, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year. The poll will be open from 11 o'clock, A. M. to 1 o'clock, P. M.

EDWARD D. WEBB, Secretary.
March 27, 1867.

OFFICE OF THE JAMAICA AND ROCKAWAY TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY,
JAMAICA, Queens Co., N. Y., April 3, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for three Inspectors for the next election, will be held at the hotel of Francis McHugh, in the village of Jamaica, FRIDAY, the 3d day of May next. Polls open at 12 o'clock M., and close at 2 o'clock P. M.

ROBERT STEELE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, April 3, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR MANAGERS of this Company will be held at the office, No. 7 Nassau-st., on TUESDAY, 14th of May next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 5th to the 14th day of May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
CORNER GREENWICH AND FULTON STS.,
NEW-YORK, March [illegible], 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Globe Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, the 9th day of April, 1867. Polls open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF POTT, DAVIDSON & JONES, BANKERS,
Nos. 39 and 41 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1867.

WE OFFER FOR SALE ANY PART OF $[illegible] Louis [illegible] per Cent. Bonds at [illegible] per Cent. flat. Bonds dated 1st of April, 1867, payable twenty years from date, interest payable at National Bank of Republic, New-York. Liberal commission allowed brokers.

OFFICE OF THE ST. NICHOLAS INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. [illegible] BROADWAY,
[illegible]

ELECTION.—AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company and Inspectors of the next election will be held at this office on TUESDAY, April 9, 1867, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
JOHN J. SEARING, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
NO. [illegible] BROADWAY.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTors of the Croton Fire Insurance Company will be held at this office TUESDAY, April 9, between 12 and 1 o'clock.

A. T. RICHARDS, Sec. pro tem.

FOR SALE—CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND bonds in all the first-class companies; also, other securities paying large dividends, at low rates, for investments, by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Broker and Auctioneer,
No. 43 Pine-st., New-York.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for, as Received, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1867.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered '81	[illegible]	[illegible]	June, 7-30	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coupon, 1881	[illegible]	[illegible]	July, 7-30	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20 Regist'd '62	[illegible]	[illegible]	June, C.I.N's, '64	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20 Coupon, '62	[illegible]	[illegible]	July, C.I.N's, '64	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20 Coupon, '64	[illegible]	[illegible]	Aug., C.I.N's, '64	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20 Coupon, '65	[illegible]	[illegible]	Oct., C.I.N's, '64	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20 " new, '65	107½	107¾	Dec., C.I.N's, '64	[illegible]	[illegible]
10-40 Registered	97½	98	May, C.I.N's, '65	[illegible]	[illegible]
10-40 Coupon	97½	98	Aug., C.I.N's, '65	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gold	[illegible]	[illegible]	Sept., C.I.N's, '65	[illegible]	[illegible]
August, 7-30	106	[illegible]	Oct., C.I.N's, '65	[illegible]	111¾

We are exchanging NEW 5-20 BONDS for the FIRST SERIES of 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, allowing BANKS and BANKERS

¼ OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION

on all conversions, the difference of interest adjusted according to Government rule.

The SECOND and THIRD SERIES bought at market rates.

Until further notice, we will pay the express charges on August 7-30s sent us for conversion, and on new 5-20s ordered returned after conversion.

VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 WALL-ST.

HEDDEN, WINCHESTER & CO.,
No. 69 Broadway, New-York,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD AT MARKET RATES ON COMMISSION ONLY.

INTEREST allowed on balances.

ADVANCES made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells, Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks.

All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BABCOCK,
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBERT M. HEDDEN.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 7 WALL-ST., CORNER OF NEW,

Buy and sell at market rates:
SIX PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881; TEN-FORTIES;
FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, ALL ISSUES;
SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES, ALL SERIES;
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, AND
GOLD AND SILVER COIN.

Registered interest collected and Coupons cashed without charge.

7.30 Notes, all series, taken in exchange for the new Consolidated 5-20 Bonds, on terms advantageous to holders of 7.30s.

Merchants and Importers supplied with Coin for customs duties at lowest market rates.

Orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities promptly executed. Mail and telegraph orders will receive our personal attention. Deposits received and interest allowed on balances. Collections made on all points, with quick returns.

RODMAN, FISK & CO.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.
PHILADELPHIA, April 1, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Dr.—		
Loans and discounts:		
Commercial paper	$384,352 14	
Demand loans	77,350 00	—$461,702 14
Banking-house and fixtures		77,894 85
Current expenses and taxes		22,461 55
Premiums		26,677 53
Revenue stamps		1,010 22
Due from National Banks		242,312 25
Due from other Banks		10,066 90
U. S. Bonds dep'd with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulation		500,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand		600 00
National Bank Notes		24,876 00
Fractional currency		3,915 13
Legal tender notes	$171,525 00	
Compound interest notes	120,090 00	—$291,615 00
Total		$1,684,452 80

LIABILITIES.

Cr.—		
Capital stock paid in		$500,000 00
Circulating notes outstanding		417,350 00
Individual deposits	$513,840 94	
Due to National Banks	186,166 70	
Due to other banks and bankers	1,917 73	—$701,925 37
Profits		65,177 43
Total		$1,684,452 80

I, JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier of the National Bank of the Republic, of Philadelphia, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOS. P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 64 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 4, 1867.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot [illegible] bonds, numbered as follows: [illegible] of $1,000 each, for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1867.

The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest, so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

[illegible], No. [illegible] Wall-st.
L. H. MEYER, No. [illegible] Exchange-place.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, April 8, 1867.

SCHEDULES OF COUPONS [illegible] more coupons, due May 1, 1867, will now be received for examination at the Interest Department of the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer, U. S.

ST. PAUL CITY BONDS, TWENTY YEARS to run; interest seven per cent., payable January and July, in New-York; for sale in small investment lots, by

STOUT, THAYER & CO.,
No. 26 Broad-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

All deposits made on or before the 20th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF BOWERY AND CANAL-ST. ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.

Six per cent interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Bank open every day, from 10 to 2 o'clock, and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 5 to 7.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK.

Money deposited before April 21 will draw interest from April 1.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON SUMS FROM $5 TO $5,000.

HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 96 Warren-st.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M. Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Sec'y.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 10 Cooper Institute, 3d-av.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid (free of Government tax) on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Deposits made now will draw interest from April 1.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
W. J. BARNES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
No. 71 Wall-st., New-York, April 3, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE per cent., free of Government tax has this day been declared payable on demand.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest free of tax. Deposits made on or before April 10 will draw interest at once.

THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 1, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) per cent.—free from the United States Government tax—upon the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable to the Stockholders, or to their legal representatives, April 26, 1867, and until May 26, 1867, at the office of WELLS, FARGO & CO., in the City of New-York, and after the latter date at the Company's office, in Cleveland. The transfer-books will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. of Saturday, April 13, 1867, and reopened on the morning of Friday, April 26.

WM. F. STAUNTON, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., March [illegible], 1867.

DIVIDEND NO. 13.—THE BOARD OF Directors of this Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½) free of Government tax, on the stock, payable on and after TUESDAY, the [illegible] April, 1867, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York, on those registered at New-York, and at the office of the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer books will close on the [illegible] day of March, 1867, at 3 P. M., and reopen the 17th day of April, 1867.

W. H. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 23, 1867.

FORTIETH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. OUT OF THE EARNINGS of the road for the THREE MONTHS ending 31st inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 1st April next. Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 23d inst. and reopened on the morning of the 5th proximo.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of Laight.
SIX PER CENT. Interest on $5 to $5,000, free of tax. Money deposited before April 20 draws interest from April 1. ASSETS, $3,116,324 [illegible].

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A FRENCH woman and her husband; the woman as lady's maid; is a good dressmaker and clearstarcher; cuts and fits well, and her husband understands the care and management of horses, and is a careful driver; has no incumbrance whatever; no objection to go to any part of the country; wages not the object, but a comfortable home where they could remain. Address Madame JEANNETTE, No. 24½ Elm-st., for one week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY'S maid; used to traveling; wishes to travel with a lady in Europe or this country; can do all kinds of family sewing; is a good hand at hairdressing; has no objection to help in taking care of children; has the best of references for being sober, honest and faithful. Address A. H., Box No. 132 Times Office, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY young woman, in a private family, as chambermaid and plain fine washing and ironing or waiting; is willing and obliging; no objection to go with a family to the country for the Summer months; five years' City reference from her last place. Call at No. 123 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY Protestant person; can take the entire charge of an infant, or would act as seamstress; understands a sewing-machine, and is a good hair-dresser; four years' good reference to one of the first families; willing to travel. Address, for two days, A., Box 107 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as lady's maid or nurse; is competent to take charge of a baby from its birth; can do plain sewing if required, and is reliable in every way; can be highly recommended. Call at No. 156 (old number) West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS (CITY AND COUNTRY) for experienced cooks, children's nurses, waitresses, laundresses, cooks, washers and ironers, and servants of all work, with unexceptionable references to the first families in Brooklyn, at MANNING'S, No. 15 Court-st., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; very best of City reference from her last place, where she lived two years; no objection to go in the country for the Summer months. Call at No. 166 East 38th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class laundress in a private family, or otherwise as chambermaid and do fine washing; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 344 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., fourth floor, back room; call for two days.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN DESIRES a situation as cook in a private family; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; will be found competent; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days by calling at No. 122 East 24th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER and seamstress by an American woman; can do all kinds of fine shirtmaking and embroidery; is willing to take care of children; best of City reference. Address HOUSEKEEPER AND SEAMSTRESS, Station D, for one week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young American woman as housekeeper and seamstress or nurse and seamstress, or nursery governess; can cut and fit or operate on a machine; willing to go to the country; good reference. Call at BOOKHAM'S, No. 229 4th-av., near 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD COOK, washer and ironer; another as chambermaid, waitress, &c. Also, a Protestant woman, very capable; either City or country. Also, several active, tidy young girls. Can be seen at the Employment Association Rooms, No. 103 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as lady's maid and seamstress; understands dressmaking in all its branches; hairdressing in every style; family sewing on the sewing-machine; the highest City reference given. Call at No. 73 West 27th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS OPERATOR and seamstress on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine, or as children's maid and seamstress; understands family sewing; has first-class City reference; is a Protestant; wishes to go to the country. Address K., for two days, box No. 146 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIVATE family by a respectable woman, who understands her business in all its branches, both in French and English cooking; best of reference; no objections to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 233 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS BY a competent steady young woman; understands all kinds of family sewing, and operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; no objection to assist with chamberwork; has the most satisfactory City reference. Call at No. 50 West 28th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHILD'S NURSE by a very respectable middle-aged Protestant woman who understands the care of children of any age; can bring them up by hand; can give the best of reference as to character and capability. Apply at No. 55 East 15th-st., near 3d-av., in store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl, 15 years old, in a genteel private family, to assist in the care of children and other light work, where she could be useful; no objection to the country for the Summer months. Call at No. 42 West 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., rear of private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED woman as cook; one who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, and can produce the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 147 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing; has the best of City references; has no objection to the country. Can be seen at her last employer's, No. 48 East 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as seamstress and chambermaid, or would be willing to assist with children; understands Wheeler & Wilson's machine; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 255 East 34th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD PLAIN cook by a respectable Protestant woman in a private family; would have no objections to assist with washing and ironing. Can be seen during this week, at No. 242 East 9th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT, COMPETENT young girl as waitress and chambermaid, with the best of City reference; no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 84 West Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and to take care of children, and sewing; with the best City reference; can be seen for two days. Call at No. 64 West Washington-place.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL A SITUATION as laundress; understands French fluting; or as good plain cook in a private family; has no objection to the country. Call at No. 171 6th-av., west of 9th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT nurse; is well experienced in the care of children; can take entire charge of an infant or growing children; no objection to do light chamberwork; good reference. Call at No. 340 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as seamstress; is competent in all family sewing; would assist in light chamberwork in a respectable American or English family; good reference. Address Mrs. B., Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as cook in a private family; would assist with the washing; has five years' reference from her last place. Address No. 37 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Ring the middle bell.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as nurse; fully competent to take charge of an infant from its birth; good sewer; has no objection to travel; has three years' City reference. Call at No. 205 East 22d-st., 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and to assist at washing and ironing, or as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 25 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED nurse, and is also capable of taking care of an infant and give the best of reference of 5½ years. Call at No. 274 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts., for two days

WANTED—BY TWO SISTERS, SITUATIONS; one as cook, the other as chambermaid and fine washing; both thoroughly understand their business; have excellent references. Can be seen for two days at No. [illegible] East 19th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation in a private family as laundress; is willing to assist with the chamberwork; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 65 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; has no objection to go to the country; good City reference from her last place. Call in the store at No. 394 9th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as seamstress and light chamberwork; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call at No. 201 West 16th-st., in the basement. Good reference given.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 229 4TH-AV., near 23d-st., situations for a large number of English, Protestant and others, nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, chambermaids, laundresses, excellent cooks, cooks, washers and ironers, for City or country.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one as laundress or cook, to assist in washing and ironing, and the other as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and seamstress. Apply to their present employer, No. 457 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook and to assist with the washing and ironing in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; good City reference given. Call for two days at No. 333 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT cook; who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; no objection to a first-class family in the country or a hotel. Call for two days at No. 94 East 11th-st., second floor front room.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION TO work in a farmer's family; is a thorough servant and can fill any situation in a private family; has traveled as child's nurse and seamstress for some time; can give the best of City reference. Call at 67 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED ENGLISH woman a situation as first-class cook, either private or public; understands the style of English or American table; has first-class City reference. Call at No. 62 East 9th-st., corner 2d-av., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN a situation as nurse, and would do plain sewing or assist in chamberwork; no objection to go in the country for the Summer; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 217 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girls (sisters) situations; one as cook, and the other to do up-stairs work; no objections to the country; can give the best of City reference. Apply at No. 28 Hammond-st., Tuesday and Wednesday.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as seamstress in a private family; the best of City reference can be given. Can be seen between the hours of 11 and 4 o'clock. Call at No. 229 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person to do chamberwork and washing and ironing, and assist about the work; best City reference given. Apply at No. 132 West 26th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SERVANT A situation as chambermaid and waitress; is an excellent waitress, and has the best of reference from her last situation. Apply for two days at No. 19 East 29th-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman a situation in a small private family; is a good cook and excellent baker; can show the best of City reference. Call at No. 221 Mulberry-st., near Houston. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as nurse and seamstress or would do chamberwork and waiting; can give good City reference. Can be seen at No. 133 West 17th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework in a private family. Call for two days at No. 123 3d-av., corner [illegible]-st., first floor, [illegible].

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and to [illegible], or with the care of children; best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 222 6th-av., between 40th and 41st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as chambermaid and to do the fine washing and ironing. Call at No. 497 Canal-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as child's nurse and seamstress; the best of City reference can be given. Can be seen at No. [illegible] West 40th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A first-class meat and pastry cook; would take care of the house for the Summer; City reference. Call for two days, at 123 West 13th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as chambermaid, and do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen corner of 30th-st., 9th-av., over the grocery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant woman as nurse and plain sewer, or will do light chamberwork; best City reference. Apply for two days at No. 247 West 46th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROFESSED COOK A SITUATION; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days, from 2 to 4, at No. 152 1st-av., second house from 13th-st., third story.

WANTED—BY A CAPABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress; can cut and fit; do all kinds of family sewing; can be highly recommended. Call or address No. 238 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, with one child, the care of a gentleman's house for the Summer months; satisfactory references given. Call at No. 204 East 23d-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as first-class laundress, who fully understands her business in all its branches; has the best of reference. Call at No. 84 West Washington-place.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS washing for families or single gentlemen; will be done in good order and on reasonable terms. Call at No. 130 West 19th-st.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN A situation for a respectable woman to wait on an elderly lady; is also willing to travel. Call at No. 46 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT as nurse and plain sewer, or chamberwork and assist with children; best of City reference. Apply at No. 141 East 12th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress, or to see to children. Can be seen for two days at No. 67 Wyckoff-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as cook and to assist in the washing. Apply at No. 124 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Good City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing; good City reference. Call at No. 42 East 19th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as first-class waitress; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 231 28th-st., corner 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer by a Protestant woman, or will do general housework in a private family. Apply at fourth house north side of 127th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as child's nurse, to do plain sewing or chamberwork; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 340 7th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

WANTED—BY A LADY TO PROCURE A SITUATION for a respectable girl as waitress. Can be seen at her present employer's for two days at No. 42 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and seamstress; is willing to help with work; willing to go to the country, or travel. Call for two days at No. 278 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

WANTED—BY A LAUNDRESS, WHO CAN take the place of chambermaid and fine washer or plain cook, a situation. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and assist in washing; best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 111 West 20th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN girl of 14 years in some respectable family, to wait on the door and assist in the care of children. Can be seen at No. 122 Chrystie-st., in the shoe-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN to do the entire cooking, washing and ironing of a private family; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 35 West 41st-st.

WANTED—BY TWO SISTERS, SITUATIONS in a private family; one as nurse, the other as waitress; are Presbyterians. Call at No. 167 7th-av., top floor, front room. Can be seen until suited.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED LADY A situation as housekeeper either in a private family or farmhouse. Address, until Saturday, Miss DUNKLEY, Drawer No. 127, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant girl, to do the general housework of a small family; she has excellent recommendations. Apply at No. 194 Varick-st.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN A situation to do cooking, washing and ironing; no objection to go a short distance to the country; best City reference. Call for three days at No. 136 Hester-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman in a private family as chambermaid and waitress; can be well recommended. Call for two days at No. 164 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid; can do plain sewing and embroidery; can sew on Grover & Baker's sewing-machine. Can be seen at No. 326 1st-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITUATION as chambermaid and laundress; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 71 20th-st., near 6th-av., back room, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing. Call at No. 374 6th-av., corner of 23d-st., entrance on 23d-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, COMPETENT GIRL a situation to do chamberwork and waiting, or housework in the City or country. To be seen till suited at No. 60 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A LADY A SITUATION AS infant's nurse for a young woman who has lived in her family three years; would have no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 161 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 117 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS laundress; can flute and do up fineries in the neatest manner; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 67 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman to do chamberwork and waiting; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 329 East 21st-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET NURSE BY a very healthy young woman. Apply at No. 26 Jefferson-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO go out house cleaning and washing by the day. Address No. 7 6th-st., front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid; would be willing to assist in washing and ironing. Inquire for two days at 269 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; has good City references. Can be seen at No. 326 1st-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, TO do family or gentlemen's washing; can do French fluting. Call at No. 128 West 27th-st., Room No. 12.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; HAS good reference. Call at No. 25 West 46th-st.

DRESSMAKING AND OTHER KINDS of sewing done on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Particular attention paid to quilting; also, operators sent out by the day, at a reasonable charge. Address Mrs. HERRICK, No. 222 West 11th-st. Old No. 124 Hammond-st.

AN AMERICAN WOMAN WISHES A SITUATION as nurse; is fully competent to bring an infant up by hand, or would take care of an invalid lady; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best of City reference. Call at No. 329 6th-av., one door from 22d-st., in the cap-store.

A LADY IS DESIROUS OF FINDING A good place for a faithful, honest woman as nurse or to wait on a lady; has no objection to travel; competent in both capacities; she can recommend her for neat sewing and kindness to children. Call at No. 5 West 22d-st.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WOULD like to take care of a house this season while the family are in the country; best of reference as to honesty and capability. Call on, or address, HOUSEKEEPER, No. 162 9th-av., near 22d-st., New-York.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 404 6TH-av., between 24th and 25th sts.; families in City and country supplied with cooks, chambermaids, laundresses, seamstresses, nurses and houseworkers.

MALES.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AGED 32, married, no family, a situation to superintend a gentleman, or lady's farm; understands breeding all kinds of stock, draining land, and farming in all its branches; wife is a first-class hand at butter making and raising poultry; willing to go to any part of the country; first-class references. Apply to REEVES & CO., No. 187 Water-st., New-York. W. R.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MAN, AN ENGLISHMAN, a situation as coachman; is a careful driver and perfectly understands the care and management of horses; can give the best of City references. Can be seen at Mr. Stilling's harness-store, No. 1,188 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS JANITOR FOR an English Protestant widow, whose family consists of only one son, to take charge of a building or suite of offices; she will be found faithful and perfectly reliable in every respect. Reference may be made to JOHN B. KETCHUM, at Duncan, Sherman & Co.'s.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man who understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables, the care and treatment of horses and all kinds of stock; is willing to make himself generally useful; has the best of City reference. Address J. B., Box No. 126 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a steady and reliable man; has long experience in the care and management of horses; is a careful driver and first-class groom; willing and obliging; can give the best of City reference. Address D. W., Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom, by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; no objection to go to the country, or help a gardener; good reference; can be seen at the Times Office from 10 to 4. Address JOHN MURRAY, Box No. 203 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; would like to get some place where he could be steady; wages not so much of object; is cheerfully willing to make himself generally useful; has the best of City reference. Address M. S., Station E Post-Office, New-York City.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a competent and trustworthy man; thoroughly understands his business and can drive four in hand. Call or address for two days, COACHMAN, 9 West [illegible]-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS gardener in a great range, plant and vegetable grower; married, no incumbrance; best of reference. Can be seen at Mr. Ginley's, No. 128 6th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man a situation to go to the country with a gentleman; is a good farmer and understands the care and management of horses; is a first-class mower, and a [illegible]. Call or address No. 132 West 20th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A single man; understands greenhouses, graperies, forcing vegetables and fruit; has many years' experience in this country; best of references. Address P. M., No. 24 Fulton-st., Smith's seed-store, from 10 to 4 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman or groom in a private family; no objection to City or country; understands his business in all its branches; has got the best of City reference from his last employer. Call, or address D. N., harness-maker, No. 1,148 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single, steady young man; [illegible] if required; is willing to make himself useful; has no objection to the country; has the best City reference from his last place. Call or address, for two days, P. C., No. 254 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant married man; understands his business thoroughly; has excellent City reference; leaving in consequence of the family going to Europe. Can be seen at his present employer's stable, No. 9 West 45th-st., till engaged.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND WIFE—the man as coachman and to make himself generally useful; the woman as good cook; understands milk and butter thoroughly; have good country and City references; no incumbrance. Can be seen for two days at No. 44 West 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD habits, a situation in the grocery business; has a slight knowledge of the business, but is practical on delivering and shipping of goods, and would be very easily learned the rest; good references. Address C., Box No. 184 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FARMER and gardener, who thoroughly understands both the laying out of a new place, hot and cold graperies, plant departments, vegetables and fruit; can give the best City reference. Apply to M. M., Gardener, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman and groom, also understands gardening and milking; is willing and obliging to make himself useful on a gentleman's place; can come well recommended from last place. Address, for three days, Box No. 128 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, by a strictly sober, single young man; understands his business thoroughly; is a good groom and careful driver; has eight years' experience; first-class reference. Address Mr. BROWN, No. 73 University-place, or Box No. 231 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as bartender; understands the business thoroughly; has been in the Bay-st. House over two years; can furnish the best of references from his last employer. Address, for one week, J. F., Box No. 230 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman by a single young man; no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Call or address P. M., No. 57 East 33d-st., private stable northwest corner of Park-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD habits, sober and industrious, a situation as coachman; willing to travel to any part of the country; best reference from last employer. Address H. C. CAMPBELL, Box No. 203 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, and would take care of a garden in the country; is willing to make himself generally useful about the house. Call or address No. 342 East 19th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as coachman or groom in a private family; can wait on table if required; can furnish first-class reference. Address for two days J. D., Box No. 208 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, who thoroughly understands his business; can milk; can refer to his last employer; no objections to the country. Address P. B., Box No. 208 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCHMAN, a married man, as farmer; one who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; best of reference given. Can be seen for two days, or address W. B. G., at Henderson & Fleming's, No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a first-class man, who thoroughly understands his business and well recommended. Can be seen for two days at Johnston & Rosell's feed-store, No. 681 6th-av., corner 39th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable man who thoroughly understands his business; best of City reference; has lived nine years with his last employer. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A young man, Scotchman, who understands the care of horses, is a good groom, and a careful driver; has the best of references from his last place. Address W. B., for two days, Box No. 231 Times Office.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN A SITUATION as waiter or to wait on an invalid gentleman; has had many years' experience in England; perfectly understands his business; best of reference given. Apply to T. P. No. 146 Sullivan-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant man of long experience; will make himself generally useful; no objection to the country; can produce first-class City reference. Address F. R. K., Box No. 138 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GERMAN single man, a situation as plain gardener and take care of horses; has good reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN on a gentleman's place; can take care of cows and horses, and make himself useful on the place; best of City reference. Call for two days on P. K., at Elliott's seed-store, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT man as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; has first-class references; no objection to the country. Address J. B., Box No. 138 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A reliable man of long experience in New-York and vicinity; thoroughly understands his business and has the best of reference from last employer. Address, for two days, P. M., Box No. 200 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man a situation as coachman and groom; has first-class reference from his last place, where he has lived three years. Call or address No. 66 University place, between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—BY A MAN WITH A SMALL FAMILY, a situation as gardener, who understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables and fruits, and has no objections to take care of a cow and horse. Can be seen at his last employer's office, at No. 296 John-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT, with a wife and two children, a situation as gardener; understands all about a gentleman's place; has the best of City reference; can be seen for one week. Call or address No. 446 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable reference, a situation as waiter in a family. Call at No. 44 West 18th-st. for two days. No objection to go into the country.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A COLORED man and wife, with no incumbrance, the man as coachman, the wife as laundress; City reference can be given; no objections to the country. Call or address for two days, W. L., No. 318 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; thoroughly understands his business, and is willing to assist the gardener or take care of a small garden, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address B., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A SOBER STEADY MAN, A situation as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; is willing to assist in garden; the best city and country references can be given. Address X. H., Box No. 224 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man of long practical experience in all the departments of his business, fruit, flowers and vegetables artificially, &c. Address W., care of Mr. Buchanan, No. 9 West 11th-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; the best of reference from his last employer in this City, where he has lived seven years. Address a note for two days to K. H., Box No. 207 Times Office, which will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom; is willing and obliging; any gentleman who engages will find himself suited with an experienced man; well recommended. Address D. H., Box No. 206 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a strictly sober young man; understands his business thoroughly; has eight years' experience; will be found willing and obliging; can give good reference. Address B. C., Box No. 218 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as gardener, who has ten years' experience in gardening in this country; understands the management of graperies, greenhouses, fruits and vegetables. Address J. M. G., Box No. [illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom; understands the care, management and driving of horses thoroughly, and is willing to make himself useful; good reference from last employer. Address O. J., Box No. 212 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man as coachman in a private family; City or country; the best of references from his last employers. Call or address for two days, No. 189 Grand-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener, by a single young man who has a true knowledge of horses and harness; is a good careful driver; best of reference. Address J. M., Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman with a private family in the country; has good reference, and will be found willing and obliging; will assist in the garden if required. Address M. M., Box No. 207 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR THOROUGHLY competent coachmen, grooms, gardeners, farm hands, clerks, porters, waiters, servants, small boys, laborers, &c.; also, female help. Apply at the large Employment House, No. 126 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as clerk in a grocery-store, or to drive a coach, hearse or any other kind of business carriage or wagon; the best of City references or security if required. Apply at No. 113 Adams-st., Brooklyn, rear house, top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT single man as coachman and gardener; has first-class references; understands his business and will work for moderate wages. Call or address JOSEPH, No. 61 Nassau-st., Office No. 8, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE married man as coachman and groom, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses, and can come well recommended. Call for two days for P. H., Box No. 203 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN, WHO SPEAKS but little English, a situation to look after horses, to work in a garden or such on a farm; can milk. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as first-class groom in a private family, or one who can wait on table and make himself generally useful; City or country; has the best of City reference. Address A. H., Box No. 206 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a young Protestant German, who understands greenhouse and grapery, and all branches of gardening; has the best of references. Call at No. 46 Chrystie-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as light porter in a store or some other indoor service; is willing to be useful. Call or address JAMES McKONE, No. 32 West 26th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man of long experience in the care and management of horses, fine harness and carriages; best City reference from last place. Call on or address P. H., at No. 123 East 22d-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man, (English,) thoroughly understands his business; the best of City reference. Call or address S., at Mr. Stilling's, No. 1,188 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, a situation as coachman in the City or country; has three years' reference from his last place. Address E. Q., Box No. 198 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man, who perfectly understands his business; highly recommended. May be seen at his present employer's private stable, No. 19 West 44th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A PRACTICAL farmer and wife, Protestants, to take care of a farm; best references. Address W. K., Box No. 201 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman in a private family; has no objection to the country; will be found willing and obliging; first-class City reference. Address O. M., Box 201 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY A single man, in a private family; can be highly recommended; long City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 4 East 21st-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman; has five years' reference from his last employer. Address M. J. BEARY, Box No. 135 Times Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single young man, who understands his business in all its branches; is willing and obliging; has good City reference. Address O. B. Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener; understands his business; willing to make himself generally useful; good reference. Address P. L., Box No. 136 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as coachman and groom; a good, careful driver; the best City references. Can be seen at No. 103 Columbia-st., Brooklyn, for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN LATELY landed, a situation as under gardener. Can be seen for two days at Young & Elliott's, No. 9 John-st., D. H.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a very active young man; has the best City references. Address E. M., No. 132 West 15th-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-aged man as plain gardener and coachman; good references given. Address J. M., Box 212 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER BY A Scotchman. Apply to Henderson & Fleming, No. 67 Nassau-st.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farmhands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 128 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

A GENTLEMAN CONVERSANT WITH the English, French and German languages offers his services as interpreter to any gentleman or family about to visit Europe. References given and required. Address, for one week, C. H. LAU, No. 359 Pacific-st., Brooklyn.

A RESPECTABLE MAN AND HIS WIFE would like to take care of a gentleman's house for the Summer; he has had the care of houses in the City, and can be highly recommended. Call or address S. L., No. 156 3d-av., at Mr. Walsh's toy-store.

A STENOGRAPHER WISHES TO OBTAIN employment as amanuensis. Address STENO, Box No. 140 Times Office.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—A YOUNG MAN well experienced in the trade wishes a situation. Address S. D. S., Box No. 103 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A BOY 14 OR 15 YEARS OF AGE in a bookstore, to run of errands and make himself generally useful; must write a fair hand, be active and tidy; good reference required; must reside above 14th-st., on West side of the City. Apply at No. 1 Spruce-st., up stairs.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS FOR Brooklyn; one as maid and seamstress; must understand Wheeler & Wilson's machine; the other as chambermaid and waitress and assist with the washing and ironing. Call, with City references, at No. 411 5th-av., New-York, from 10 to 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT SEAMSTRESS who can cut and fit children's clothes and use Wheeler and Wilson's sewing machine, who would be willing to go with a family to the country for the Summer. Apply with good City reference at SAUNDERS, No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—A BOY OF GOOD CHARACTER and habits in the office of a manufacturing business to collect bills and make himself generally useful; one residing with his parents preferred. Address W. P., Box No. 139 Times Office, stating age and giving reference.

WANTED—A GARDENER WHO UNDERstands raising vegetables and taking care of a small place, and can milk; also make himself generally useful; a single man, Protestant, with satisfactory references. Apply to J. B. WEIR, No. 42 Cedar-st.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT WOMEN WITH good City reference; a good cook and assist with plain washing, the other as chambermaid and waitress, in a small family. Apply for two days at SANDERS, No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—AN AGREEABLE YOUNG LADY to whom a pleasant home would be more of a consideration than salary, as housekeeper. Apply from 2½ to 5½ P. M., at MILLER & CO.'S Bureau, No. 11 Stanton-st., near Bowery, first floor.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A SINGLE man 25 to 30 years old, of good address and religious principles, capable of managing boys in a public institution in this City. Address, with City references, INSTITUTION, Station M, New-York City.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT book-keeper; one who is a good penman and can bring satisfactory references. None others need apply. Address T. D. N., Box No. 178 Times Office.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER IN A PRIVATE family—a middle-aged person to take entire charge; unexceptionable references required. Address, stating where can be seen, H. M. N., Station G Post-office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN, WITH City reference and experience, in the clothing-house No. 115 Fulton-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family. Apply from 10 to 1 to-day at No. 169 West 12th-st.

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN GARDENER, A Catholic and a single man. Apply at No. 1 Bond-st., at 9 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN TO DO the cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family. Apply at No. 104 West 13th-st.

AGENTS WANTED—ALL SEEKING PROFITable employment, secure at once the agency for J. T. Headley's latest and best work, FARRAGUT AND OUR NAVAL COMMANDERS. Just out; very popular; selling rapidly; no competition. Address E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers, No. 654 Broadway, New-York.

GIRLS WITH GOOD RECOMMENDATIONS wanted at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 128 11th-st., corner 6th-av. Excellent situations ready for cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, laundresses, seamstresses, houseworkers and for girls lately landed.

A PARTY WHO CAN LOAN TO HIS employer $1,200 may obtain a situation as clerk, with a good salary, in a highly respectable business. Address O. X. O., Station G Post-office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.—THE SPECIAL COPARTnership heretofore existing under the name of T. L. TAYLOR & REED, is this day dissolved by consent of parties, notice of such dissolution having been duly filed, recorded and advertised as required by statute.

THOS. L. TAYLOR,
THOS. REED,
JOHN MAXWELL, }
W. H. FINCH, } Specials.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The subscribers have formed a copartnership under the name and firm of THOMAS REED & CO., and will continue the banking and brokerage business at No. 6 Wall-st.

THOMAS REED,
WM. THOMPSON,
JNO. MAXWELL, Special.
APRIL 1, 1867.

THE FIRM OF GRAHAM, DORSETT & CO. is dissolved by mutual consent, JOHN B. WILSON retiring therefrom. The remaining partners, who are solely authorized to liquidate the affairs of the late firm, will continue the business as heretofore, at Nos. 174, 176 and 178 Centre-st., under the name and style of GRAHAM, DORSETT & CO.

JOHN S. GRAHAM,
ROBERT DORSETT,
HENRY J. A. NIELSEN,
JOHN B. WILSON.
NEW-YORK, April 6, 1867.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—THE PARTnership heretofore existing between G. P. B. HOYT & SON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. DAVID HOYT will sign in liquidation.

G. P. B. HOYT,
DAVID HOYT.

Having assumed the liabilities of the old firm, I will continue the business of a wholesale and retail dealer in hardwood lumber, at the old place, Nos. 76-286 Cherry-st.

DAVID HOYT.
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A PRACTICAL WOOD-WORKER, WITH from $3,000 to $5,000, can procure an established business that can be largely extended; the amount to be paid is for actual value in first-class machinery now in operation, with cash orders. Address WOOD-WORKER, Box No. 143 Times Office.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH FROM $4,000 to $6,000 to open a first-class restaurant, bar and lunch room on Broadway, between Duane and Canal sts. None but responsible parties need apply. Address C. T., Box No. 3,[illegible] Post-office.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $100,000 IN AN old established dry goods jobbing house, location one of the best. The senior partner wishing to retire, the remaining partners will contribute a like amount. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 1 Pine-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF BAY CARRIAGE horses, 17 hands high; also a handsome barouche, set double harness and driving blankets; will be sold together; can be seen at FISHER'S Livery Stables, corner 23d-st. and Lexington-av.

COUPE HORSE AND CART HORSE, 16 and 17 hands high, splendid animals, for sale by MINER & SOMERVILLE, Union-square, this day, April 9, at 12 o'clock.

ALL PARTIES WISHING TO BUY OR desirous to sell horses, carriages, wagons or anything pertaining to the horse business, should apply to MINER & SOMERVILLE, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

A PARK PHAETON FOR SALE—NEARly new; also two sets of single harness in first-rate order. To be seen at the stable of Patton & McEwen, 31st-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—A LADY'S AND gentleman's saddle, bridles and martingales, all as good as new, at Mr. NOLTE'S, saddler, No. 4½ Ann-st.

SHIPPING.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's [illegible] ARAGO and FULTON, in connection with the New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamers MISSISSIPPI and GUIDING STAR, [illegible]

ARAGO........H. A. Gadsden...Saturday, April 13
[illegible]
MISSISSIPPI...G. V. Sumner...Saturday, June 22

PRICES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD.

First cabin ... $120
Second cabin ... 70

Through tickets to London $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

[illegible] HARRISON, for N. Y. & H. S. Co.
JOS. J. COMSTOCK, for N. Y. and H. S. S. Co.
For further information apply to
J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
J. A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe.

DIRECT STEAMSHIP LINE BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.

The undersigned will dispatch the first-class English iron steamer
OTTAWA, Capt. [illegible]
From Antwerp........SATURDAY, March 23
From New-York.......SATURDAY, April 13
taking passengers at the following rates:
From New-York, first cabin, according to location of [illegible] ...$85–$90 00
[illegible] ... 35 00
From Antwerp—First Cabin ... 90 00
Steerage ... 40 00

EXCURSION TICKETS AT
First Cabin......$170 | Steerage ... $67 50
payable in gold or its equivalent.
Other first-class steamers will follow from either side every second SATURDAY.
Freight is taken at the lowest rates for Antwerp, Rotterdam and Amsterdam.
For passage or freight apply to
HILLER & CO., No. 3 Chambers-st.

$155 GOLD TO PARIS AND RETURN.
REDUCTION OF PASSAGE RATES.
FROM NEW-YORK TO BREST (FRANCE) AND LIVERPOOL.
THE STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

Sir JAMES ANDERSON, Commander,
having been thoroughly refitted with especial reference to this service will leave New-York
April 16. May 28. July 2.
Taking first-class passengers only.
Passage in gold or its equivalent for April trip
$[illegible] $100 $125,
according to size and location of room.
Return tickets at a reduction of $[illegible] until August.
For full information and passage apply to
WELLS, FARGO & CO.
No. [illegible] Broadway, New-York.
For freight to W. T. COLEMAN & CO.
No. 117 Front-st., New-York.

CUNARD EMIGRANT LINE.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.

TRIPOLI.........April 10
TARIFA.........April 24

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin ... $[illegible] Gold.
Steerage ... $[illegible] Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. [illegible] Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

THE FINE STEAMSHIP CITY OF NEW-YORK, of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon on WEDNESDAY, April 17, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown. Rates of passage, first cabin, $110; steerage, $[illegible]—currency. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

RETURN TICKETS TO PARIS AND BACK, FIRST CLASS, $200 IN GOLD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:

CITY OF ANTWERP......SATURDAY......April 13
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....WEDNESDAY.....April 17
CITY OF BOSTON.......SATURDAY......April 20
EDINBURGH............WEDNESDAY.....April 24
CITY OF BALTIMORE....SATURDAY......April 27

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamers sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$110	Steerage	$[illegible]
First Cabin to London	115	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	125	Steerage to Paris	45

Return tickets to Paris and back, $200 gold.
Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO. (Limited.)

Steamers weekly to Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.
The splendid first-class iron steamships of this line will be dispatched as follows from Pier No. 47 North River:

VIRGINIA, Prowse......SATURDAY, Apr. 13
HELVETIA, Thompson......SATURDAY, Apr. 20
LOUISIANA, Harrington......SATURDAY, Apr. 27
PENNSYLVANIA, Lewis......SATURDAY, May 4

And every Saturday thereafter.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of charge.
Drafts issued for any amount, payable at any bank in Great Britain, or on the continent.
Cabin passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $80 in gold; Steerage passage, $30 in currency.
Through passage to Paris, London, Antwerp, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at low rates.
Steerage passage tickets to bring persons from Liverpool or Queenstown for $32, currency, can be obtained at No. 57 Broadway.
For freight or cabin passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway; for steerage tickets, at the passage office of the Company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 13 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR;
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 10.
JAVA leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 17.
ASIA leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 24.
SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 1.
[illegible] leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 8.
PERSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 15.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage ... $130
Second Cabin Passage ... 80
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage ... $125
Second Cabin Passage ... 60

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London or Brest, $110, $75 and $30 currency.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.
BELLONA, Capt. Dixon, from New-York, April 13.
CELLA, Capt. Gleadell, from New-York, April 27.
WM. PENN, Capt. Billinge, from New-York, May 11.
ATALANTA, Capt. Pinkham, from New-York, May 25.
The elegant British iron steamship BELLONA will leave Pier No. 3 North River for London, calling at Brest, on SATURDAY, April 13, at 12 M.
Until further notice all the steamers of this line will call at Brest to land passengers. Tickets sold through by rail to Paris at 25 per cent. less than regular rates.
Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.
For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

$156 GOLD TO PARIS AND BACK.
REDUCTION OF RATES
TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

Excursion tickets, $170, currency.
The favorite passenger steamers of the Anchor Line sail every SATURDAY, for
LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW,
calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.
BRITANNIA, Laird, sails SATURDAY, April 13.
HIBERNIA, Munro, sails SATURDAY, April 20.
UNITED KINGDOM, Smith, sails SATURDAY, April 27, from the Company's Pier, No. 20 North River.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabins, $[illegible] and $90, according to location.
Steerage, $[illegible]. Prepaid certificates from Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $[illegible].
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's offices.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents,
No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT......Bocande......SATURDAY, April 20
PEREIRE......Duchesne......SATURDAY, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS......Surmont......SATURDAY, May 18
EUROPE......Lemarie......SATURDAY, June 1

PRICE OF PASSAGE (including wine)
payable in gold or equivalent in currency,
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $160; second cabin, $100.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $103.
Baggage checked through to Paris.
Medical attendance free of charge.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to, or coming from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railroads and crossing the channel, besides saving much time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month:
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. Timmerman, April 22.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. Tinklepaugh, May 22.
MERRIMAC, Capt. Geo. B. Slocum, June 22.
These elegant steamers sail on schedule time and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. Le Messurier, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY......April 20 | SATURDAY......May 18
At noon.
Passage money to Nassau ... $45
Passage money to Havana ... 50
Payable in gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EVERY THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River, the elegant sidewheel steamships
COLUMBIA......Barton......THURSDAY, April 11
MORRO CASTLE......Adams......THURSDAY, April 18
EAGLE......Greene......THURSDAY, April 25
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SHIPPING.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.

THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMER
BALTIC, A. G. Jones, Master,
will leave Pier No. [illegible]
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
[illegible]
First cabin, $[illegible]; second cabin, [illegible]
[illegible]
ISAAC TAYLOR, President, [illegible] Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE
TO CALIFORNIA,
CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL,
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

Steamships leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, as follows:
April 1—[illegible], connecting with [illegible]
April 11—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. Gray, connecting with [illegible]
April 21—ARIZONA, Capt. [illegible], connecting with MONTANA, Capt. [illegible].
All departures touch at Manzanillo. Those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Departure of 11th each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.
Steamer of March 11, 1867, will connect with the Company's steamer COLORADO, to leave San Francisco for Yokohama and Hong Kong, on April 1, 1867.
100 pounds baggage allowed each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. F. R. BABY, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

Reduced rates of passage and freight.
The entirely new, fast and elegant steamship
NEVADA, 3,500 TONS BURDEN,
will be dispatched by the North American Steamship Company on SATURDAY, April 20, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting on the Pacific with the favorite steamer
AMERICA, CAPT. E. WAKEMAN.
The accommodations on these steamers are unsurpassed by those of any steamers afloat, and the line is run
THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
For passage or freight apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent,
No. 177 West, corner Warren-st., New-York.
WM. H. WEBB, President, No. 54 Exchange-place.
The fine steamers SANTIAGO DE CUBA and MOSES TAYLOR will make the next run, leaving New-York May 10.

NEW CALIFORNIA FREIGHT LINE VIA PANAMA.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO CALIFORNIA SHIPPERS.
GREATLY REDUCED RATES OF FREIGHT!!!!

A first-class steamer will be dispatched on April 15, to Aspinwall, connecting at Panama with the new and splendid steamer OREGONIAN, 3,000 tons burden, which will positively leave for San Francisco on April 21.
Another steamer will follow from here on May 1, connecting with the new and splendid steamer IDAHO, and regularly thereafter [illegible]. For further particulars [illegible]
WILLIAM H. WICKHAM, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will sail on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock noon.
Freight received as usual.
For rates, &c., inquire at freight office on Company's Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Freight agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The regular and popular steamship EMILY B. SOUDER, Capt. Lockwood, will leave on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. [illegible] North River, [illegible] freight on SATURDAY MORNING at Charleston. Through tickets and bills of lading issued [illegible] South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.—THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, Capt. CROWELL, having large cargo capacity, will be dispatched on SATURDAY, April 13, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 15 East River, connecting at Charleston for all points on the South Carolina Railroad, and with the steamer DICTATOR for Florida.
Freight received during all working hours.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR SAVANNAH—EVERY THURSDAY.

The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamers
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. Baker, sails THURSDAY, April 11.
GENERAL BARNES, Capt. Morton, sails THURSDAY, April 18.
From Pier No. 38 North River, at 3 P. M., precisely. Through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, and passage tickets via the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in Florida. For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH.

Every SATURDAY, 3 P. M., from Pier 13 North River.
The favorite sidewheel steamships
SAN SALVADOR, Nickerson, Saturday, April 13.
SAN JACINTO, Atkins, Saturday, April 20.
Connecting at Savannah with Florida steamers, and by rail to all points South and West.
Elegant passenger accommodations.
GARRISON & ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—EVERY TUESDAY.—Murray's Steamship Line.—The new and elegant steamship LEO, H. C. Dearborn, Commander, will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., on TUESDAY, April 9, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Through bills of lading and passage tickets given to all points in connection with the Georgia Central Railroad. Freight received daily. Goods marked care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad will be forwarded free of charge. For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FROM PIER NO. 37 NORTH RIVER, FOOT BEACH-ST.

Steamship [illegible], Capt. Bourne, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Steamship [illegible], Capt. Alexander, leaves every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
Giving through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and its connections.
Bills of lading signed on the pier.
For freight or passage apply at the office on the pier, or to N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

THE OLD LINE
FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

From Pier No. 22 North River.
Steamship SARATOGA, Capt. King, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Steamship NIAGARA, Capt. E. Blakeman, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
C. HENNEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway, Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—BLACK STAR LINE.

The steamship
ASHLAND, Capt. Norton,
will leave on SATURDAY, April 13, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 o'clock precisely.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to H. LOWDEN, Agent,
Corner Cedar and West sts.
DAVID McCOARD, Agent in New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship
GENERAL MEADE, Capt. A. W. Sampson,
will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, April 13, at 3 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.
The GEORGE WASHINGTON will follow April 20.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:
MONTEREY, on SATURDAY, April 13.
MARIPOSA, on SATURDAY, April 27.
All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to
C. K. GARRISON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—ATLANTIC Coast Mail Steamship Company's new and first-class light-draft sidewheel steamship RAPIDAN, Capt. WM. F. BATON, will leave Pier No. 38 North River, for the above port on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens going abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 203 Broadway.

MACHINERY.

STEAM.

THE HARRISON BOILER, having had a practical test for more than two years past among nearly every class of enterprise or work employing steam, and to an extent of power varying from 10 to 300 horses, is presented as embracing the following advantages:
It is absolutely free from destructive explosion.
It has no superior in saving fuel.
It is a rapid steam generator, and if required is made its own super-heater without extra apparatus.
It is easily transportable, and may be passed in sections through an ordinary doorway.
It may be enlarged to any required size without disturbing parts already erected.
It is safe from all incrustation, or any of the evils arising therefrom.
It is compact, neat and cleanly, and easily managed.
Nearly 300 of these boilers are in practical use.
The extensive introduction of this boiler in Philadelphia, where the works are situated, has induced its proprietor, JOSEPH HARRISON, Esq., to establish a branch office in this City, where circulars may be procured, a model be seen, and all information respecting it be obtained at Rooms Nos. 3 and 13, No. 119 Broadway, corner Cedar-st.
J. B. HYDE, Agent.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS.
The best and most complete in use.
Circulars sent on application.
WOOD & MANN STEAM-ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y.,
and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

NOTICE.—FIRST-CLASS STEAM ENGINE FOR sale at the Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y.
1. Stationary Horizontal Steam Engine, 18 inch cylinder and 4 foot stroke, in good order and of excellent construction and workmanship. The engine is now in daily use at the Arsenal, and can be examined every working day by any one wishing to purchase. Offers will be received subject to approval of the Chief of Ordnance.
For sale [illegible] May, 1867.
P. V. HAGNER,
Bvt. Brig.-Gen. U. S. A., Commanding Arsenal.
WATERVLIET ARSENAL, N. Y., April 3, 1867.

FOR SALE—THE ENGINE, BOILER AND shafting, with [illegible] and eight hand looms, suitable for the making of ribbons, tapes, braids, &c., in the factory corner of 1st and North 2d sts., Brooklyn, E. D. Also, to let, the building entire or in apartments. Inquire of ALLEN & JOHNSON, No. 116 Nassau-st., New-York, or of KELSEY & CORNWALL, Land Agents, No. 44 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh.

STEAM-ENGINES, FLAX, HEMP, TOW and Rope Machinery, Machinists' Tools, &c. TODD & RAFFERTY, Warerooms 4 Dey-st., Works Paterson, N. J.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 11 o'clock, at the residence No. [illegible]
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—[illegible]
BEDROOM.—[illegible]
LIBRARY.—[illegible]
DINING-ROOM.—Carved oak extension dining-table, carved black walnut sideboard, chairs, [illegible], with silver-plated ware, [illegible]
HALL.—Carved black walnut marble-top table, black walnut hall chairs, and other furniture more fully enumerated in catalogue.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on FRIDAY, April 12, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. [illegible] Livingston-st., near Nevins, (take either Wall or Fulton ferry.)
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on SATURDAY, April 13, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 116 East 28th-st.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER
Will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 29 West 11th-st., between Broadway and University-place:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
Will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 11, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 34 West 16th-st.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Full particulars hereafter.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
HOUSE AND LOT NO. 68 WEST 36TH-ST.
AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building:
WEST 36TH-ST.—The three-story high-stoop brick house and lot on the south side, between 5th and 6th avs., and known as No. 68. The house has an extension. Lot [illegible] feet 9 inches.

EDWARD H. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. H. MESSENGER.
THIS DAY, (TUESDAY,) April 9, at 11 o'clock, within the store:
[illegible] boxes Layer Raisins.
[illegible] bags Brazil Nuts.
[illegible] bags Walnuts.
[illegible] bales Sage.
[illegible]
4 bales Sicily Rags.
At 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 13 East River:
FRESH SORRENTO ORANGES.
8,870 boxes fresh Sorrento Oranges.
Cargo brig Veloce, from Naples.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
BY E. A. LAWRENCE, OFFICE TRINITY BUILDING, NO. 111 BROADWAY.—Peremptory sale of valuable water-power, docks, slips, mill property and houses and lots, situated at Flushing, Queens County, L. I., by order of the executors of William Hamilton, deceased. To be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on TUESDAY, April 9, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, the following described property, viz.:
One splendid well-built frame building, [illegible], four stories, [illegible]; a small mill attached, [illegible], five stories, in perfect order, both doing a large and lucrative business; two large and convenient [illegible] barns, one [illegible], the other [illegible]; one handsome English basement two-story and attic frame house, filled in, [illegible], with wings and sub-cellar. The mansion is a well-built two-story frame house, [illegible], with wing, in perfect order, both handsomely situated on Clinton-av., the healthiest and most desirable part of the village. Also, 20 very beautifully located building lots of various sizes, fronting on Clinton and Myrtle avs.; also, 500 feet of the most valuable slips and dock property at Flushing, accessible to vessels of 300 tons.
The desirable location of this water power, mill, slips and dock property, together with its accessibility to the City, it being but six miles over a splendid avenue to Hunter's Point Ferry, with hourly trains over the Flushing Railroad, and frequent steamboat communication daily to New-York, render it for distillery store-houses or manufacturing purposes of any kind, unequaled in the vicinity of New-York.
Particular attention is also called to the houses and &c., they being in the most desirable, healthy and convenient part of that beautiful and thriving village.
MORTIMER W. HAMILTON, } Executors.
CHARLES A. HAMILTON, }
For maps and further information apply to the Auctioneer, No. 111 Broadway, Room D, basement; M. W. HAMILTON, No. 57 Front-st.; CHARLES A. HAMILTON, on the premises.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
BY LAWRENCE & FOULKE,
Office No. 113 Broadway.
At the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the [illegible] day of April, at 12 o'clock, LAWRENCE & FOULKE, Auctioneers, will sell at public auction that substantial and thoroughly well-built five-story and cellar brick store (and lot) No. [illegible] Washington-st., with a front on said street of 27 feet 2 inches by 77 feet in depth. This certainly is an opportunity rarely met with for investment, and for the purposes of storage or any business, whatever may be its nature, its thorough construction and desirable location render it unequaled. The two stores adjoining may be purchased if desired. This property will be held at private sale until the day above mentioned. For maps, &c., apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. [illegible] Broadway, or of the auctioneers.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 8 Murray-st.
GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, fine stock of a Broadway dealer, removed for convenience of sale, including the usual varieties. Particulars at sale.
N. B.—G. C. will give his personal attention to the sale of household furniture at the residences of owners, or at his salesrooms; having the best facilities.

PUBLIC SALE.
The three warehouses belonging to the Government, on the Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, N. Y., will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises, subject to the acceptance of the bid by the Secretary of the Treasury, at 12 o'clock M., May 22, 1867.
Terms of Sale—One-fourth cash, balance in 30, 60 and 90 days. A deposit of Five Thousand Dollars will be required at time of sale. A certificate of sale will be given and the deed executed upon the last payment being made.
Any failure on the part of the purchaser to make the payments as required, will involve the forfeiture to the Government of the deposit and all previous payments.
HENRY A. SMYTHE, Collector of Customs.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—VALUABLE HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.—the property of Henry A. Hurlbert, who is about leaving for Europe, at his private stables, No. 45 West 18th-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock, at the private stables, No. 45 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., three valuable Carriage Horses, viz.:
One BAY, 16 hands 1 inch high, 8 years old.
One BLACK, 16 hands high, 8 years old.
One GRAY, 16 hands high, 7 years old.
They are sound and kind, stylish drivers, single or together, and never had a day of sickness since owner had them; they are very desirable.
Also, a fine CLOSE PANEL CARRIAGE, lined with crimson silk, made by Wood Bros.
A COUPE, lined with reps, made by J. R. Lawrence.
A BAROUCHE, and slip lining, by Wood Bros.
A PARK PHAETON, lined with morocco, very little used, made by Lawrence.
A six-seat SLEIGH, built by Gould, of Albany.
A very handsome set double HARNESS, by Wright.
A very handsome set double plated HARNESS, nearly new, made by Lowden.
A single coupe Harness, made by Lowden.
A fine set S. P. coach HARNESS.
An English imported Bridle, &c., and everything appertaining to a gentleman's private stable.
They can be seen at any time before the sale.

LAWRENCE & FOULKE, Auctioneers.
ASSIGNEES' SALE—OF THE ASSETS OF THE late firm of WILSONS, MIDGLEY & JENNINGS. In pursuance of a decree of the Supreme Court, the undersigned will expose for sale at auction at the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NO. 111 BROADWAY, New-York City, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, by LAWRENCE & FOULKE, auctioneers, all the right, title and interest of the assignees in the book debts, bills receivable, judgments, stocks and choses in action of the said late firm of Wilsons, Midgley & Jennings, a full list of which (together with the books of said firm) can be seen at the office of the auctioneers, ROOM D, BASEMENT OF NO. 111 BROADWAY, and at the office of PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY, No. 45 William-st., in the City of New-York.
Dated New-York, March 26, 1867.
THOS. SLOCOMB,
G. L. BEEKMAN,
Assignees.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell by auction, on TUESDAY, April 9, at 10½ o'clock, at the residence No. 227 West 23d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood suites in crimson, brocatel and reps; gilt frame mirrors, rosewood door and back etageres, Turkish easy chairs, rosewood and black walnut bedsteads, bureaus and chairs, &c.; oak dining table, China, crockery, glassware, &c.; kitchen utensils, &c.
ALSO,
A rosewood 7⅓-octave piano, made by Chickering & Son.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, March 15, 1867.
SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES OF ORDNANCE.—There will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders, at noon, THURSDAY, the 11th day of April, 1867, at the office of the Inspector of Ordnance, Navy-yard, Philadelphia, Penn., a lot of old and unserviceable articles of ordnance, embracing shot and shell, about seven hundred (700) carbines, breech-loaders, about twenty-five hundred (2,500) muskets, rifled and smooth-bore, gun carriages and other stores.
The articles will be sold in lots.
Terms: One-half cash in Government funds, to be deposited on the conclusion of the sale, and the remainder within ten days afterward, during which time the articles must be removed from the Yard, otherwise they will revert to the Government.
H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
DISTRICT OF VERMONT SS.—Pursuant to a warrant of sale to me directed, issued out of the Honorable District Court of the United States for the District of Vermont, I shall sell at public auction, at the Custom-house, in Burlington, Vermont, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1867, at [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon, [illegible] pairs of PRUNELLA SHOE PATTERNS, the same having been ordered to be sold by a decree of said Court.
Given under my hand, at Chester, in said District, this 14th day of March, A. D. 1867.
E. H. HENRY, Marshal.
The above sale is adjourned to the 18th day of April, 1867, at the same hour and place.
E. H. HENRY, Marshal.
Ludlow & Co., No. 3 Pine-st.

T. C. HOUGHTON, Auctioneer.
BREWSTER & BERG WILL SELL AT No. 153 East 36th-st., near 3d-av., TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY,) at 10½ o'clock, all the furniture in the above house, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpetings, rosewood piano-forte, rosewood and walnut parlor suites, centre and fancy tables, extension table, sideboard, bedsteads, bureaus, mattresses, bedding, lace curtains, shades, paintings, engravings, china and glassware, kitchen utensils, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
AMERICAN ARTISTS' SALE.
MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, April 11 and 12, at 7½ o'clock, [illegible] a large and very fine collection of original Paintings, contributed by the following favorite American artists, viz.:
[illegible]
Also,
AN INVOICE OF FINE FOREIGN PICTURES, BY
[illegible]
The above are [illegible] on exhibition [illegible]

BENJ. P. TREADWELL, Auctioneer.—Salesroom with E. H. Ludlow & Co.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MIRRORS,
ROSEWOOD GRAND PIANO-FORTE,
FINE CHINA AND GLASS,
AXMINSTER, WILTON and VELVET CARPETS, &c.
BY TREADWELL & BROS. TO-MORROW (Wednesday,) April 10, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. [illegible] Madison-av., southwest corner of 33d-st., all the elegant rosewood furniture, &c., made to order by [illegible] and Pottier & Stymus; rosewood grand action piano-forte, E. Bord, of Paris, maker; pier and mantel mirrors, clocks, bronzes and mantel ornaments, reps and lace curtains, very fine assortment of French china and cut glass, Axminster, Wilton and velvet carpets, kitchen utensils, &c.
The house is open for inspection to-day, by permit, which, with descriptive catalogue, may be had at the office of the auctioneer, No. 37 Liberty-st., or of E. H. [illegible]

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD ON 13TH-AV.,
AND BULKHEAD IN FRONT, ON NORTH RIVER.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 12, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
13TH-AV.—The lease of the property on the east side of 13th-av., between 25th and 26th sts., and bulkhead in front, with the four-story brick stable, [illegible] sheds. Lease has [illegible] years to run from 1st May, 1867, with two renewals of 21 years each, at 6 per cent. valuation, ground rent $[illegible] and taxes, per annum. Plot [illegible] on 13th-av., [illegible] on 25th-st., and [illegible] feet on 26th-st., containing about 11 lots, and has a capacity of [illegible] tons of coal.
Maps, &c., at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10.
At 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 124 Adelphi-st., between De Kalb and Lafayette avs., Brooklyn.
Brussels carpets, lace curtains, sofas, chairs, tables, mahogany [illegible] hair mattresses, feather beds, marble-top bureau, extension table, chairs, glassware, kitchen ware, oil-cloth, &c., &c.
SAME DAY.
At 1½ o'clock P. M., at No. [illegible] Washington-av., between Fulton and Atlantic avs., Brooklyn.
Two handsome pier and one mantel mirrors, as good as new; rosewood piano, [illegible] fine cases of stuffed birds, lace curtains, mahogany and marble-top parlor and chamber furniture, feather beds, hair mattresses, bookcases, hat-rack, oak extension-table, chairs, plated ware, English Brussels carpets, plated stair rods, mats, &c., &c.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer—Office No. 6 Pine-st.
EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE lots opposite Hamilton-square, and on 1st-av. near 60th-st., to close the estate of Ruth Bloomfield, deceased, at public auction, on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
THIRD-AV.—Gore lot between 67th and 68th sts.
SIXTY-SIXTH AND SIXTY-SEVENTH STS.—Thirty-eight lots adjoining 3d-av.
FIRST-AV.—Three lots between 60th and 61st sts.
Sixty per cent. of the purchase money can remain on mortgage three years. Maps, with further particulars, at auctioneer's office, No. 6 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE CORNER PROPERTY ON East Houston-st. at auction.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York.
EAST HOUSTON-ST.—The lot of land, with the four-story brick house thereon, situate on the southeast corner of East Houston and Mulberry sts., known as No. 41 East Houston-st., being 25 feet 5 inches on East Houston-st., and 72 feet 5 inches on Mulberry-st.

A. H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
LOTS ON 59TH-ST., OPPOSITE CENTRAL PARK, AND ON 58TH-ST., AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
59TH-ST.—Two lots, south side, 280 feet west of 7th-av., and opposite the Central Park, each 25x100 feet.
58TH-ST.—Two lots, north side, 450 feet west of 5th-av., each 25x100 feet 5 inches.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, at 10½ o'clock, the entire furniture of house No. 13 West 6th-st., near 5th-av. Parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture; rosewood piano, elegant carved black-walnut bedsteads and bureaus, best hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, blankets, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil cloths, china and glassware, &c. The furniture is in good order.

E. A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE IN PARTITION of choice and valuable real estate at public auction, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Hon. John R. [illegible], Referee, on the 9th day of April, 1867, at 12 M., at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway. The five four-story brick houses and two lots known as Nos. [illegible] and [illegible] 4th-st., near avenue C, and the three-story and basement brick house and lot known as No. 142 Norfolk-st.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 19, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
7 A. M.—Express train via Hudson River Railroad, [illegible] connecting at Albany [illegible] and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.
10 A. M. Express and Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for North.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.
[illegible] P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.
4:15 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-car attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8:30 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 8:15 P. M.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:30 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 11:30 A. M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
8:45 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
4 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, Buffalo, Salamanca and Dunkirk.
5 P. M.—Way train for Suffern.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
7:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45, 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45, 3:45, 4:30, 6:15 and "11 P. M.—Daily. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock.
Express trains run in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, FROM JAN. 2, 1867.
Leave James-slip, New-York:
[illegible] A. M., mail train for Greenport and way stations.
11 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
[illegible] P. M., Yaphank Express train; and on Saturday nights for Riverhead.
[illegible] P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
[illegible] P. M., for Farmingdale and way stations.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:25 and 9:12 A. M. and 1:15, 4:22, and 6:32 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12 and 4:22 run through to Monsey. THOMAS W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

EXPRESSES.

THE MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS COMPANY have opened their offices upon the Erie Railway and all its branches.
NEW-YORK OFFICES:
Nos. 365 and 367 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st.
No. 180 Broadway, between John-st. and Maiden-lane.
Freight depot, corner of Hudson and Leonard sts.
NORMAN C. MILLER,
General Manager in New-York.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSION TO PARIS, ITALY, GREECE, CRIMEA, HOLY LAND, EGYPT, &c.—The magnificent side-wheel ocean steamship QUAKER CITY will leave with the above excursion (accompanied by Lieut.-Gen. Sherman) on SATURDAY, June 8, at 3 o'clock P. M. The ship will visit St. Michael's, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Genoa, Leghorn, Caprera, Civita Vecchia, Naples, Palermo, Athens, Corinth, Constantinople, Sebastopol, Smyrna, Holy Land, Egypt, Malta, Cagliari, Palma, Valencia, Madeira and Bermuda—and the party will have ample opportunity to visit Paris, Lyons, and all the points of interest in Italy, Switzerland and the Holy Land. Gen. Sherman writes: "Your programme is all that could be desired, and should be adhered to absolutely." Applications to join the party (now nearly complete, the number being limited to 110) must be made to the Committee through C. C. DUNCAN, 117 Wall-st.

REMOVALS.

SCHULTZ & WARKER.
S&W
N.Y.
WILL REMOVE ON THE 1ST OF MAY TO NO. 112 EAST 14TH-ST.
Opposite Academy of Music.

REMOVAL.—THE NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY will remove to their new offices, No. 227 Broadway, corner of Barclay-st., on May 1.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—14TH-STREET.
ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR......MAX MARETZEK.
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT of Petrella's unprecedentedly successful chef-d'œuvre,
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, April 9, at 8.
[illegible]
THURSDAY—[illegible] ONLY TIME OF THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
FRIDAY—[illegible]
ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON—GRAND MATINEE.
The sale of Reserved Seats or Tickets for any of the above performances will commence THIS MORNING at the Box-office of the Academy, at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Macey & Herwig's, Nos. 113 and 114 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA.
On THURSDAY EVENING, April 11, at 8,
first and only time in Brooklyn of Petrella's unprecedentedly successful chef-d'œuvre,
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
Reserved seats and tickets may now be had at the Box-office of the Academy, Brooklyn, and at Macey & Herwig's, Nos. 113 and 114 Broadway, New-York.

STEINWAY HALL.
SOUTHERN FAMINE RELIEF COMMISSION.
TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 9;
MR. AND MRS. GEO. VANDENHOFF
have in the handsomest manner tendered the Commission
VOLUNTEER READINGS
IN AID OF THE FUND,
which will be given on the above evening.
HON. JOHN T. HOFFMAN,
Mayor of New-York, will preside and make the introductory remarks.
MR. G. W. MORGAN
will perform on the organ prior to the commencement of the readings.
Tickets of admission $1, can be obtained at the ticket office of the Hall; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; the Fifth-av., Clarendon, New-York and St. Nicholas Hotels and Everett House. Reserved seats $1 50, obtainable only of Mr. John Bowne, No. 63 Broadway, General Agent.

THE FESTIVAL OF THE TRINITY CHOIRS.
NEW-YORK, A. D. 1867.
HANDEL'S ORATORIO OF THE MESSIAH;
WITH AN
ORCHESTRA AND CHORUS OF 300,
IN
ST. JOHN'S CHAPEL, TRINITY PARISH,
ON
THURSDAY EVENING, 25TH OF APRIL, 1867,
under the immediate auspices of
THE RECTOR, CLERGY AND CORPORATION OF TRINITY PARISH.
NOTICE TO THE CHORUS:
TO-NIGHT, the 9th, and THURSDAY, the 11th, will be full Choral Rehearsals, at 8 o'clock P. M. precisely, in the rear of St. John's Chapel, near Canal-st.
On WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, 24th of April, a Full Band and Chorus Rehearsal at 3 o'clock, for the Chorus.
No member of the Chorus will be entitled to an orchestra ticket for the night of performance unless he or she has attended one Full Choral or the Full Band Rehearsal.
J. F. YOUNG, D. D.
Chairman of the Committee of Management.

THE BELMONT GALLERY.—THE PRIVATE gallery of AUGUST BELMONT, Esq., will be opened to the public for five days, commencing TUESDAY, the 9th, ending SATURDAY, 13th inst., the proceeds of the exhibition being given to the New-York Ladies' Southern Relief Association. Admission, $1. Entrance, No. 3 East 18th-st. Open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF BROOKLYN.
ORATION BY
REV. DR. STORRS,
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music, on TUESDAY EVENING, April 9, at 8 o'clock.
Subject—"Seven Years of Change Among Nations."
Tickets, with reserved seats, for sale at Dyde' Bookstore, No. 248 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

INSTRUCTION.

SEWARD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS,
Florida, Orange Co., N. Y.
Institution endowed. Advantages superior. Terms, $100 for 21 weeks.
T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE—PRIVATE classes for boys, Amherst, Mass., H. C. NASH, Principal. The Forty-third semi-annual session will commence May 1. Location, seven hours from New-York; unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; $400 per year. Circulars upon request.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARRINGTON, Berkshire County, Mass.—A safe, healthy and delightful home for 30 boys; instruction thorough and practical. Summer term will commence April 15; Circulars upon application.
E. PARSONS PRATT, A. M., Principal.

GERMANY.—BOARD AND TUITION MAY BE had for a few young ladies in Hanau, a pleasant city near Frankfort, O. M.; best references. For particulars address Dr. HINKEL, General Post-office Box No. 1,158, New-York.

CENTRAL PARK FRENCH INSTITUTE, for young gentlemen from 7 to 16. Day, half-boarding and boarding scholars taken to school and home in an omnibus. Circulars at CHRISTERN, No. 863 Broadway, or at the Institute, Broadway and 60th-st.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Classical, Commercial and French, with preparatory departments, No. 12 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. [illegible]. Terms reasonable. GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal.

COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY, POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—A thorough and superior Church school for young ladies. The Spring quarter opens April 16. The prospectus may be had by addressing the Rector, Rev. GEORGE T. RIDER, A. M.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding School for young ladies, College-av., New-Brunswick, N. J. A native French teacher resides in the family.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, ESSEX, CONN.—Spring term commences May 1. Terms $225 per year. Send for Catalogue. M. A. CUMMINGS, Principal.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE—HAVERSTRAW, N. Y.—A select boarding school for ten boys. Pleasant location. Terms moderate.
LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal.

$6 PER WEEK INCLUDES FIRST-class board, care and instruction for children. Address Box No. 383, Bridgeport, Conn. Reference cheerfully given if desired.

HOME INSTITUTE.—A BOARDING SCHOOL for young ladies. The Spring term will commence April 15. Address the Principal, Miss M. METCALF, Tarrytown, N. Y.

ROSE HILL FAMILY SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies and Misses, at Danbury, Conn. For circulars address Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address MISS EMILY NELSON.

POUGHKEEPSIE, (N. Y.) MILITARY INSTITUTE—A classical, commercial and military school. C. B. WARRING, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR TWELVE boys in Morris, Conn. For circulars address SAM'L M. [illegible]

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING SCHOOL, Fishkill, N. Y.; terms moderate. For circulars, &c., address the principal, REV. W. PECK.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

TEACHERS.

A LADY OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES a position in a school to teach English and music, or in a family as instructress to children, would also supervise their wardrobe; a Christian family preferred. Address TEACHER, No. 522 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

LONG ISLAND NAVIGATION COMPANY.
On and after March 15, 1867, the steamers of this Company will run as follows, leaving Pier No. 24 East River (foot of Rutgers-st.,) New-York:
FOR SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT AND NEW-SUFFOLK—steamer ARTEMAS, Capt. G. C. Gibbs, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 P. M.
FOR PORT JEFFERSON AND STONY BROOK—Steamer SUNBEAM, Capt. S. A. HILDRETH, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, as per time table.
The new and beautiful side-wheel steamer RIVER QUEEN will be put on the route to Sag Harbor about May 1, 1867.
DAVID WILLIAMS, President,
No. 5 Beekman-st.
J. S. TUTHILL, Agent, No. 5 James-slip.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH,
SANDY HOOK, HIGHLANDS, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNTS AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN AND RED BANK.
FAVORITE STEAMBOAT META,
Capt. JOHN P. CORLIES,
Will leave south side of Barclay-st. Ferry as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, April 2, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, April 3, 3 P. M.
Thursday, April 4, 3 P. M.	Friday, April 5, 3 P. M.
Saturday, April 6, 3½ P. M.	Monday, April 8, 8½ A. M.

APRIL—1867.
SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH, AND RED BANK.
Steamer SEA BIRD will leave Pier foot of Chambers-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, April 2 ... [illegible]	Monday, April 1 ... [illegible]
Wednesday, 3d ... [illegible]	Wednesday, 3d ... [illegible]
Thursday, 4th ... [illegible]	Friday, 5th ... [illegible]
Saturday, 6th ... [illegible]	Friday, 5th ... [illegible]
Tuesday, 9th ... 10½ A. M.	Monday, 8th ... [illegible]

REGULAR HARTFORD LINE.
First-class steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, leave Peck-slip, East River, daily (except Sundays) at 4 P. M., for Hartford, Conn., connecting with Springfield, [illegible], Holyoke, Northampton, and all Connecticut River towns for passengers and freight. Fare $1 50 to Hartford; second-class $1 25.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY AND ALL POINTS NORTH AND EAST.—The first-class steamers of the New-York and Troy Steamboat Company leave daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M. from their new and extensive wharf, Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st.

RAILROAD TIME.—THE STEAMBOAT D. R. MARTIN has resumed her trips and leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Catharine-st.,) daily at 3 P. M., for Lloyd's Dock, Oyster Bay and Union Dock, Bayville.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare 75 cents. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with trains.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMBINATION.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3; EVENING AT 7 3-4.
IMMENSE HIT!
THE GREAT LOCAL ROMANCE,
produced with
NEW LOCAL SCENERY AND EFFECTS,
and received by
CROWDED AND ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCES
with the most unequivocal
DEMONSTRATIONS OF DELIGHT,
entitled
STREETS OF NEW-YORK.
[illegible]
in FIVE TABLEAUX.
THE RETURNED CALIFORNIAN.
UNION-SQUARE ON A WINTER'S NIGHT.
TENEMENT-HOUSE, BAXTER-STREET.
THE FIRE! THE FIRE!! THE FIRE!!!
with all its
EXCITING INCIDENTS,
and in which scene will be introduced
A STEAM FIRE-ENGINE IN ACTIVE OPERATION.
Tableau 5th.
THE HOME OF THE RICH.
The piece cast to the
FULL STRENGTH OF THE DRAMATIC COMPANY.
THE MUSEUM MORE ATTRACTIVE THAN EVER.
THE SPACIOUS SALOONS FILLED
WITH OVER 300,000 CURIOSITIES,
RARE AND SINGULAR IN NATURE AND ART,
gathered from the
FOUR QUARTERS OF THE GLOBE,
on exhibition at all hours,
FROM SUNRISE UNTIL 10 P. M.
GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES:
MADAME HINES, THE BEARDED LADY.
A GIANTESS, | A LEOPARD CHILD,
TWO DWARFS, | CIRCASSIAN GIRL,
GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION,
COSMORAMAS, LEARNED SEAL, HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, HISTORICAL RELICS, &c.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Managers......Lewis Baker and Mark Smith
LAST WEEK BUT TWO OF THE SEASON.
THIS EVENING, Daly's drama of
GRIFFITH GAUNT,
OR
JEALOUSY,
which will be produced with all the original COSTUMES, MUSIC, SCENERY, EFFECTS, and POWERFUL CAST—Miss ROSE EYTINGE in her original character of KATE PEYTON.
Mr. D. H. HARKINS as GRIFFITH GAUNT.
Messrs. MARK SMITH, LEWIS BAKER, and every MEMBER OF THEIR TALENTED COMPANY in the cast.
The THREE GREAT SPECIALTIES of the drama which caused such a sensation on its original production will be given:
THE DUEL TO THE DEATH;
the GREAT FAIR SCENE, including the Rustic Sports, the Dance, the Sack Jumping, and the Pig Chase,
and
THE TRIAL FOR MURDER.

IRVING HALL.
SONGS OF SCOTLAND.
Third Night of
Mr. D. KENNEDY,
the celebrated Scottish Vocalist.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 10.
ENTIRE NEW PROGRAMME AS FOLLOWS:
Come all ye Jolly Shepherds. Braw, Braw Lads o' Gala Water. Oh, Whistle an I'll Come to You, My Lad. There Came a Young Man to my Daddie's Door. The Laird o' Cockpen. My Nannie's Awa. Jessie the Flower o' Dunblane. Willie's Gane to Melvill's Castle. Hame Came our Guidman at E'en. The Star Spangled Banner (by request.) The Last Words of Marmion. The Bay of Biscay, O. Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved seats, 50 cents extra. For sale at Schirmer's store, No. 701 Broadway; Bellman ticket office, No. 113 Broadway, and Irving Hall.

HUNTED DOWN,
OR THE
TWO LIVES OF MARY LEIGH,
now playing with immense success at
WALLACK'S THEATRE,
can be procured by managers and stars, together with other works of Dion Boucicault, by applying to
JOHN H. SELWYN,
Stage Director Wallack's Theatre, New-York.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT......Director.
MATINEES on
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
A MOST BRILLIANT PROGRAMME
OF SPIRITED SCENES IN THE CIRCLE.
BENEFIT OF C. BOSWOLD,
Leader of the Orchestra.
EL NINO EDDIE, THE CHILD WONDER,
THE GIFTED RUNNELLS FAMILY,
MLLE. CARLOTTA De BERG,
and all the principal artists of the
INCOMPARABLE CIRCUS TROUPE
will appear in a
NOVEL, VARIED AND EXCITING
display of difficult and extraordinary acts of
EQUESTRIAN AND GYMNASTIC SKILL.

TEMPLE OF MYSTERY,
NO. 806 BROADWAY.
HARTZ.......LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
HARTZ.......LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
HARTZ.......LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
Last week ever in New-York of the
INDIAN BASKET TRICK.
THE WONDROUS LIVING HEAD.
THE WONDROUS LIVING HEAD.
THE WONDROUS LIVING HEAD.
Every night at 8.
LAST TWO MATINEES,
SATURDAY, April 13 and 20 at 2.

STEINWAY HALL.
ORGAN MATINEE
BY Mr. G. W. MORGAN,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10.
Doors open at 2¼; to begin at 3 o'clock.
TICKETS 50 CENTS.
Mr. MORGAN will be assisted by the following artists:
Mrs. KIELLERUP......Pianist
Mr. J. R. THOMAS......Baritone
Mr. G. W. COLBY......Accompanist

SONGS OF SCOTLAND.
BROOKLYN ATHENEUM.
MR. KENNEDY.
TO-NIGHT AND THURSDAY,
April 9 and 11.
Fifty cents to all parts of the hall.

EXERCISE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT.
J. WOOD'S GYMNASIUM, No. 6 East 28th-st., open day and evening. Subscription $25 a year.

PHILADELPHIA MUSICAL FUND HALL—FRIDAY EVENING, April 12—Mme. CLARA BRINKERHOFF, who sang with such great success at Carl Wolfsohn's fifth matinee, will sing a celebrated song of Schumann and grand aria by Petrella, at Carl Reese's Concert, assisted by Mr. W. Kopta, the violinist, and other artists.

DODWORTH HALL, NO. 806 BROADWAY, will be to rent for concerts, lectures, &c., after April 22.

MUSICAL.

KINDT & MANZ
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS,
having removed to their new and spacious warerooms, No. 835 Broadway, between 12th and 13th sts., New-York, would respectfully ask the attention of those wishing to purchase pianos to their improved and superior instruments. These are all manufactured under their personal supervision, and from their great experience and close attention, they are enabled to guarantee them unsurpassed by any in brilliancy, delicacy and compass of tone, combined with a superiority of workmanship, which insures the greatest possible durability.
All of them are constructed with the Agraffe arrangement, and each instrument will be warranted for five years.

WATERS' PIANO-FORTES—GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.—Melodeons, parlor, church, gem and cabinet organs, the best manufactured; warranted for six years. Second-hand pianos, melodeons, and organs at great bargains, from $50 to $200. Any of the above instruments to let and rent applied if purchased; monthly installments received for the same. Old pianos taken in exchange; cash paid for the same. Pianos tuned and repaired. Illustrated catalogues sent to any address. Manufactory and warerooms No. 481 Broadway, New-York. HORACE WATERS & CO.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—THE subscriber has this day sold and transferred his piano manufactory business to Messrs. BRUSH & CO., who will continue to manufacture the "Bradbury piano" at No. 427 Broome-st., N. Y. All persons owing me are requested to settle immediately. Any accounts not settled by May 15, will be put into the hands of an attorney for collection.
WM. B. BRADBURY,
No. 427 Broome-st., N. Y.
NEW-YORK, April 5, 1867.

HAZELTON BROTHERS, PIANO-FORTE manufacturers, would call the attention of musicians and the public generally to the many and great improvements in the construction of their pianos. Their "EUPHONIC AGRAFFE TREBLE" has been tested by the highest musical talent in the country, and conceded by all to possess power, brilliancy and sweetness in the highest degree. Pianos to let.
Warerooms, No. 99 Prince-st.

A 7 1-4 OCTAVE ROSEWOOD CITY made piano-forte for sale at half price; four round corners; carved legs; rich tone; is very superb. Apply at No. 600 6th-av., near 35th-st., till Thursday. N. B.—Great chance.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS—NEW AND SECOND hand pianos for sale and to rent. THOS. H. CHAMBERS, 8th-st., corner of 4th-av.

NO. 8 UNION-SQUARE.—PIANOS TO LET and sold on installments at prices below competition.
L. P. CUMMINGS.

PARLOR ORGAN FOR SALE AT A sacrifice. Call on OVERTON, No. 9 Rutgers-st.

MEETINGS.

OWNERS OF PROPERTY BELOW FOURTEENTH-STREET.
Are you aware that the proposed extension of Church-st., for railroad purposes, is to be done at a cost to you of $3,000,000? A meeting of property owners to consider this subject will be held at Powers' Hotel, Nos. 17 and 19 Park-row, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 10th inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M.
All interested in opposition are earnestly invited to attend.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. KELLER, J. SHAWHAN, G. W. TAYLOR, MEGIBBEN & BRO., and other favorite brands of Bourbon and Rye Whiskies. For sale by VIBBARD, FISKE & CO., No. 39 Broadway.

ASTROLOGY.

ASTONISHING.—MRS. SEUBEDEL TELLS past, present, and future. No. 12 Stanton-st., first floor. Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen, $1.

TO OWNERS AND USERS OF STEAM BOILERS.
GRAHAM'S COMPOSITION
FOR REMOVING DEPOSIT OR INCRUSTATION.
This composition so well and favorably known to engineers and others a few years since is again introduced by the undersigned. So thoroughly has it been tested that they are willing to guarantee its efficiency for the purpose intended. For further particulars, or a supply of the composition, apply to
CHARLES W. COPELAND,
NO. 171 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager......WM. WHEATLEY
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
TUESDAY EVENING, April 9, 1867.
TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH PERFORMANCE OF THE
BLACK CROOK,
with Jarrett & Palmer's [illegible] PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
AND
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
THIRTY-FIFTH GRAND MATINEE
SATURDAY, April 13, at 1 o'clock.
ADMISSION TO MATINEE:
Parquette and Dress Circle ... $1
Family Circle ... 50c.
Curtain rises at night at 7¾; at Matinee 1 P. M.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager......Mr. Lester Wallack
HUNTED DOWN;
OR THE
TWO LIVES OF MARY LEIGH.
The great success which has attended every representation of this [illegible] drama,
BY DION BOUCICAULT, Esq.,
and the termination of the [illegible] season of this establishment, [illegible]
THIS (Tuesday) EVENING
and
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
with beautiful SCENERY, COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS, ORIGINAL MUSIC, and a POWERFUL CAST.
Concluding with the popular and excellent farce, entitled
THE LAUGHING HYENA.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8.

BOWERY THEATRE.
IMMENSE SUCCESS OF
MR. G. L. FOX'S NEW PANTOMIME,
LITTLE BOY BLUE
AND HUSH-A-BYE BABY;
Or, PATTY AND HER PITCHER,
produced in a style of
UNEQUALED SPLENDOR.
NEW TRICKS,
NEW TRANSFORMATIONS,
New Scenery, Dresses, Properties and Effects.
Novel Machinery, Music, Singing and Dancing.
CLOWN......G. L. FOX
PANTALOON......C. K. FOX
Supported by Pantomime and Ballet Troupe.
Seats secured one week in advance.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
The eminently successful
RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY
will appear again THIS EVENING in the great spectacular Opera, received so rapturously last evening by a CROWDED and FASHIONABLE AUDIENCE, the
ENCHANTRESS.
ENCHANTRESS.
ENCHANTRESS.
with all its BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, BRILLIANT EFFECTS, DELIGHTFUL MUSIC and UNPARALLELED STRENGTH of CAST. Miss CAROLINE RICHINGS, Messrs. CASTLE, CAMPBELL, SEGUIN, WYLIE, PEAKS, ARNOLD, Miss THERESE WOOD, and GRAND CHORUS and ORCHESTRA.

WOOD'S THEATRE.
W. O. BOWERS......Manager
Third week of the talented young artists,
MR. AND MRS. F. M. BATES,
who will appear in their great dramatization of Alexander Dumas, Jr., novel,
CAMILLE.
Camille......Mrs. F. M. Bates
Armand Duval......Mr. F. M. Bates
MATINEE SATURDAY.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
Second week of the brilliant engagement of
MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL,
supported by
MR. JAMES W. COLLIER.
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
LAST THREE NIGHTS OF FANCHON.
SATURDAY NEXT,
SECOND MITCHELL MATINEE.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
West 14th-st., near 6th-av.
Ticket Offices, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Macey & Herwig's, Nos. 113 and 114 Broadway.
THURSDAY, April 11, 1867.
LA DAME AUX CAMELIAS,
Comedy in five acts by Alexandre Dumas.
Mme. Larmet......Marguerite Gauthier.

GRIFFIN & CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.
FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE, Nos. 2 AND 4 WEST TWENTY-FOURTH-ST.
G. W. H. GRIFFIN......Manager.
THE FAMILY RESORT.
First appearance of Mr. G. W. CLARKE, Comedian.
First week of the BURLESQUE OPERA.
THE BRIGANDINA; Or, FATAL LOVE.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
Matinee EVERY SATURDAY at 2½ o'clock.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS—720 B'dway.
The most popular and fashionable company of the City.

The Two Doves.	100th night of	Look out for
The only Leon.	Cinder-leon.	His Carpetbag.
Hunted Down.	Flower Dance.	Naughty Girls.
The Banjo Solo.	Damon Dance.	Dandy Niggers.

MONDAY, April 15, first appearance Mr. EPH HORN.

EXHIBITION—FINE ARTS.
NO. 845 BROADWAY, NEAR 14TH-ST.
CONSTANT MAYER'S
LAST PAINTING,
"THE CONVALESCENT."
Open day and evening. Admission 25 cents.

BUNYAN TABLEAUX, LARGEST PANORAMA in the world. Sixty magnificent scenes, illustrating Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress. Union Hall, Broadway and 23d-st. Open every night at 7; commencing at 8. Admission, 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock.
ROBERT J. GREENWOOD, Manager and Proprietor.

A FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE Freedmen, under the auspices of members of the Society of Friends, will be opened at the New-York Assembly Rooms, corner Broadway and 28th-st., on the 9th of April, at 12 M., continuing the remainder of the week.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.
Reserved seats for all first-class theatres, concerts, balls, &c., can always be obtained at the
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
Nos. 113 and 114 Broadway.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail on [illegible].
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

SPECIAL MEDICAL AND SURGICAL TREATMENT for the cure of all diseases of a Private Character at the office of DR. GRINDLE, NO. 4 AMITY-PLACE, BETWEEN BLEECKER AND AMITY STS. Recent cases cured in a very short time. Where cases are of long standing, however, the patients will best appreciate the treatment. Those who are suffering from GONORRHEA, SECONDARY, TERTIARY OR HEREDITARY SYPHILIS, GLEET, STRICTURE, FISTULA, RHEUMATISM, WHICH IS ONE SYMPTOM OF SYPHILIS, IRRITATION OF THE BLADDER, which causes a too frequent passage of the urine, IMPOTENCE, nocturnal or diurnal emissions, the result of youthful indiscretions, or any disease whatever of the genito-urinary organs or pelvic-viscera—(should there be any copper-colored spots on any part of the head, face, limbs or trunk, they may be certain of syphilitic disease,—in all such cases patients should consult their own individual interests, and call on one who has had much successful practice in the treatment of the above diseases, and who can permanently cure you. Throw all quack remedies to the dogs. Every thoroughly educated and well read physician who has had the same advantages in the treatment of the above diseases as ourself, knows that the same treatment which cures one will not cure or even benefit every other. Every patient must positively, if a cure is effected, be treated according to the constitutional peculiarities of their individual self. Those who are laboring under any of the above diseases, male or female, who cannot consult us in person, may write us, and by return mail we will forward to them, in writing, questions which they can answer, on receipt of which we will consider their cases, and forward to their address those remedies best suited to each individual case. Consultation free. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 11 P. M.; Sundays from 8 to 11 A. M. and from 2 to 10 P. M.

HASTEN TO DR. KENNEDY, NO. 195 Elm-st. He makes the greatest cures known. Thousands are saved by Dr. KENNEDY'S improved treatment. Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases than all others combined. Will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can. Call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. Call at once. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor. Address Dr. KENNEDY, 195 Elm-st.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 63 West 34th-st., near 6th-av., or sent by mail. Also sold at Druggists, No. 162 Greenwich-st. and No. 317½ Bowery.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL FOR THE TREATMENT of stricture, varicocele, hemorrhoids, fistula, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, under the exclusive control of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of the *Scalpel*. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 2, and 7 to 9 evenings, at Doctor's residence, No. 42 5th-av.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Impediments to Marriage; Nervousness and Physical Incapacity, results of self-abuse. 195 Elm-st.

A.—MME. GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, No. 4 Amity-place, can be consulted on all female complaints. Pleasant rooms for ladies, who desire good nursing and medical attendance.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP IS THE only remedy that will root out poisonous virus of a certain disease: all others dry it in the blood. No. 3 Division-street. Price, $5, with a book of 80 pages.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages, gratis.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated. $5 per vial. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 80 pages, gratis.

WHEN YOUTHFUL FOLLY INDUCES impotency Dr. KENNEDY'S invigorator produces instant restoration of animal functions. No. 195 Elm-st.

LADIES' DERANGEMENTS CURED by the French Compound—the Magic Remedy, by mail. Consult, or address Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st.

BE WISE IN TIME.—DR. KENNEDY'S remedies are the only medicines known to extirpate all vestiges of certain diseases. 195 Elm-st. All hours.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS, Office, No. 195 Elm-st.; his Periodical Drops guaranteed effectual.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Drops and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The New-York Annual Conference of M. E. Church.

SEVENTY-SEVENTH SESSION—[illegible] DAY.

The Conference met at [illegible] o'clock, Bishop James in the chair, and Rev. W. H. [illegible] conducted the opening exercises.

A communication from the Board of Bishops, distributing the amount necessary to pay expenses of delegates to the next General Conference among the Annual Conferences was received, and it was voted that the Lay Stewards make a distribution of the amount apportioned to this Conference to the different charges in the same.

On motion of Rev. M. D. C. Crawford it was voted now to fix the place of holding the Conference next year. Invitations were received from Harlem M. E. Church and Sing Sing. The Conference voted unanimously to go to Harlem.

A communication was received from the Troy Conference respecting the erection of a monument over the remains of Rev. Philip Embury, whose tomb is within their bounds. It was referred to the following Committee: Revs. J. B. Wakley, W. H. Ferris, and C. C. North, John and Elliott and Jos. Grayden, laymen of this City.

The Conference, by the help of a generous layman of this City, made up $750 deficiency on necessitous cases.

The Conference voted thanks to C. C. North, of this City, for his liberality in coming to their help in making up all arrearages in the case of the necessitous.

The character of the effective Elders on the Rhinebeck District was considered, and all passed. Rev. J. K. Wardle received a supernumerary relation, without an appointment, at his own request.

The Committee appointed last year to consider and make some provision for the necessities of those Ministers who have traveled twenty years and upward, offered their report. It was recommitted for another year, with a resolution offered by Dr. Hare, and there were added to the Committee the following laymen: C. C. North and W. W. Cornell, of this City, and J. N. Weed, of Newburgh.

Rev. Dr. Durbin, General Secretary of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, addressed the Conference.

He said the voice of the church at the close of the late war, demanded that the Society should occupy the South, the whole South. The Committee at the last session, found, in view of this fact, and the necessity of occupying the fields already under our charge, the necessity of asking as appropriations for next year $1,000,000. The fear is that the centenary collections of the year, together with the Church Extension Society, and the Freedmen's Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will interfere with the Missionary collections. These fears are too well founded. The Spring Conferences that have met thus far fall short of last year's collections in the round sum of $50,000. Now how shall we meet the coming contingencies? We say hold on to the work for a year, and when the deficiency is known let the Church be made acquainted with the facts. In the meantime, in making appropriations for the home work, care must be taken to save all that we can without crippling the work.

The Bishop here stated that in no case in this Spring's Conferences had the whole amount appropriated been drawn.

Dr. Durbin continued: Another remedy is, as soon as possible, to get the Sunday schools back to the Missionary work, from which their attention has been drawn by the centenary operations. We depend on the Sunday schools. In a few years they will pay the whole amount of our appropriations. For remember "nothing takes so strong a hold of a child as to know that it is doing something to save a soul from the damnation of hell." The disappointment in the supposed failure of the Centenary Mission House is not well founded. All moneys thus subscribed should be paid in for that work, for the Board ultimately hope to build.

Rev. Dr. Walden, of the Cincinnati Conference, was introduced and addressed the Conference on the necessities and hopeful openings of the Freedmen's Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Who are the superannuated preachers? was asked, and the name of Marvin Richardson was called, and he addressed the Conference.

Mr. Richardson is the oldest man in the body, having joined it in 1809, at the Conference held in the Old John-street Church, in this City. There were only forty-five members of that church at that time. All who had joined with him had passed away, except Dr. Laban Clark, of the New-York East Conference, and although very feeble, he had heard that Dr. Clark was present at his Conference, now in session at New-Haven. Mr. Richardson said, "I have not been absent from a session of this Conference since I became a member." He continued, this might be the last—it was the fifty-eighth—but if so, he should join a larger number above.

Rev. J. B. Wakely offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That this Conference express their gratification that Rev. Marvin Richardson, the patriarch of it, has been able to attend its session, and for the words of consolation he has given.

Resolved, That this Conference invoke the blessing of the Great Head of the Church to be with him in the evening of life, and that his last song on earth may be, "My heart and my flesh faileth, but God is the strength of my heart and my portion forever."

Philip Phillips addressed the Conference on sacred music, and offered the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Whereas, The honor of maintaining congregational singing, in its greatest measure, has been accorded to the Methodist Episcopal Church; and,

Whereas, She attributes a part of her great success to the general participation of her members in this means of grace; therefore,

Resolved, 1. That we appreciate and value the importance of qualified choristers and well-organized choirs, (and indeed deem them indispensable,) whose province and duty it is to instruct and lead the congregation in devotional music, avoiding artistic and difficult pieces, during the service, in which the people cannot participate.

Resolved, 2. That we have abiding faith in congregational singing, and firmly believe our progress and development will be best secured by encouraging the use of plain, devotional tunes, easily learned and sung by all the people.

Resolved, 3. That the instruction pursued by many of the leaders of our choirs, heretofore, has been to erect a standard of taste which excludes congregational singing, and, in consequence of this, has debarred a large and excellent portion of God's people from praising Him with their heart and voice, (in our songs of praise,) as commanded.

Resolved, 4. That it is very desirable that the Methodist Episcopal Churches should hold stated religious singing meetings, opened and closed by prayer, and attended by all the members and friends. Thus regulated they would increase her social power, and advance her knowledge of sacred music.

Resolved, 5. That we rejoice in the effort to provide a hymn and tune book more carefully adapted to the wants of our Church, and that, at our earliest convenience, we will carefully examine the new hymn and tune book above-mentioned, and, if possible, will adopt the same for use in our congregation.

The Conference adjourned, with benediction by Dr. Joseph Cummings, President of the Wesleyan University.

Last evening Rev. Mr. Armstrong, of the Wesleyan Conference, Canada, preached in the Bedford-street Church.

The Conference, with their wives, attended a social gathering at the Old Ladies' Home in Forty-second-street. The occasion was one of interest, and not soon to be forgotten, either by the distinguished guests or the ladies of the Society.

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Contributions from the United States.

A few days ago we gave the first portion of the official list showing the character of the contributions from this country to the Exposition at Paris, with the names of the exhibitors. Following are the details of the third group:

THIRD GROUP—FURNITURE AND OTHER OBJECTS USED IN DWELLINGS.

Advisory Committee—Richard M. Hunt, Chairman; James H. Bowen, A. M. Cozzens, J. C. Bancroft Davis, L. Marcotte, Robert S. Chilton, Edward Gotthell, Thomas Faye, D. J. Magnin, Samuel Sinclair, A. Morton, Prof. Thomas Egleston, Jr., J. S. Redfield, George C. Simmons, H. D. J. Pratt, J. M. Usher, James O'Connor, James Archer, A. Barbey, Frederick Hess.

Herring & Co., New-York—One patent fire-proof safe, counting-house style, one patent banker's safe with the undrillable Franklinite iron, and patent combination bank lock, one parlor safe.

Phelan & Collender, New-York—One American standard billiard table.

English & Merrick, New-Haven, Conn.—Furniture, embracing twenty-four folding or portable chairs.

Stephen Ustick, Philadelphia, Penn.—Improved water coolr.

Peter Glass, Barton, Wis.—One wood mosaic inlaid centre-table. Mosaic inlaid table top.

S. T. Bacon, Boston, Mass.—Haywood's revolving rocking office-chair, parlor rocking-chair.

John Shuster, Brooklyn, N. Y.—One California marble mantel, one Tennessee marble mantel, one American statuary marble mantel.

Chas. F. Pease, Boston, Mass.—One spring balance curtain fixture.

Anton Schwtiur, New-York—All kinds of glassware for household use.

Thomas Jones, New-York—Sash of ground and cut glass, colored lights.

H. P. Gengembre, Pittsburgh, Penn.—Assortment of pressed glassware.

Wm. Boch, Newtown, N. Y.—China and porcelain ware.

J. M. Ramsay, M. D., New-York—Air-tight jars, glass and stoneware, for preserving purposes.

Wm. H. Townsend, New-York—American oil-cloth.

Geo. W. Chipman & Co., New-York—Carpet lining.

Christy, Constant & Co., New-York—Paper-hangings.

Howell & Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.—Paper-hangings.

J. R. Bigelow, Boston, Mass.—Paper-hangings.

Booth Brothers, New-York—Samples of pocket cutlery in wood, bone, ivory and tortoise-shell handles.

Tiffany & Co., New-York—Silver work, in sterling silver, consisting of tea-sets, coffee-sets, pitchers, goblets and bowls.

Hiram Tucker & Co., Boston, Mass.—Chandeliers, pendants, hall-lamps, brackets, lamps and lamp-stands, work-cases, statuettes and ornaments of cast iron, bronzed by a new process under letters patent.

Stanislaus Fournier, New-Orleans, La.—A regulating clock embodying a new system of striking work; one do., of smaller dimensions, two electric striking works, one tell-tale clock, and one pair of tell-tales, (contro-lenses.)

Edward Stevens, Secretary, New-Haven, Conn.—Clocks manufactured by the New-Haven Clock Company.

Julius Ives & Co., New-York—A new and improved article of lamps for kerosene or refined petroleum, made in hanging brackets and table lamps.

Thos. B. Markland, Jr., Philadelphia, Penn.—Patent coal-scuttle.

Andrew O'Neill, Portsmouth, Ohio—[illegible] stove-boiler.

John U. Mueller, Detroit, Mich.—Radiating stove handles.

Oliver W. Rogers, Boston, Mass.—Wilson's electric gas lighter.

Pratt & Wentworth, Boston, Mass.—Peerless cooking-stoves and utensils, large and small parlor stoves and parlor grates.

David G. Hanson, Cambridge, Mass.—Gas furnace.

F. S. Pease, Buffalo, N. Y.—Pease's air light.

R. & G. A. Wright, Philadelphia, Penn.—Transparent and toilette soaps and perfumery.

Mrs. R. W. Smith, West Medford, Mass.—Wax work, fruits, flowers and vegetables.

Annie de Emma Bloodgood, New-York—Wax flowers and leaves.

Kaldenberg & Son, New-York—Genu'ne meerschaum pipes.

Caroline Hauxhurst, Rahway, N. J.—A cross entwined with skeleton leaves (or phantoms) obtained from plants and trees of this country.

Jules Lachaume, New-York—Rustic work, comprising baskets, stands and brackets.

Commission on Life-saving Apparatus.

Yesterday the Commission appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury to report on the respective merits of life-saving apparatus, to be submitted for their inspection, met at the rooms of the Board of Underwriters, and there organized.

The Committee is composed as follows:

Joseph Cragg, local inspector of steamboats, District of Baltimore, Md.

Asopie L. Bemis, supervising inspector, Ninth District, Buffalo, N. Y.

Alfred Guthrie, supervising inspector, Eighth District Chicago, Ill.

J. N. Guthrie, supervising inspector, Sixth District, Louisville, Ky.

Wm. Rogers, supervising inspector, Tenth District, New-Orleans, La.

Capt. Wm. Bradford, supervising inspector, Second District, New-York City.

John M. Weeks, local inspector, District of New-York.

Col. Chas. L. Stephenson, supervising inspector, Fifth District, Galena, Ill.

Capt. W. M. Mew, general superintendent of steam inspection.

Mr. A. S. Bemis was named Chairman, and Mr. M. A. Clancy Secretary.

The following resolutions were offered by Capt. Mew:

Resolved, That inventions shall be examined in the following order:

The First Division shall embrace boilers of steam-engines, safety-valves, steam-gauges, water-gauges, anti-incrustators, steam-pumps, steam syphons, hose, hose couplings and fusible alloys.

The Second Division will embrace life-boats, life-rafts, detaching gear, lowering apparatus and life-preservers.

The Third Division shall embrace steering apparatus, deck windlasses and capstans.

The Fourth Division shall embrace flag signals, signal lights, devices for reefing topsails, and nautical instruments of all kinds.

The Fifth Division shall embrace all other inventions of a life-saving character not included in the above.

It was further

Resolved, That inventors be requested to appear at No. 23 Pine-street, to register their names and inventions at as early a day as practicable, to the end that the labors of this Commission be facilitated.

Other resolutions referring to preliminary matters were passed, after which the Commission adjourned to 10 o'clock this morning.

On the list of inventions to be examined there are already over a hundred names, and many of the models are on exhibition at the office of the Inspectors of Steamboats, No. 23 Pine-street.

Alleged Extensive Embezzlements by the Agent and Clerk of a Coal Company—$27,000 Involved.

Yesterday morning Messrs. Isaac C. Kendall, of No. 45 East Nineteenth-street; James Hoy, of the Moffat Mansion, Union-square; Charles L. Anthony, of the Everett House, and Henry Conrad, of No 452 West Twenty-third-street, all stockholders in the Central Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company, went before Justice Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and subscribed to an affidavit, in which they charge Christian E. Detmold and Charles O. McCord with stealing $27,068 75 from the Company. It appears that the corporation just named has its mines in the State of Maryland, and its New-York office at No. 48 Trinity Building, Broadway, at which latter place the accused were employed—Detmold as agent, and McCord as clerk for the concern. The money is alleged to have been embezzled by these parties by means of overcharges on insurances, &c., and false returns of the amounts of coal received by them at various times. The operations extended over a period of about three months, commencing with Jan. 10, 1866, and running to April 14, 1866, after which they appear to have ceased. So neatly were these embezzlements covered, it is said, by false entries, balances and returns, that they were never brought to light until about ten days since, when an investigation followed an accidental discovery, and the foregoing facts were developed. A warrant was accordingly issued by the Magistrate and placed in the hands of one of the Court officers for execution. The parties were arrested at a late hour in the afternoon and taken to Court. In answer to the questions propounded in the usual preliminary examination, Detmold said: "I am 57 years of age; a native of Germany; reside at No. 27 West Tenth-street; am a merchant, and am not guilty." McCord said: "I am 38 years of age; a native of New-Jersey; reside at No. 243 Adams-street, Brooklyn; am an accountant, and am not guilty." Bail was required of the accused in the sum of $30,000 each to answer. Mr. Elliott C. Cowdain, of No. 14 West Thirty-first-street, became their surety, whereupon they were released from custody.

Board of Aldermen.

This Board met at 4 P. M. yesterday, Mr. Shannon in the chair.

A communication was received from the Comptroller, stating that the ordinance making donations to the blind is so vague in its provisions that it cannot be carried out.

A communication was received from the Board of Health, inclosing one from the Croton Aqueduct Department to the effect that the condition of the pavement between the tracks of the Belt Railroad, on Fifty-ninth and other streets, can only be remedied by an ordinance of the Common Council, there being no provision in the Company's charter requiring them to keep the pavement in repair.

It was referred to the Committee on Law.

Reports were read from the Committee on Streets, in favor of paving Nassau, Mercer, Ninth, Eleventh, Pearl, Dey and Broad streets with Nicholson pavement.

Mr. Reilly said he objected to such a pavement being laid down in Ninth-street, and nearly every property-owner in the street objected to it. A great deal of building would soon be going on there, and the laying of any pavement just now would be objectionable.

Mr. Norton said several of our wealthiest citizens had petitioned to have this pavement laid in Wall, Broad, Eleventh and other streets.

The report in regard to Ninth-street was then laid over and the others were adopted.

The Board adjourned to 4 P. M. on Monday next.

CITY POLITICS.

Radical Republican Election.

The Radical Republicans in the Thirteenth Assembly District, upon a second trial last evening, succeeded in an election for delegates to Syracuse and the Senatorial Convention with this result:

For Delegates to Syracuse Convention—Charles S. Spencer, Alexander McLeod, Isaac Dayton. *Alternates*—Hooper C. Van Voorst, George McKay, James Armstrong.

For Senatorial Convention—George M. Mitchell, Wm. V. Alexander, Wm. H. Bull, Benj. B. Dumville, George W. Tyler, John Adams, Jacob Appell, James Anderson, Richard Lappin, William Orton.

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

Base Ball.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE CO.'S TWO NINES.

Two nines, selected from among the numbers in Rooms Nos. 1 and 2 of the American Bank Note Company, played their first game yesterday afternoon, at the Red House grounds. The contest was spirited, and resulted in the following score:

ROOM NO. 1.	Outs.	Runs.	ROOM NO. 2.	Outs.	Runs.
Lenard, c.	0	5	Ballon, c.	3	1
Sinclair, p.	2	3	Fitzsimmons, p.	3	1
Butler, 1st b.	2	3	Smith, 1st b.	3	0
Walsh, 2d b.	1	3	Wiesner, 2d b.	3	0
Gallagher, 3d b.	3	0	Love, 3d b.	1	1
Hunt, s. s.	3	1	Gombers, s. s.	3	0
Savage, l. f.	2	3	Ripley, r. f.	2	1
Moffatt, c. f.	1	3	Hoagland, l. f.	1	2
Greenvault, r. f.	3	2	Armit, c. f.	2	2
Total	18	22	Total	18	10

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	
Room No. 1	10	5	1	0	2	4	—22
Room No. 2	5	3	1	0	0	1	—10

Umpire—J. Smith, of the Alert Base Ball Club.
Scorer—T. J. Dermody.

POLICE COURTS.

THE TOMBS—HOGAN, JUSTICE.

EXCISE CASES.

Wm. Driscoll, No. 132 Elizabeth-street; Geo. H. Nute, No. 34 Park-street; Henry Stubbs, No. 38 Ann-street, and Wm. Wilkening, No. 19 Rector-street, were arraigned before the Court yesterday, on charges of violating the Excise Law. They were held to bail for trial in the sum of $100 each.

SNEAK THIEVES.

Wm. Murphy and John Geraghty, 19 and 20 years of age, were arrested yesterday by Officer Clinchy, of the Sixth Precinct, on a charge of stealing a quantity of wearing apparel, valued at $100, from the dwelling of Edward Carden, No. 58 Mulberry-street. The theft was committed on the 6th inst., and the prisoners were seen in the house. After their arrest, Geraghty confessed to the theft, and gave such information as led to the recovery of the property. Both of the accused were held for trial in default of $1,000 bail each.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

Philip Corwin, 57 years of age, and residing in Harrison-street, was arraigned before the magistrate yesterday, on a charge of felonious assault, preferred by Robert Chinery, of Seventy-second-street and Avenue A. It appears that the prisoner and complainant quarrelled [illegible], when Corwin drew a knife and stabbed his opponent in the abdomen, inflicting a serious wound. Chinery was unable until yesterday to appear in Court and make the necessary affidavit. The accused was committed for trial at the Court of General Sessions in default of bail.

ALLEGED PICKPOCKETS.

Detective Woolsey, of the Broadway Squad, while patroling Broadway yesterday afternoon, saw Mary Ann Taylor and Ellen Lee, both well-known pickpockets, whose portraits adorn the Police albums, attempt to pick a lady's pocket in Broadway, near Twelfth-street. He arrested both parties, and requested their intended victim to proceed to the Court and prefer the necessary charge. This the lady declined to do, as it would be "too much bother," so the officer was compelled to make a charge against the accused himself. Mr. W. F. Howe, counsel for the prisoners, claimed that his clients could not have attempted to pick the pockets, as stated, as they had no covering for their hands, and had just parted from Detective Dusenbury. Counsel also stated that professional pickpockets and thieves were now-a-days subjected to a system of blackmailing on the part of the car detectives, and recited a case in point, where the car detectives of an up-town Ward cornered a thief on a car, and threatened to arrest him if they were not paid hush-money. The thief told the officers that he had no money, but would get some. He then applied to "Reddy the Blacksmith" for the money, but that individual advised the applicant "not to sling any soap to those fly-cops, but tell Superintendent Kennedy." This was done, and that official gave him some marked counterfeit money, which was duly delivered to the detectives, (known familiarly as "Jack and Gill,") and they were arrested by Inspector Walling. The whole matter had been kept secret at Police Headquarters, the delinquent detectives having tendered their resignations. He stated these facts boldly in open Court, so that the representatives of the Press might know the truth; and he was only sorry he could not give the names of the officers. Detective Woolsey denied that he had attempted to extort money, and insisted that the prisoners had attempted to pick the lady's pocket. The prisoners were remanded for examination by the magistrate.

JEFFERSON MARKET—DODGE, JUSTICE.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

Bridget Barrett and Ellen McDermott dwell in the same tenement-house, No. 426 First-avenue. Yesterday morning some difference occurred between them relative to a house privilege, when Ellen seized a saucer from the table and hurled it at her opponent's head, inflicting a severe and dangerous wound a little below the right temple. The injured woman was conveyed to Bellevue Hospital. The accused was arrested and taken before Justice Dodge, who held her to await the result of her assault upon her neighbor.

EXCISE VIOLATIONS.

Three persons were arraigned before the magistrate upon the charge of violating the Excise Law. Their names are John Collahan, No. 422 Second-avenue; John Reimer, No. 472 Ninth-avenue; Chas. Wilken, No. 263 Avenue A. They were held for trial.

MINOR OFFENCES.

Ellen Shields was accused of stealing $7 in money from Alice Rooney, No. 30 West Seventeenth-street.... Ann Murphy was arraigned for stealing a piece of muslin worth $5 from Ralph Gans, No. 52 Greenwich-street. Both parties were committed for trial.

ESSEX MARKET—MANSFIELD, JUSTICE.

EXCISE CASES.

Elizabeth Mott, No. 176 Orchard-street; Francis McArdle, No. 222 Monroe-street; Stephen Riley, No. 293 East Eleventh-street; Charles Miller, No. 232 Ninth-street; Lewis Latton, No. 78 Canal-street; Jacob Messom, No. 15 Stanton-street; Wm. Reming, No. 346 Stanton-street; John Gehbrwein, No. 95 Sixth-street, and Wm. Brein, No. 140 Avenue C, were yesterday arraigned for alleged violation of the Excise Law, in keeping open after midnight on Saturday. They were each required to find bail in the sum of $300 to answer.

ABUSING HOSPITALITY.

Mrs. Fromm, of No. 619 Fifth-street, complained of a young Miss named Agnes Schwab, whom she charges with stealing a quantity of jewelry worth $43 from her on the 6th inst. It is alleged that the girl committed the theft while paying a visit to the complainant at her house. She admitted her guilt before the magistrate, who committed her for trial in default of the required bail.

A SEAMSTRESS ACCUSED OF LARCENY.

A widow lady, named Mrs. Cole, was arrested upon the charge of stealing a brass kettle and two steel shuttles worth $12 50. The complainant, Mr. Edward B. Edwards, hardware merchant at No. 240 Grand-street, alleges that the accused came to his store yesterday morning with some shirts she had just made for him. Some difficulty arose between them with reference to the price, when the woman seized the articles just mentioned, and endeavored to leave the premises with them, when she was seized by the complainant, and detained until arrested by Officer Herring, of the Tenth Precinct. The prisoner was held for trial at Special Sessions.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

On Sunday night, at about 11 o'clock, as Mr. Geo. Townsend, who resides at No. 109 Worth-street, was proceeding homeward through Seventh-street, he was accosted by two men named Joseph Simpson and James Dolan, who seized hold of him, and dragged him into a stable, where they divested him of nearly all his clothing, his hat, gold spectacles and pocket-book containing $15—after which they beat him severely and then ran away. The accused were subsequently arrested, and fully identified by the complainant as the parties who robbed him. A portion of the stolen property was also found in their possession. The Judge committed them both for trial in default of required bail.

YORKVILLE COURT—LEDWITH, JUSTICE.

VIOLATING THE EXCISE LAW.

The following-named persons, liquor dealers, were arraigned for alleged violation of the Excise Law: Albert Knuble, No. 500 West Forty-fourth-street; Daniel Sheehan, First-avenue, between Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth streets; Michael Gross, No. 680 Second-avenue; Frederick Kruse, No. 281 West Forty-seventh-street; Henry Bernard, No. 770 Eighth-avenue. The parties were held for trial in default of bail.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

The Grand Jury yesterday found indictments against six of the persons who were engaged in the riot of the 18th of March during the progress of the St. Patrick's procession. Three indictments were found against Bernard Clark for felonious assault with intent to kill; one against James Ryan on the same charge, and one against John Wall on the same charge. Two indictments were found against Bernard Clark, James Ryan, John Wall, Thomas Newman, John Gorman and Thos. McLaughlin, jointly, for riot. Maurice Lonergan, who was indicted for murder in the first degree, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. Lonergan is charged with the murder of his wife. He is a powerfully built man, is known as a First Ward politician, and was before the Court some seven or eight years ago for an assault upon Capt. Stone on board one of the North River steamboats.

PRISONERS SENTENCED.

Wm. Taylor pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. Taylor is an old thief, a fact of which the Recorder reminded him. On the 1st of April he attempted to carry away a trunk of clothing of the value of $265 from the steamboat *Isaac P. Smith*, being the property of John W. B. Wood. He was sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

James O'Connor, indicted for grand larceny, was tried and convicted. It was proven beyond a doubt that he stole from Hiram Berdan, who was temporarily residing at the Clarendon Hotel, on the 7th of March, a bag of clothing valued at $60, and negotiable stock of the value of $38,000, all which was found in the possession of the prisoner. He was sentenced to the State Prison for five years.

William Brand was put on trial on the charge of having, on the 4th of January, struck John L. Ross, of No. 307 Eighth-street, Jersey City, on the head with an iron bar. He was convicted of felonious assault with a dangerous weapon, and sentenced to the State Prison for five years.

John Smith pleaded guilty of an attempt to commit grand larceny. On the 30th of March he stole from Edward McLaughlin, No. 40 Murray-street, 87 whips of the value of $39 87. He was caught in the act of taking the property. He was sentenced to State Prison for two years and six months.

REMANDED FOR SENTENCE.

Louis Reynalt pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary in the third degree. On the 10th of March the prisoner, with others, broke into the store of Duncan McDougall, No. 342 Broadway, through the front door, and stole 33 Cashmere shawls of the value of $1,600. Remanded for sentence.

Wm. Armstrong, indicted for burglary in the third degree, was tried and convicted of an attempt. It was proven that he and others were caught by Thomas Redding in the building No. 15 East Twenty-first-street, on the night of the 16th of March; that they had attempted to enter the store of Mrs. E. A. Honeywell, milliner, on the second floor; that a powerful "jimmy" was found on the person of Armstrong when he was caught, and that he offered to "make it all right" with Mr. Redding and the officer who made the arrest, if they would say nothing about the matter.

TRIED AND ACQUITTED.

Washington Harrington, William H. Poynton and Edward Myers were tried on a charge of grand larceny. They were charged with entering the store of William D. Youcum, No. 15 Mercer-street, on the 16th of March, under the pretext of desiring to purchase goods, and at the same time taking away with them furs of the value of $200. Detectives Kelso, Radford and Elder were in Court in connection with the case, but Mr. Elder, the only detective called, appeared to know so little about the matter, of his own knowledge, that the jury acquitted the prisoner.

The following is the

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY:

Henry D. Bell—two cases—grand larceny.
Thos. Kerrigan and Wm. Sevens—burglary in the third degree.
Wm. Syphers—burglary.
Arthur Neill—false pretences.
Carlos Frederico—felonious assault and battery.
Henry Moore and Emma Muller—receiving stolen goods.
Chas. J. Johnson—three cases—forgery in the third degree.
Henry Smith—grand larceny.
John Kopher—grand larceny.
Michael Woods—grand larceny.
Edward Wilks—grand larceny.
Richd. Hays—grand larceny.
Eliza York and Ellen Cromby—grand larceny.
Simon Dudrow and Geo. Porter—grand larceny.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

An Interesting Historical Relic.—A very interesting relic was lately found on Long Island, while tearing down an old residence near Newtown, evidently built in Dutch Colonial times. It is a sort of medal commemorative of the reign of the Anabaptists and of their "King," John of Leyden, at Muenster, from 1534–5. It is about one and six-eighths of an inch in diameter, of silver, but not solid. The two surfaces seem to be only thin sheets of silver, on which the inscription and the ornaments appear raised. The obverse represents a man attired as a person of high station, with a sceptre denoting power, a scroll denoting wisdom in his hand, and a medallion hung on a huge chain around the neck, denoting authority. Underneath are the words "Warhaftich contier," (the latter an abbreviation of "conterfey,") meaning a "true representation." Around the circle stands the following: "Johann Van Leiden, ein Koeninck der Wederdoeper to Monster." (John of Leyden, a King of the Anabaptists at Muenster.) The reverse side has a coat of arms, probably that intended for the new Kingdom of the Anabaptists, which, under John Boccold, just then reigned supreme over Muenster and its immediate neighborhood, consisting in the centre of a ball, with a band around it, supporting a cross, on which rests a crown; behind the ball are placed two swords crosswise, the hilts and the points protruding, the whole surrounded by the sentence, "Gottes macht ist myn cracht. Anno MDXXXV." (God's power is my strength. In the year 1535.) In appearance, and judging from the place where this medal was found, it has the impress of genuineness, and is probably one of the most curious relics of a past age within the reach of collectors.

New-York Typographical Society.—The one hundred and sixteenth semi-annual meeting of this Society was held at their rooms, No. 3 Chambers-street, on Saturday evening, when the following officers were chosen for the term: President, Archibald Miller; Vice-President, Alexander K. Smalley; Treasurer, John G. Clayton; Secretary, Thomas C. Faulkner; Librarian, John Craw; Directors, W. C. Gibson, Jas. T. Marsden, J. B. Crawford, William Gahrauer, Chas. McDevitt, Wm. Colwell, H. Beasy, George Frecker, H. S. Hull, Charles S. Taylor, George Shea; Trustees, R. H. Johnston, Edward M. Skidmore, Wm. McCrea, George Parsons. The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer presented a very favorable condition of the Society, which is rapidly increasing in numbers, and now embraces in its list of members representatives from every department of the trade and from every printing office in the City. The objects of this Society are the relief of sick and superannuated members, the cultivation of feelings of mutual friendship and respect between employers and journeymen, and general intellectual improvement. The Society is collecting a gallery of portraits of the printers of the past and present era, and to this end solicit the "counterfeit presentment" of each prominent member of the craft.

Sale of Corporation Property.—The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will sell at public auction at No. 111 Broadway, on the 22d inst., sixty-six lots of real estate belonging to the Corporation. The catalogue comprises houses and lots in all parts of the City; also a number of vacant lots. This property has been let for a number of years past at merely nominal rentals, although in the aggregate it is worth many thousands of dollars. An Ex-Alderman has had possession of a school-house, in Goerck-street, for a long period, at a rent of $200 per annum. The vacant engine-house in Ann-street is also let at $200 per annum. Coroner Wildey gets the house and lot No. 160 Wooster-street for $550 per annum, while a building firm made a brickyard of the plot of land at the foot of Canal-street, without paying a dollar to the City, and only vacated when attention was called to the fact in the newspapers.

Two Infanticide Cases.—An inquest was held yesterday, by Coroner Schirmer, over the body of a female child, which was discovered in South-street, near Pier No. 35 East River, by some boys at play. Dr. Leo, Deputy Coroner, made a *post-mortem* examination, which resulted in ascertaining that deceased had been born alive, and he expressed the opinion that death had been caused by neglect and exposure. The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with this opinion.... The same Coroner held a second inquest over the remains of another female infant, which were found lying on a pile of stones at the foot of East Twenty-sixth-street. Dr. Leo pronounced the child to have been born alive, and the jury rendered the usual verdict of infanticide. In neither of these cases could the Coroner obtain any reliable information of the parentage of the murdered innocents, but the Police will endeavor to ferret out the perpetrators.

Democratic Delegations to State and Senatorial Conventions.—A Democratic Convention of the delegates from the different towns of the First Assembly District of Westchester County was held at Morrisania Hall yesterday afternoon, to select delegates to the State and Senatorial Conventions. For delegates to the State Convention, Edward De Witt, of Yonkers, and Samuel M. Purdy, of West Farms. For alternates, William Cauldwell, of Morrisania, and Hugh Lunny, of Westchester. For delegates to the Senatorial Convention, William Cauldwell and Richard H. Teller, of Morrisania; James C. Bell, of Yonkers; William H. Bowne, of Westchester, and Lewis G. Morris, of West Farms. Alternates, Michael J. Bergen and James J. Mooney, of Morrisania; Isaac H. Knox, of Yonkers; Hugh Lunny, of Westchester, and Morris Wilkins, of West Farms.

Mutual Benefit Building Society.—A meeting of this Society was held at No. 68 East Broadway last night. After the transaction of some routine business, the Secretary, Mr. Allingham, expressed the objects of the Society and handed round copies of the rules and regulations, which would take a person about a week to read, and a great deal longer to understand. The objects of the Society, however, appear to be to first acquire a fund of about $4,000, and then the members to determine by lot which shall have the first chance of purchasing property, the same to be paid for by the Society and to be mortgaged to them—the process to be repeated from time to time, as the funds of the Society admit of it. After the admission of new members, the Society adjourned.

Alleged Swindle.—A Mrs. Alger, residing out West, writes to the Mayor that some time ago, in answer to an advertisement, she remitted to a firm in Nassau-street $30 for a sewing-machine. The firm acknowledged the receipt of the money, and stated that as soon as they could get their accounts straightened out the machine would be sent. Apparently they never have been able to straighten out their accounts, as Mrs. Alger has not received the machine. She expresses the opinion that she has been swindled. The Mayor sent Officer Kenney to investigate. He found the office of the firm entirely destitute of furniture, and no one but a small boy in possession. The law unfortunately cannot reach cases of this description.

Progress of the New Church of the Messiah.—The handsome chapel at the rear of the new Church of the Messiah, corner of Thirty-fourth-street and Park-avenue, is being hurried to completion in order to afford accommodation to the congregation until the entire church edifice is completed. This congregation is at present worshipping in Madison-avenue, corner of Twenty-eighth-street, and this temporary house has been lately purchased by the Church of the Atonement for $70,000. The Church of the Messiah will probably not be finished before the Winter, as it is to be a beautiful and somewhat ornate structure, in keeping with its fine position on Murray Hill.

The Pickpocket Raid.—Detective Brophy, of the Third Precinct, arrested John Jones and Ellen Murphy yesterday morning, whom he found plying their occupation on the Hoboken Ferry-boats. The prisoners had crossed and recrossed the ferry, and had mingled in the crowd on each occasion. When searched at the Chambers-street Station-house, they were found in possession of several small packages of money and other articles. In Ellen's pocket was found a handkerchief marked "Mary, No. 3." When arraigned before Inspector Dilks, the prisoners were locked up at Police Headquarters for examination. Persons having been robbed on the ferry-boats are requested to call on the Inspector.

The Strikes.—The Carpenters held a meeting yesterday at their room, No. 267 Bowery. They reported that over a hundred firms had agreed to pay the advance from $3 50 to $4.

The coal heavers on strike in Jersey City, employes of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, have in greater part gone back to work at the old wages.

The stone masons demand $4 50 per day, but there does not seem any prospect of their obtaining these rates.

The tool sharpeners have also made a demand for increased wages.

Fatal City Car Accident.—On Sunday afternoon Ellen Naughtey, aged 2½ years, was accidentally run over by car No. 61 of the Ninth-avenue line, as she was sitting on the track at the intersection of Washington and Bethune streets. After lingering in great agony for several hours, the little sufferer was relieved by death. Coroner Wildey held an inquest yesterday, when a verdict of accidental death was rendered. The driver, Thomas Kirwan, who had been arrested by Officer Smith, of the Ninth Precinct, was discharged from custody.

Incendiary Fire.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire occurred in the dwelling of Mrs. Mary Trust, No. 24 East Fourth-street, but the flames were soon extinguished with trifling damage. Soon after, a box containing some pieces of wood and rags, saturated with kerosene oil, was discovered on the second floor, and on fire, which was also extinguished. As the flames were evidently of incendiary origin, Capt. Caffrey, of the Fifteenth Ward Police, is investigating the case. The building is owned by John Howland. Loss slight.

Fatal Fall.—Coroner Schirmer held an inquest yesterday at Bellevue Hospital, over the body of John Fitzgerald, who died on Sunday from the effects of injuries received on the 2d instant, by falling down a flight of stairs at No. 29 Old-slip, while laboring under an attack of delerium tremens. A verdict of accidental death was rendered. Deceased was a native of Ireland, fifty years of age, and resided at No. 22 Cherry-street.

Fire in Dey-street.—At 8 o'clock last evening a fire occurred at No. 61 Dey-street, the flames being discovered under the first flight of stairs. The premises are occupied by Messrs. Rockett & Goldsmith, who sustain a loss of $[illegible] by fire and water, fully insured.

Attempt at Suicide.—At a late hour on Sunday night, Margaret Button, stewardess on board the packet-ship *Daniel Webster*, now lying at Pier No. 12 East River, endeavored to commit suicide by swallowing a large dose of oxalic acid. She was removed to the New-street Station-house, and attended by Police-Surgeon Andrew, who administered the customary antidotes with success, and the patient was afterward removed to Bellevue Hospital.

Mozart Hall.—The Mozart delegation to the State Convention met at Mozart Hall on Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, and selected Mr. George [illegible] as Chairman and Robert D. Livingston Secretary. After transacting ordinary business the delegation adjourned to meet at the Delavan House on Wednesday, the 10th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Spring Book Trade Sale.—Yesterday was the sixth day of the book trade sale. The attendance was not large, being the closing day of the sale and but few invoices to offer. Following the last invoice of books, one of picture frames, 50,000 in number was sold at prices from 25 cents to $2 50 each.

Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, Monday, April 8.

Cotton dull, nominal and unsettled at 25c.@26c. for Middling. Flour buoyant and excited, with an advance of 50c.@75c.; little was offering, and it was difficult to quote; Superfine was held at $11@$11 50; good Trade Brands, $12 75@$13 50; Fancy, $16@$17 50; in some cases the best grades of the latter were held at $18. Rye Flour, $9. Wheat advanced 10c.@15c.; no Spring in the market; No. 3 Winter sold at $2 90; No. 2, $3 05@$3 10; No. 1 was held at $3 25. Corn firmer; No. 1 mixed, 90c., in bulk, and $1 sacked. Oats advancing; sales at 73c.@75c. Rye firm at 75c. Barley steady but unchanged. Whisky dull at $2 26. Provisions quiet and unchanged; Mess Pork was held at $22 75@$23; Bulk Meats, 8c.@10c.@11c.; Bacon, 9¼c.@11¼c.@12¾c. for Shoulders, Sides and Clear Sides. Lard, 12c.@13c. There has not been demand enough for any article to establish quotations, those given being the rates asked. There is a firmer feeling on the part of holders owing to the advance in gold. Butter is scarce and firm at 30c.@35c. Cheese, 17c.@17½c. for common, and 18c.@19c. for factory. Clover Seed, $12. Flaxseed, $2 50@$2 60. Coffee, 25c.@26c. Green Apples firm at $7 ℔ bbl. Linseed Oil, $1 40@$1 42, with a light supply. Gold higher—134¼ buying and 135¼ selling. Exchange is firm at par buying and ¼ ℔ cent. premium selling. Money is close, and no ease looked for until the close of the week.

OSWEGO, Monday, April 8.

Flour is active, and has advanced 25c.@50c. ℔ bbl.; the sales are 2,000 bbls., at $13 50 for No. 1 Spring, $14 50 for Red Winter, $15 50 for White, and $16 50 for Double Extra. Rye Flour dull but unchanged at $7. Wheat scarce and nominally higher, under the continued material advance in the New-York market. Canada Spring was held this morning at $3, but buyers are holding off, and we have no sales. Corn quiet but unchanged at $1 12 for No. 1. Oats quiet at 65c. for choice Western. Barley, Rye and Peas nominal. Corn Meal, $2 60@$2 75 ℔ 100 lbs., and $1 30@$1 40 ℔ 50-lb. sack. Mill Feed active, but the demand is scarce, with an upward tendency in price. Shorts, $27@$28; Shipstuffs $33@$34; Middlings $36@$37 ℔ ton. Railroad Freights—On Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 60c.; to Albany and Schenectady, 50c.

CHICAGO, Monday, April 8.

Flour very firm; holders ask 15c.@25c. advance; Spring Extras $11@$13 50. Wheat firm and advanced 2½c.; sales of No. 1 at $3, No. 2 at $2 43½. Corn fairly active and advanced ½c.@¾c.; No. 1 sold at $1 02½, No. 2 at 96c., closing at $1 03½ for No. 1. Oats steady and firm at 55½c. for No. 1. Rye firm; $1 50 for Winter, and $1 51@$1 52 for fresh receipts of No. 1. Barley firm and advancing; sales at $1 19@$1 25 for No. 2 in store, according to location. Provisions dull, but firmer; Mess Pork $22 25@$22 37½. Lard dull at 12½c.@12¾c. Live Hogs dull; sales at $7@$7 62½ for good to extra smooth. Receipts—4,500 bbls. Flour, 9,000 bushels Wheat, 15,000 bushels Corn, 1,700 bushels Oats, 600 Hogs. Shipments—3,000 bbls. Flour, 14,000 bushels Wheat, 6,500 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats.

BUFFALO, Monday, April 8.

Flour quiet but very firm; sales of 200 bbls. No. 1 Spring at $12 50; 150 bbls. White Michigan and Indiana at $15@$15 75; 60 bbls. Western Spring at $13 50. Wheat is very scarce and firm, with an upward tendency; sales of one car of White Canada at $4 20; two cars of choice Canada at $13 30; one car of Canada Spring at $2 65. Rye active; sales of 9,000 bushels Western at $1 45. Corn active and firm; sales of sixteen cars new Toledo, on the State line track, at $1 05@$1 07, part to arrive; 20,000 bushels old Mixed Western at $1 10, in store. Barley scarce and tending upward, nominally $1 20 for Canada. Oats quiet, and held at 60c.@63c. for No. 2 Western and Ohio. Seeds unchanged. New Mess Pork dull and about 25c. lower. Lard unchanged. Highwines dull.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, April 8.

Tobacco steady and prices maintained. Cotton dull and nominal; 24½c. for Middling. Flour quiet; Superfine, $9 50@$10; for Spring and Fall Extras, $11 50@$12 50; Double Extras, $13@$16 50. Wheat advancing; $3 for choice Spring; $3 35 for prime Fall; $3 50 for choice. Corn firm; sales at $1 03@$1 07. Oats 77c.@81c. Barley firm; sales at $1 15@$1 35. Rye advancing; sales at $1 50 without sacks, and $1 62½ with sacks. Provisions dull. Mess Pork $22 25. Bacon—Clearsides $12c.@12¾c. Lard, 12¾c. for prime. Whisky easier; $2 13@$2 14 free, and $2 25 in bond.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 8.

Cotton dull. Flour firm, with a large home demand; Northwestern Extra $14 75; Extra State $14 50. Wheat scarce; sales 2,000 bushels at $3 25 for Pennsylvania Red, and $3 30 for California Red. Rye advancing; sales at $1 58. Corn—An advancing tendency; sales 4,500 bushels Yellow at $1 17; Mixed Western $1 17. Oats firm; sales 3,000 bushels State at 75c. Sugar firm at 10½c. Cloverseed in fair demand at $12. Whisky—Sales of Contraband at $1 35.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, April 8.

Tobacco active and advanced on Lugs; sales of 101 hogsheads; low grades at $3; Selections $18 50. Flour—Superfine firmer at $10; Fancy brands $15. Wheat nominal. Corn advancing; on the ear, in bulk, 75c.; shelled, 85c.@88c. Oats advancing; sales at 75c. in bulk. Mess Pork dull at $22 50. Bulk Shoulders 8½c. Bacon—Shoulders 9½c.; Clear Sides 13½c. Packed Lard in tierces 12½c. for prime. Raw Whisky $2 28, free.

MILWAUKEE, Monday, April 8.

Flour firm; Extra $12 75@$13. Wheat steady; per bushel, $2 80 for No. 1, $2 49 for No. 2. Oats firm; 63½c. for No. 1 old, and 60c. for No. 2 old. Corn firm but scarce; sales at $1 10 for No. 1 old. Provisions weak. Mess Pork $22 50. Receipts—4,000 bushels Wheat; 200 barrels Flour. Shipments—1,500 barrels Flour; 4,200 bushels Wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 8.

Beeves are in good demand; sales 1,200 head at 12c.@18½c. ℔ lb. Cows unchanged; sales of 175 head at $45@$65. Sheep in fair demand at an advance; sales of 800 head at 8c.@9½c. ℔ lb. Hogs lower; sales 2,500 head at $11@$12 ℔ 100 lbs.

TOLEDO, Monday, April 8.

Flour quiet but firm. Wheat firm; White advanced 3c. and Amber 2c.; sales of White at $3 15, and Amber at $3 02. Corn active and advanced 1½c.; sales at 96½c. for new No. 1. Oats quiet and unchanged.

MEMPHIS, Monday, April 8.

Cotton nominal; 27c. for Middling, but holders refuse to accept this price. Corn firm at $1 15@$1 20. Oats firm at 80c. Flour steady; Superfine $9 50. Mess Pork $22 50@$23. Bacon—Clear Sides 13½c.@14c.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Monday, April 8.

Cotton dull and declining, with little offering and buyers withdrawing; sales 54 bales, at irregular prices; receipts 115 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., Monday, April 8.

Cotton quiet; sales 500 bales; Middling 26c.; receipts 464 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Monday, April 8.

Middlings opened at 27c., but fell toward the close to 26½c.; sales 110 bales; receipts 850 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Monday, April 8.

Cotton unchanged. Spirits Turpentine 70c. Resin $3@$8.

[Advertisement.]

Housekeepers, buy where you can get the best goods for the least money. Kent's Mills Spices, to wit, pepper, allspice, cinnamon, cloves, ginger and mustard, all warranted pure, put up in convenient form for family use, and sold at reasonable prices. Ask your grocer for the above goods and take no other. Trade supplied at Kent's Mills, No. 154 Reade-street, near Greenwich.

[Advertisement.]

Opening day was made brilliant by the Heads of Fashion, the most prominent being KNOX, the Hatter, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., and No. 533 Broadway, under the Prescott House. Every variety of masculine head-ornamentation, including his uniquely elegant Dress Hat for Spring, is offered at remarkably low prices by the enterprising KNOX.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 5 31 | Sun sets..... 6 33 | Moon sets.... 11 54
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..11 11 | Gov. Island..12 00 | Hell Gate.... 1 29

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, April 8.

Cleared.

Steamship City of Manchester, (Br.,) Jones, Liverpool, J. G. Dale.

Ship Galena, Dunton, Charleston, N. Nelson, Jr.

Barks Orchilla, Havener, Cardenas, Walsh & Carver; Palermo, (Old.,) Morrish, Marseilles, J. Henry; Trovatore, Blanchard, Cardenas, Walsh & Carver; Teutonia, (Bel.,) Laure, Malta, Slocovich & Smith; Nicolaus, (Nor.,) Nielsen, Cork for orders, Heimann & Co.

Brigs Orinoco, Richborn, Matanzas, Walsh & Carver; Sea, (Br.,) Brown, Ponce, P. R., Miller & Houghton; Wangerland, (Old.,) Caesina, Rio Janeiro, Siemsen & Edye.

Schooners Stephen Waterman, Chase, New-Bedford, Ferguson & Wood; Anglo-American, (Br.,) Nickerson, Harbor Island, I. D. Glover; Sirocco, Henderson, Havana, Jos. Hasse; Ida Della, Rowe, Galveston, G. G. Young & Co.; Gentile, Henderson, Belfast, J. V. Haviland; Margaret Ann, (Br.,) Stinson, St. John's, N. F., S. P. Small & Co.

Sloop Dunwoodie, Blizzard, Wilmington, Del.

Arrived.

Steamship Hansa, (Brem.,) Von Otterendorp, Bremen March 24, via Southampton 27th, with mdse. and 469 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Experienced heavy westerly winds the entire passage. April 8, 1:30 P. M., lat. 41 03, lon. 69 18, saw Bremen steamship New-York, hence for Bremen.

Steamship Matanzas, Ryder, New-Orleans March 31, and the bar April 1, with mdse. and passengers to C. A. Davison. April 2, 10 miles S. E. of the bar at New-Orleans, [illegible]

[illegible] Key West 3d inst., with cotton, &c., to Williams & Guion.

[illegible]

Ship Black Hawk, Crowell, Liverpool 51 ds., with mdse. to Williams & Guion. Has had strong westerly gales. On the Banks saw large quantities of ice.

Bark Ilva, (Ital.,) [illegible], Marseilles, Feb. 18, and the bar 28th, with [illegible] to [illegible] Phelps & Co. Has been 19 ds. north of Hatteras, with a succession of N. W. and N. E. gales; lost and split sails. March 22, while lying to in a heavy gale from N. E., shipped a heavy sea, which stove cabin windows and flooded the cabin with water. 3d inst., Augustus Bala, seaman, fell from the foretopsail-yard to the deck and was instantly killed.

Brig Harvest Queen, (of Bermuda,) Roberts, Mayaguez, P. R. 19 ds., with sugar, &c., to Middleton & Co. Had very heavy weather the entire passage.

Brig Nellie Johnson, (of St. Andrew's, N. B.,) Knight, St. Ann's, Jam. 20 ds., with pimento, &c., to Henry De Cordova & Co. Has been 17 ds. north of Hatteras, with heavy N. W. gales; has been blown as far east as lon. 66; split sails, &c.

Brig Moses Rodgers, Jones, Apalachicola 19 ds., with cotton, &c., to B. Richards & Son.

Brig George Anna, (Br.,) Baxter, Catania, Spain, 69 ds., with sulphur, &c., to Fabbri & Chauncey. Had heavy weather; lost and split sails.

Brig M. C. Haskell, (of Rockland,) Haskell, Matanzas 8 ds., with molasses to order.

Brig Mattano, Jarvis, Cienfuegos 23 ds., via New-London, with sugar to Geo. S. Stephenson. Had heavy weather, and was blown off.

Brig Susie J. Strout, Strout, Jacksonville 6 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Brig Catharine, (of Montreal,) McDonald, Old Harbor, Jam., 16 ds., with logwood, &c., to C. H. Trumbull.

Brig Naiad, (of Bermuda,) Richardson, Cienfuegos 14 with sugar to Tucker & Lightbourn.

Brig Adela, Lawritson, of and from Porto Cabello 21 ds., with coffee, &c., to Boonen, Graves & Co. Had heavy northerly and westerly gales.

Brig Wild Horse, (of Maitland, N. S.,) McComber, San Juan, Nic., March 11, with hides, &c., to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig Trithiof, (Swed.,) Tigerhjelm, Rio Janeiro 50 ds., with coffee to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig Sarah E. Beatty, (of St. John, N. B.,) Gross, Santa Martha Feb. 14, via Carthagena March 21, with hides, &c., to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Brig Star of the Sea, (of St. John, N. B.,) Burke, Manzanilla 20 ds., with molasses, &c., to P. I. Nevius & Sons.

Schr. A. C. Lovewell, Squires, Lavacca 46 ds., with hides, wool, &c., to N. L. McCready & Co. Has had heavy N. N. E. gales the entire passage. March 25, during a heavy N. E. gale, with tremendous sea running, lost mainboom, split mainsail, lost boat and main-gaff, burst the jib and foresail, strained the vessel badly, causing her to leak; carried away, both rudder braces and fife-rail, split plank-sheer, and received other damage.

Schr. Astoria, (of Hancock, Me.,) Richardson, Gonaives 18 ds., with logwood and coffee to Brett, Son & Co. Had heavy N. W. gales. Left no vessels.

Schr. Clint a, Shackford, Miragoane March 22, with logwood to John Boynton's Son & Co. Schr. J. Morton left 3 ds. previously. Passed in Crooked Island Passage, brig Two Brothers, of St. John's, 20 ds. from Maracaibo for New-York.

Schr. David T. Keeling, Granger, Jacksonville 6 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. P. H. Falkenberg, from wreck of brig Angola, ashore at Squan.

Schr. Stephen Norris, Hewett, Galveston 18 ds., with hides, &c., to Baker & Collins.

Schr. Addie P. Avery, Ryan, Galveston 16 ds., with cotton, &c., to C. H. Mallory & Co.

Schr. E. Richardson, (of Boston,) Thompson, Neuvitas 10 ds., with sugar, &c., to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. A. T. Rowland, Tuthill, Alexandria, Va., 5 ds., with corn to W. Duree.

Schr. Statesman, Baker, Baltimore 4 ds., with coal to master.

Schr. Witch of the Wave, Smith, Virginia 5 ds., with oysters.

Schr. Guide, Lanfair, Roanoke, N. C., 5 ds., with shad to B. West & S. B. Miller.

Schr. Jane F. Durfee, Huntley, Baltimore 3 ds., with coal for Newburgh.

Schr. Ida A. Jayne, (of Brookhaven,) Newton, Baltimore 3 ds., with coal for Bridgeport.

Schr. Gen. Peavey, Armstrong, Lubec, for Baltimore, with lumber.

Schr. Julia Baker, Baker, Portland, Me., for Baltimore, with potatoes.

Schr. Joseph Porter, Burrows, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Lucia B. Ives, Bowditch, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. A. H. Brown, Bearse, Dighton, for Elizabethport.

Schr. R. J. Hersty, Meredith, Stamford, for Delaware City. Had jib blown away.

Schr. Gladiator, (Br.,) Westhaver, Halifax, N. S., 6 ds., with fish to Woodruff & Robinson.

Schr. Carrie Hoyer, Poland, Savannah 5 ds., with lumber to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. Gentile, Henderson, Edgartown, with lime to J. V. Haviland.

Schrs. Only Son, Collins, and Hope, Tilton, from wreck of schr. Angola, at Squan.

Schr. Miranda, Harding, New-Haven.
Schr. J. W. Hine, Lane, New-Haven.
Schr. Sarah, Saddler, Rockland, with lime.
Schr. Minot Light, Dill, Boston, for Virginia.
Schr. Urbana, Hoff, Providence.
Schr. J. P. Wallace, Allen, New-Bedford.
Schr. Kate, Stevens, Providence.
Schr. A. G. Hamard, Gaines, Hartford.
Schr. B. D. Pitts, Vail, New-Haven.
Schr. Amelia, Beebee, Greenport, for Philadelphia.
Schr. A. Peters, Higgins, New-London.
Schr. W. P. Williams, Nichols, Fall River.
Schr. Alida, Eaton, Newport.
Schr. T. Lake, Adams, Boston.
Schr. J. Parker, Sr., Kelly, New-Haven.
Schr. A. C. Lyon, Lyon, Baltimore.
Schr. Oceanus, Satterly, Baltimore.
Schr. Thos. Barnard, Lette, Virginia.
Schr. Dutton, Houseman, Virginia.
Schr. b. J. Hoyt, Crammer, Virginia.
Schr. S. E. Jayne, Russell, Virginia.
Schr. Nellie Patten, Sommers, Virginia.
Schr. S. B. Wing, Endicott, Virginia.
Schr. W. Mayrick, Catlin, Virginia.
Schr. Enolus, Birdsall, Baltimore.
Schr. H. J. Rayner, Ellsworth, Baltimore.
Schr. Dennie Hastings, Stillwell, Virginia.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 8—Arr. steamers Nereus, from New-York; Roman, Philadelphia; brigs S. A. Temple, from Glasgow; Unicorn, Surinam; Sarah L. Hall, Matanzas; schr. Melonia, Barbados.

Also arr. brigs F. M. Tucker, from Cienfuegos; Aurora, Galveston; schrs. Brisco, Cardenas; Capella, Matanzas.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8—Arr. to-day, Br. bark Realm, Sagua; Br. brig Dimmer, Cardenas; brigs E. P. Swett, Cardenas; Ina, Manzanilla; S. P. Brown, Sagua; Nellie Clifford, Matanzas, all with sugar and molasses.

PORTLAND, Me., April 8—The steamship St. Patrick sailed for Glasgow at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

WILMINGTON, April 8—Arr. steamship James A. Gary, from Baltimore.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Matanzas, Capt. C. Ryder, from New-Orleans, arrived yesterday, made the passage from bar to bar in 6 days 17 hours.

The bark H. A. Walter, from Taganrog, which arrived on the 7th inst., is consigned to Holmboe & Co.; cargo to Mynssenger & Pistpio.

Capsized.—Yesterday afternoon, about 3 o'clock the schr. Genius, bound for Elizabethport, while sailing down the bay, and when near Robbin's Reef, was capsized by a sudden squall. Her crew were rescued by Jas. Quigley, Hugh Burns, Thos. Brosman and John O'Melia, Battery and Whitehall boatman, who were near at the time.

Fortress Monroe, April 8.—The U. S. steamtug Decatur, Capt. Ainsworth, has arrived here from Baltimore. She will be employed in towing around Hampton Roads, under the direction of Lieut.-Col. T. Whytal, Assistant Quartermaster.

The Chesapeake Hospital is now in course of complete renovation and improvement, in view of an anticipated change of headquarters from Richmond to this point.

The U. S. steamer Monongahela has arrived here from the Norfolk Navy-yard, and will sail for the West Indies immediately upon the arrival of the gunboat De Soto, Commodore Boggs.

The gunboat Florida, Commander Henry Rolands, has arrived at Gosport Navy-yard with dispatches from Cape Haytien for the Navy Department.

Notice to Mariners.

JAVA ISLAND.

FIXED LIGHT AT ENTRANCE OF RIVER PEKALONGAN.

Official information has been received at this office that since the [illegible] day of September, 1866, a light has been exhibited from a lighthouse erected at the entrance of the River Pekalongan, on the north coast of Java. The light is a fixed white light, elevated [illegible] feet above the level of the sea, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of [illegible] miles. The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses. The light is placed at the west entrance of the river, and its approximate position is in lat. 6 54½ S., and lon. 109 43 E. of Greenwich. It is intended to indicate the position of the roadstead off the river. By order.

W. B. SHUBRICK, Chairman.

Treasury Department, Office Lighthouse Board, Washington, D. C., April 2, 1867.

Spoken, etc.

Adaline C. Adams—brig, stg. S. E., March 28, lat. 35, lon. 75.

Manlius—brig, hence for Vera Cruz, 20 ds. out, March 28, no lat., &c.

Foreign Ports.

At Mayaguez, P. R., March 19, brig Louisa, of Wilmington, N. C., ldg. for New-Orleans, to sail in a few ds.

At Neuvitas, March 28, schr. Hamburg, for New-York in 6 ds.; brig Udola, for do. in 4 ds.

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT BEVERAGE OF HEALTH

Is a beverage particularly adapted to persons of weak and debilitated constitutions, and all those who are laboring under dyspepsia, loss of appetite, scofula, chlorosis, &c., general debility and derangement of the whole system.

Hoff's Malt Extract Beverage of Health takes the place of and is superior to ale, porter and spirituous liquors as a remedial agent, and in all cases where slightly stimulating beverages and tonics are needed.

Hoff's Malt Extract Beverage of Health is, since the short time of its introduction, already used by the first families of the City, and prescribed by the most eminent physicians, whose approval and encomiums have been bestowed upon this wonderful drink. Approval evinced to Hoff's Malt Extract Beverage of Health by letters addressed to

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT DEPOT,
No. 542 Broadway. No. 82.

From His Excellency Gov. R. E. Fenton.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, ALBANY.

Your Malt Extract is a pleasant beverage.

R. E. FENTON.

From the celebrated tragedian, Mr. Dawison.

BELVIDERE HOUSE, NEW-YORK.

I am hoarse, and am now made happy by your delicious Malt Extract, which has done me so much good in the Old World.

BOGUMIL DAWISON.

From the Proprietor of the great Sugar Refinery, Mr. W. Moller.

I have found great benefit from your Malt Extract in my case—dyspepsia.

WILLIAM MOLLER.

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT DEPOT,
NO. 542 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

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CORNELIUS & BAKER, Philadelphia.

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GENTS' ALL WOOL SUITS, $25.
BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS, $9.
BROKAW BROTHERS,
NO. 34 FOURTH-AVENUE,
NO. 62 LAFAYETTE-PLACE.

THE
MUTUAL
BENEFIT
Life Insurance Company,
NEWARK, N. J.

[ORGANIZED IN 1845.] [CHARTER PERPETUAL.]

Having paid losses on deceased members amounting to $5,125,[illegible] and declared in dividends to the living the sum of $6,602,838, with assets well secured amounting to over $12,000,000, has just declared its TWENTIETH annual dividend, being 50 per cent.

It continues to issue all classes of Life Policies, at the lowest rates consistent with perfect security to the members. Its distinguishing features are economy in expenditure and care in its management.

It pays no stockholders for the use of capital, no bonuses or commissions to officers, and no immoderate compensation to agents.

All its Directors attend its meetings, and serve on its committees. Its risks are carefully selected, so as to secure sound lives. It is careful in adjusting losses, and prompt in payment.

Its funds are invested with regard to security, never hazarding principal for interest; hence it has never lost a dollar on its investments. After paying losses and expenses, and reserving the value of all outstanding policies, it has always made an annual dividend of return premiums to the members, and paid them when due.

It is a "MUTUAL BENEFIT" Company, having but one class of members, all life policies, both new and old, sharing equally in the annual division of surplus, receiving a dividend on every premium paid.

It endeavors, in brief, to act in all respects as a faithful trustee for the members. Having for over twenty years pursued this course, it proposes to continue it in the future, and offers its advantages to all who desire to insure in a Company so conducted.

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BENJ. C. MILLER, Vice-President.
EDWARD A. STRONG, Secretary.
ALEX H. JOHNSON, Cashier.
AMZI DODD, Mathematician.

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ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF MARCH 23, 1867.

No.	Dol.	No.	Dol.	No.	Dol.	No.	Dol.	No.	Dol.
3	200	8[illegible]3	400	14197	200	20412	500	[illegible]	[illegible]
67	200	7100	200	14337	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
104	200	7217	1000	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
105	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
193	200	7473	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
202	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
225	500	7522	400	14778	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
331	200	7540	1000	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
373	400	7567	200	14856	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6[illegible]7	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
674	200	7762	400	14884	200	20870	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
689	200	7805	5.0	14897	400	21048	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
787	400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
895	400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
954	400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1005	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1038	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1080	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1087	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1236	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1332	400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1460	5.0	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1611	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1674	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1764	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1785	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1865	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1878	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1929	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2025	400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2110	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2229	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2283	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2419	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2428	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2498	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2725	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2785	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2815	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2895	20000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3144	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3177	400	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3180	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3324	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3421	10000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3510	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3629	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3797	200	11142	5000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3999	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4059	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4162	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4165	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5881	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5895	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5900	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6005	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6704	200	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6722	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

31901	1000	11144	500	[illegible]	400	[illegible]	200	21200	200
31902	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31903	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31904	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31906	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31907	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31908	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31909	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
31910	1000	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
11141	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
11143	500	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Prizes paid in gold. Information furnished. The highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—Extra Class No. 265, April 8, 1867.
38, 63, 46, 36, 72, 64, 68, 67, 32, 10, 26, 73, 41.
KENTUCKY—Class No. 266, April 8, 1867.
62, 3, 53, 49, 7, 57, 19, 18, 69, 56, 32, 61.
SHELBY COLLEGE—Extra Class No. 129, April 8, 1867.
53, 74, 26, 19, 22, 32, 40, 62, 59, 4, 39, 46, 20.
SHELBY COLLEGE—Class No. 130, April 8, 1867.
25, 16, 75, 26, 11, 41, 42, 54, 30, 47, 60, 27.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway, New-York.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS

Of the Georgia State Lotteries.—For the benefit of the "Masonic Orphan Home."
GEORGIA STATE—Extra Class No. 72, April 8, 1867.
14, 38, 74, 71, 67, 52, 33, 18, 44, 78, 2, 48.
GEORGIA STATE—Class No. 73, April 8, 1867.
16, 32, 59, 53, 58, 69, 35, 36, 73, 35, 20, 26.
GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY—Extra Class No. 82, April 8, 1867.
57, 28, 9, 3, 5, 17, 31, 75, 16, 70, 24, 14.
GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY—Class No. 83, April 8, 1867.
56, 57, 78, 36, 31, 11, 37, 61, 22, 13, 67, 39, 74.
W. W. BOYD & CO., Managers, Atlanta, Ga.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURnished in all legal lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 176 Broadway, and No. 189 Fulton-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT GIRL, A SITUation as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing. To be seen at No. 165 East 11th-st., in the bakery, for two days.